

ĐỀ KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KÌ 1 LỚP 12

MÔN TIẾNG ANH NĂM 2019 - 2020

<u>ĐÈ 1</u>

Mark th	e letter A, B, C	, or D on your answei	r sheet to indicate the	correct answer to each of
the follo	wing questions	S		
Câu 1:	A large amou	nt of Indian men agree	e that it's unwise	in their wives.
A. to	interest	B. to confide	C. confiding	D. interesting
Câu 2:	My father is	very busy with his w	ork at the office. He	usually comes home very
	at night.			
A. pas	st	B. on time	C. late	D. early
Câu 3:	Romeo and	Juliet decided to	although the	ir parents had hated each
other.				
A. fal	l into the river	B. climbed up the tr	ree C. fall in love	D. take a bath
Câu 4:	Americans	believe in	_ marriage whereas t	he Asians have to suffer
	one.			
A. the	Chinese / Itali	an	B. romantic / contr	ractual
C. Ro	man / the Grea	t Wall	D. contractual / ro	mantic
Câu 5:	If Iy	ou, I wouldn't worry a	about going to universi	ity.
A. be		B. had been	C. am	D. were
Câu 6:	Mai is my clo	sest friend. We are alv	vays willing to	feelings to each other.
A. sha	ake	B. cut	C. share	D. tear
Câu 7:	My responsib	ility is to wash dishes	andthe garba	ge.
A. tak	te over	B. take out	C. take off	D. take care of
Câu 8:	Thanks to his	parents', l	ne tried his best to win	a place at a university.
A. app	prove	B. rejection	C. approval	D. disagreement
Câu 9:	I like doing _	such as cookin	g, washing and cleanir	ng the house.
A. ho	use-keeper	B. lord of house	C. white house	D. household chores



Cau 10:	We can use	and	forms of commun	ication to attract one's	
attention.					
A. verb	oal / non-verbal	B. verb / adverb	C. silence / noise	D. gentle / impolite	
Câu 11:	I would tell yo	ou more about it if we_	more time.		
A. have	e	B. had	C. will have	D. has	
Câu 12:	My mother we	orksa nurse in	a big hospital. She exa	mines the patients.	
A. as		B. for	C. at	D. to	
Câu 13:	There are mar	ny ways soi	meone's attention.		
A. to se	ell	B. to attract	C. to lend	D. to buy	
Câu 14:	A school year	in Vietnam usually	in September and	d in May.	
A. star	ts / last	B. departs / starts	C. ends / starts	D. begins / ends	
Câu 15:	She had to wo	ork onlast nigh	nt, so she is very tired th	nis morning.	
A. nigh	nt shift	B. the bed	C. the table	D. the roof	
Câu 16:	My father is	s very helpful. He is a	lwaysgive a l	and with cleaning the	
house.					
A. will	to	B. willing	C. will	D. willing to	
Câu 17:	State school	system in England is	for all studen	ts and by the	
state.					
A. fee-	paying / paid	B. free / pays	C. free / paid	D. fee-paid / pays	
Câu 18:	Once, an Asi	an couple's marriage _	by the parer	nts of the bride and the	
groom.					
A. was	appeared	B. arranged	C. appeared	D. was arranged	
Câu 19:	They asked m	ne_in Paris then.			
A. if m	y mother had w	vorked	B. if my mother was	working	
C. was my mother working		D. if my mother is working			
Câu 20:	When you se	e your brother	the plane, you may to call his		
name.					
A. get	off / jump up aı	nd down	B. get off / claps your	hands	
C. pass	s by / whistle ar	nd clap your hands	D. look at / throw a st	one to him	
Côn 21.	Vour opinion	is reasonable so it is			



A. acce	ptable	B. refused	C.	denied	D. su	ffered
Câu 22:	I take respons	ibility tomy li	ttle l	brothers because the	y are	sometimes very
naughty.						
A. get u	ıp	B. sit down	C.	shut up	D. lo	ok after
Choose th	e word or phra	se that is OPPOSITE	in m	eaning to the under	rlined	part
Câu 23:	It was appare	nt from her face that sh	ne wa	as really upset.		
A. inc	listinct	B. evident	C.	obvious	D. 1	transparent
Câu 24:	My cousin ten	ds to look on the brigh	ıt si	de in any circumstar	nce.	
A. be	optimistic		B.	be pessimistic		
C. be s	mart		D.	be confident		
Read the	passage caref	fully and then choose	the	best answers		
Parents	s often have dre	eams for their children'	s fu	ture. They hope thei	r chile	dren will have a
better life	than they had.	They dream that their	chil	dren will do things	that th	ney couldn't do.
Parents w	ho come to the	e U. S from foreign co	ount	ries hope their chil	dren v	will have better
education	here. They thin	nk their children will ha	ave 1	more <i>career</i> choices	s and	more successful
lives. Pare	ents make many	y sacrifices so that their	r chi	ldren will have mor	e opp	ortunities. They
think their	children will i	remain close to them be	ecau	se of this. Some chi	ildren	understand and
appreciate	these sacrifice	es and remain close to	the	ir parents. Howeve	r, oth	er children feel
ashamed t	hat their parent	s are so different from	othe	r Americans.		
Câu 25:	Parents often	dream of				
A. their	children's mal	king a lot of money in the	he fi	uture.		
B. one	day seeing their	r children become famo	ous p	people.		
C. one	day living on th	neir children's money.				
D. a fut	ure for their ch	ildren.				
Câu 26:	Parents who co	ome home from U. S fro	m fo	oreign countries hope	that_	·
A. their	children will h	nave a lot of careers.				
B. their	children becor	ne successful directors.				
C. their	children will h	nave more opportunities	s for	good education.		
D. their	children will r	nake a lot of sacrifices.				
Câu 27:	Parents think t	their children will rema	in cl	ose to them because	e	



A. they	give their child	dren a lot of money.		
B. of the	ne sacrifices			
C. they	know their chi	ldren will be successfo	ul in the future.	
D. they	are living in a	foreign country.		
Câu 28:	The word care	eer in line 4 is closest	in meaning to	·
A. edu	cation	B. travel	C. subject	D. profession
Câu 29:	The word <i>thei</i>	<i>r</i> in line 5 is closest in	meaning to	
A. pare	ents	B. friend	C. children	D. career
Câu 30:	What will hap	pen if parents make m	nany sacrifices ?	
A. Sho	uld parents mak	te many sacrifices, the	eir children will have	e more opportunities
B. If pa	arents make ma	ny sacrifices, children	will make more opp	portunities
C. Sho	uld parents mak	xes many sacrifices, th	eir children will hav	e more opportunity
D. Pare	ents make many	sacrifices, their child	ren will more oppor	tunities
Câu 31:	Parents dream	that their children		
A. will	do things that t	hey couldn't do	B. will have a bet	ter life than they had
C. will	do things that t	hey could do	D. will have a life	e better than they had
Circle the	e letter A, B, C	or D that needs correc	cting.	
Câu 32:	Mary <u>had</u> <u>dug</u>	g before you <u>plant</u> tree	s yesterday afternoo	on.
A. had		B. dug	C. plant	D. trees
Câu 33:	I had <u>have</u> wo	nderful love before yo	ou <u>appeared</u> in <u>my</u> li	fe.
A. have	e	B. wonderful	C. appeared	D. my
Câu 34:	Johnson Nanc	y Lee <u>asked</u> me if <u>wor</u>	uld I like to have dir	nner <u>with</u> her.
A. aske	ed	B. would I like	C. to have	D. with
Choose th	he word or phra	se that is CLOSEST	in meaning to the u	nderlined part
Câu 35:	The minister y	vas obliged to report a	at least once every s	ix months.
A. requ	iired	B. must	C. had to	D . was compulsory
Câu 36:	He sacrificed	a promising career to	look after his handi	capped daughter.
A. thre	w away	B. gave	C. gave up	D. let it go
Choose th	he word which i	has the underlined pa	ert pronounced diffe	erently from the rest.
Câu 37•	A. celebrated	R . displayed	C. attended	D , invited



Câu 38:	\mathbf{A} . shops	B. work \underline{s}	C. plays	D. shifts
Câu 39:	A. chores	B. hous <u>es</u>	C. coaches	D. dish <u>es</u>
Choose th	he word which is stre	ssed differently from	n the rest.	
Câu 40:	A. device	B. engine	C. costume	D. learning
Câu 41:	A. become	B. begin	C. happen	D. decree
Read the	follow passage to in	ndicate the correct v	words for each of the	e blanks
Nowa	days, teenagers have	42 moi	re money and expens	sive possessions than
their pare	ents ever did. Articles	s like radios and bic	ycles, which cost a f	ortune43
decades a	ago, are now mass-p	roduced and cheap.	And items that nobe	ody even dreamed of
possessin	g twenty years ago,	such as mobile pho	ones and computers,	are now in common
places. T	eenagers are definite	ely better off financ	eially44	, life is not easy for
them. Th	ere is much more to	worry about than th	ere was in the past. J	obs are not as secure
45_	they used to be	and teenagers can	no longer be confiden	nt that the world will
always be	e46 and free	of pollution.		
Câu 42:	A. many	B. most	C. much	D. lot
Câu 43:	A. little	B. a little	C. few	D. a few
Câu 44:	A. Despite	B. In spite	C. However	D. Even though
Câu 45:	A. like	B. as	C. but	D. when
Câu 46:	A. peaces	B. peacefully	C. peaceful	D. peace
Choose to	he most suitable resp	onse to fill in the bl	ank in the following	exchange.
Câu 47:	Jane: "You look gre	eat in that red skirt, I	Laura!"- Laura: "	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
A. I bo	ought it at NEM's			
B. Oh,	you don't like it, do	you		
C. No.	I don't			
D. Tha	nks, it's my mum's p	oresent on my birthda	ay.	
Câu 48	John: "D	Oon't forget to	send your parents	my regards."Tim:
	my pleasure	В	. You're welcome	
	nks. I will	Γ). Good ideas, thanks	

Choose the sentence A, B, C, or D that has the same meaning as the given one.



Câu 49:	"Where does yo	our father work?", the	teacher asked me.	
A. The	teacher asked me	e where your father w	vorked.	
B. The	teacher asked me	e where my father wo	orked.	
C. The	teacher asked me	e where did my fathe	r work.	
D. The	teacher asked m	e where did my fathe	r work.	
Câu 50:	"You should sta	ny in bed", I said to h	im.	
A. I sa	id him he should	stay in bed.		
B. I a	dvised him to stay	y in bed.		
C. I pr	ayed him to stay	in bed.		
D. I or	dered him you sh	ould stay in bed.		
<u>ĐỀ 2</u>				
Mark the	letter A, B, C, or	D to indicate the wo	ord whose underlined	d part differs from the
other thre	ee in pronunciati	on in each of the fol	lowing questions.	
1. A. <u>go</u> v	ernment	B. economy	C. office	D. concentrate
2. A. str <u>e</u> s	ssful	B. pressure	C. <u>e</u> ffort	D. <u>e</u> mployment
Choose t	he word which is	s stressed differently	from the rest.	
3. A. inte	rview	B. impression	C. company	D. national
4. A. univ	ersity	B. application	C. technology	D. entertainment
Mark the	letter A, B, C or	D to indicate the wo	rd(s) CLOSEST in n	neaning to the
underline	ed word(s) in each	h of the following qu	estions.	
5. School	uniform is comp	ulsory in most of Vie	etnamese schools.	
A. dep	pended	B. obligatory	C. divided	D. paid
6. Are th	ere any <u>alternativ</u>	<u>es</u> that might provide	e better options for ga	y people?
$\mathbf{A}_{f \cdot}$	choices	B. decisions	C. judgements	D. votes
Mark the	letter A. B, C, or	D to indicate the wo	ord(s) OPPOSITE in	meaning to the
underline	ed word(s) in each	h of the following qu	estions.	
7. When l	having days off, h	ne always helps his w	ife tidy up the house.	
A.	clear up	B. sort out	C.arrange	D. mess up
8. My hus	sband <u>willingly</u> h	elps me do the chores	s at weekends so that	I can have more time to
relax.				
A.	eagerly	B. reluctantly	C. agreeably	D. readily



Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

9. What <u>is</u> the name	e of the girl that her	mobile phone was sto	olen?			
A	ВС	D				
10. <u>Efforts</u> should <u>k</u>	oe make to offer all o	<u>children</u> equal <u>access</u>	to education.			
A	В С	D				
Choose the word o	or phrase among A,	B, C or D that best f	its the blank space in the			
following passage.						
	\mathbf{W}	orking Mothers				
Preparation	is a key (11)	a successful interview	ew. Does the idea of going to a			
job interview make	you feel a little ner	vous? Many people f	find that it is the hardest part of			
the employing proc	ess. But it is not real	lly true. The more you	a prepare and practice, the more			
comfortable you w	ill feel. You should	d find out as much	as possible about the company			
(12) y	ou go to the intervie	w. Understand the pro	oducts that they produce and the			
services that they p	rovide. It is also goo	od to know (13)	. the customers are and who the			
major competitors	are. Practice makes p	perfect. It will also ma	ake you feel more confident and			
relaxed. So, practic	e your answers to co	ommon questions. Ma	ke a list of questions to ask, too.			
Almost all (14)	will ask if you h	ave questions. This is	s a great opportunity for you to			
show your keenness	s, enthusiasm, and kr	nowledge.				
11. A. to	B. over	C. at	D. from			
12. A. after	B. before	C. if	D. when			
13. A. where	B. whose	C. which	D. who			
14. A. interview	B. interviewee	C. interviewers	D. interviewer			
Mark the letter A. 8	8, C. or D to indicate	e the correct response	to each of the following			
exchanges						
15. Lan: "Would you like to work in tourism?" Nam: ""						
A. The number of tourists to our country is increasing.						
B. Everyone wants to be employed.						
C. It's always beer	n my dream to work	x as a tour guide				
D. Being a tour gui	de, you can lead an i	nteresting life				
16. A: "Why don't	we make a cake for I	Mom on Mother's Da	y?" B: ""			



A. Sure, let's plan on it.

- B. Thanks, I'd love to.
- C. To make her happy.
- D. Great! I'd like some flowers.
- 17. The government should create more job opportunities for women in rural areas.
- A. Women in rural areas should create more jobs for the government.
- B. More job opportunities should be created for the government by the women in rural areas.

C. More job opportunities should be created for women in rural areas by the government.

- D. Rural areas should be created more job opportunities by women in the government.
- 18. Women have to do too much work. They will be exhausted.

A. If women have to do too much work, they will be exhausted.

- B. Unless women have to do too much work, they will be exhausted.
- C. As long as women don't I have to do too much work, they will be exhausted.
- D. In case women have to do too much work, they won't be exhausted.
- 19. Electronic dictionaries are now common in English classes. They can be very easily downloaded into your personal electronic device.
- A. Electronic dictionaries which can be very easily downloaded into your personal electronic device are now common in English classes.

B. Electronic dictionaries, which can be very easily downloaded into your personal electronic device, are now common in English classes.

- C. Electronic dictionaries, that can be very easily downloaded into your personal electronic device, are now common in English classes.
- D. Electronic dictionaries can be very easily downloaded into your personal electronic device are now common in English classes.
- 20. You can meet Mr. Pike, who is ____ behalf ____ the university to solve the problems of foreign students.

A, on / of

- B. in / for
- C. with / at
- D. for / at



C. which

21. She was the first in her family to enjoy the privilege of a university
A. schedule
B. education
C. science
D. technology
22. If the examiner can't sense of your writing, you'll get a low mark.
A. take
B. bring
C. make
D. understand
23. "Could you lend me some money?" – "I'd like you to give me one good reason I
should."
A. that
B. which
C. why
D. who
24. Lots of houses by the earthquake.
A. are destroying
B. destroyed
C. were destroying
D. were destroyed
25. If she the train last night, she here now.
A. took / were
B. were taking / is
C. had taken / would have been
D. had taken / would be
26. He came to the party wearing only a pair of shorts and a T-shirt, was a stupid
thing to do.
A. who
B. whom



D. that
27. In England, primary education is provided by state schools run by the government and by
fee-paying schools.
A. independent
B. independently
C. depended
D. independence
28. You are old enough. I think it is high time you applied a job
A. in
B. of
C. for
D. upon
29. If I were a little taller, I be able to water the plant on tl.1etop shelf.
A. did
B. would
C. had
D. would have
30. He has not been offered the job because he cannot meet the of the company.
A. requirements
B. applicants
C. information
D. education
Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer

WHAT IS YOUR LEARNING STYLE?

to each of the questions.

If you find yourself learn better by making notes during the lecture, or when the teacher uses a new word, you want to see **it w**ritten immediately, then you are very likely to be a more **visual** learner. You prefer to see the written words. You learn by reading and writing. Visual learners often think in pictures. If you find a particular task or text difficult, look for sources that will suit your learning style, e.g. sources with illustrations, charts, tables, or videos.



If you prefer recording the lecture and listening again to taking notes, or you memorize something by repeating it aloud instead of writing it out several times, you are probably a more **auditory** learner. You prefer to learn by listening and speaking. Auditory learners often learn best from lectures, discussions, by reading aloud, and by listening to audio material. However, it is probably that you, like most people, learn through a mixture of styles. Sometimes you may prefer to learn by reading, at other time by listening. Ask yourself which is the best style for the particular task you are doing.

31. Which of the following is probably NOT preferred by a visual learner?

A. reading aloud

- B. sources with illustrations
- C. sources with videos
- D. making notes
- 32. What does the word "it" in paragraph 1 refer to?
 - A. the lecture
 - B. the new word
 - C. the note
 - D. the written word
- 33. The word "visual" in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to ____.
 - A. picturesque
 - B. written
 - C. illustrative
 - D. seeable
- 34. Which of the following statement is TRUE?
- A. Auditory learners hate taking notes.
- B. Auditory learners prefer listening to speaking.
- C. Most people are auditory learners.

D. When learning something by heart, an auditory learner prefers reading it out loud.

LISTEN and match the jobs with the correct people

35. A footballer	A. Bill
36. The Prime Minister	B. David
37. a pop star	C. Tony



	D. C	harlie	
	E. M	Iadonna	
LISTEN and Fill i	in the missing information	n	
38. What is Bill's jo			
A. a baseball player	B. an IT business	s C. a landscape	designer D. a movie
Director			
39. What sport does	s Yao play?		
A. football	B. basketball	C. baseball D	. badminton
40. What subject do	pes Stephen teach?		
A. English	B. Economics	C. Physics D	. Science
<u>ĐỀ 3</u>			
Mark the letter A, I	B, C, or D to indicate the	word whose under	lined part differs from the
other three in pron	unciation in each of the f	ollowing questions	y .
1. A. swall <u>ow</u>	B. bel <u>ow</u>	C. sl <u>ow</u> ly	y D. all <u>ow</u>
2. A. endanger <u>ed</u>	B. destroyed	C. damag	ged D. provided
Choose the word v	vhich is stressed differen	tly from the rest.	
3. A. global	B. derive	C. provio	le D. depend
4. A. conservation	B. disappearance	C. contai	minate D. generation
Mark the letter A, I	B, C or D to indicate the w	vord(s) CLOSEST	in meaning to the
underlined word(s)	in each of the following	questions.	
5. It is found that <u>er</u>	ndangered species are often	n concentrated in a	reas that are poor and
densely populated,	such as much of Asia and	Africa.	
A. disappeared	B. increased	C. threate	ened D. reduced
6. Environmentalist	s try to persuade the gover	rnments to see the	need to preserve biological
diversity.			
A. variety	B. direction	C. simila	rity D. closeness
Mark the letter A. I	B, C, or D to indicate the	word(s) OPPOSIT	E in meaning to the
underlined word(s)	in each of the following	questions.	
7. Many people dec	ided to give up eating mea	at and become vege	etarians.
A. cut up	B. put up	C. contin	ue D. use up

8. A new school has just been set up for the kids in the area.



C. built A. started B. established D. demolished Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions. 9. Without (A) the particularly (B) habitat, the species could (C) not survive (D). 10. Species become extinct or endangerment (A) for a number of reasons (B), but the primary (C) cause is the destruction (D) of habitat Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage. From the perspective of an individual human lifetime, such changes may be hard to detect and their effects (11).... individual species may be hard to predict. But the lesson is clear enough. For example, although many countries have had plans to grow many tropical forests, they are highly susceptible to destruction because the soils in (12)..... they grow are poor in available nutrients. Centuries may be required to (13).....back a forest that was cut down or burnt out in the space of a few years. Many of the world's severely (14)..... animals and plants live in such forests, and it is certain that huge numbers of them will disappear if present rates of forest loss continue. 11. A. to B. over C. on D. from 12. A. where B. whose C. which D. who 13. A. bring B. come C. go D. turn 14. A. threat C. threaten B. threatened D. threatening Mark the letter A. 8, C. or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges 15. Lan: How can we protect endangered species? Nam: A. It is out of the question. B. Both the governments and individuals need to help them. C. Poachers don't care about endangered animals. D. All endangered animals are extinct. 16. Nam: May I borrow your books on soft skills? Lan: _____

C. What do soft skills mean?

A. Sure. When do you need them?

B. Soft skills are important these days.



D	Who	needs	books	Ωn	soft	ckille	9
D.	** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	HEERIS	DUUNS	CHI	SOLL	201111	> !

17. People use	pesticides	and fertilizers.	They	want to	increase cro	op product	ion.
4 D	1		1	. •	.1	. • • 1	1 C

- A. People want to increase crop production, so they use pesticides and fertilizers.
- B. Unless people want to increase crop production, they use pesticides and fertilizers.
- C. People want to increase crop production because they use pesticides and fertilizers.
- D. People want to increase crop production, for they use pesticides and fertilizers.
- 18. It wasn't obligatory to submit my assignment today.
 - A. My assignment must have been submitted today.
 - B. I needn't have submitted my assignment today
 - C. My assignment was required to submit by today.
 - D. I mustn't submit my assignment today.

A. might delay

- 19. Single-sex schools should be abolished by the government.
 - A. Single-sex schools should be controlled by the government.
 - B. Single-sex schools should be allowed to multiply by the government.
 - C. The government should promote single-sex schools.
 - D. The government should eradicate single-sex schools.
- 20. The government should create more job opportunities for women in rural areas.
 - A. Women in rural areas should create more jobs for the government.
- B. More job opportunities should be created for the government by the women in rural areas.
- C. More job opportunities should be created for women in rural areas by the government.

government.							
D. Rural areas should be created more job opportunities by women in the government.							
21. Many people are not interested reading books as much as seeing films.							
A. in	B. with	C. for	D. about				
22 books are or	nes in which the story is	s told or illustrated w	rith pictures.				
A. Comic	B. Thriller	C. Romantic	D. Science				
23. Sometimes it is _	to find suitabl	e books for our child	ren.				
A. difficult	B. difficulty	C. difficultly	D. difficulties				
24. The train	by bad weather. I an	n not sure.					

B. might be delaying



	C. might have delayed		D. might ha	ave been de	layed	
25.	We live in the same bui	ilding _	We	e have hard	ly seen eacl	h other
	A. and	B. ther	efore	C. but		D. so
26.	She be ill. I have ju	ıst seen	her playing	basket ball	in the scho	ool yard.
	A. needn't	B. show	uldn't	C. mustn	't	D. can't
27.	Peter has been working	for 10	hours. He _	be	very tired n	ow.
	A. needn't	B. mus	st	C. has to		D. should
28.	The room on	ice a da	y.			
	A. should clean		B. should b	e cleaning		
	C. should be cleaned		D. should h	ave cleaned	l	
29.	Fruits in a fro	eezer.				
	A. should not put		B. should n	ot be put		
	C. must put		D. must be	putting		
30.	The fire by li	ightning	g.			
	A. must cause		B. must be	causing		
	C. must have caused		D. must hav	ve been cau	sed	

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

It is often said that books are always a good friends and reading is an active mental process. Unlike TV, books make you use your brain. By reading, you think more and become smarter. Reading improves concentration and focus. Reading books takes brain power. It requires you to focus on what you are reading for long periods. Unlike magazines, Internet posts or e-Mails that might contain small pieces of information. Books tell the whole story". Since you must concentrate in order to read, you will get better at concentration. Many studies show if you do not use your memory; you lose it. Reading helps you stretch your memory muscles. Reading requires remembering details, facts and figures and in literature, plot lines, themes and characters.

Reading is a good way to improve your vocabulary. Do you remember that when you were at elementary school you learned how to infer the meaning of one word by reading the context of the other words in the sentence? While reading books, especially challenging ones, you will find yourself exposed to many new words.



Reading is a fundamental skill builder. Every good course has a matching book to go with it. Why? Because books help clarify difficult subjects. Books provide information that goes deeper than just classroom discussions By reading more books you become better informed and more of an expert on the topics you read about. This expertise translates into higher self-esteem. Since you are so well-read, people look to you for answers. Your feelings about yourself can only get better.

Books give you knowledge of other cultures and places. The more information you have got, the richer your knowledge is. Books can expand your horizons by letting you see what other cities and countries have to offer before you visit them.

31.	Books have great influ	ence on		
1	A. TV	B. friendship	C. brain	D. muscles
32.	When you are reading	a book,		
1	A. you have to read sm	all pieces of informa	tion	
]	B. you use your brain i	n concentration and	focus	
(C. you have to read dur	ring a very long time		
]	D. you lose your memo	ory		
33.	A challenging book	·		
1	A. helps you to improve	e your vocabulary		
]	B. is only for primary p	oupils		
(C. can translate all new	words		
]	D. contains a lot of diff	ïcult vocabulary		
34.	Books			
1	A. are compulsory in ev	very course		
]	B. are not needed in mo	ost of course		
(C. contain less informa	tion than class discu	ssions	
]	D. make a sick patient t	feel better		
LIS	TEN and circle the co	rrect answer		
35.	Simon Anderson wants	s to register to use	•••	
	A. the gym	B. the library	C. the club	D. the playground
36.	His ID number is			
	A. AND 105763	B. AND 105736	C. AND 105769	D. AND 105767



37. He is studying			
A. history	B. literature	C. biology	D. geography
LISTEN and decide wi	hich of the following	statements is true (T)	or false (F)
38. Simon is living in u	niversity halls of resid	lence	
39. He lives in Flat 3, 2	4 Lavender Gardens,	London.	
40. He ever had a tour	of the library facilities		
<u>ĐÈ 4</u>			
Mark the letter A, B, C	, or D to indicate the	word whose underlin	ed part differs from the
other three in pronunc	iation		
1. A. swimming	B. throwing	C. water	D. switch
2. A. interfered	B. allow <u>ed</u>	C. visited	D. play <u>ed</u>
Choose the word which	ch is stressed differen	tly from the rest.	
3. A. internation	B. federation	C. communicate	D. dedication
4. A. perform	B. invent	C. attempt	D. nature
Mark the letter A, B, C	or D to indicate the v	word(s) CLOSEST in	meaning to the
underlined word(s)			
5. The number of Vietr	namese sport officials	and referees of interna	ational standard <u>taking part</u>
in regional tournaments	s has increased rapidly	7.	
A. hosting	B. participating	C. achieving	D. succeeding
6. The 1923 earthquake	in Japan killed about	200,000 people and l	eft countless <u>wounded</u> and
homeless.			
A. poor	B. imprisoned	C. suffered	D. injured
Mark the letter A. B, C	, or D to indicate the	word(s) OPPOSITE	in meaning to the
underlined word(s)			
7. Sports and festivals f	form an <u>integral</u> part o	f every human society	y.
A. insignificant	B. informative	C. invented	D. exciting
8. They had to delay the	eir trip because of the	bad weather.	
A. get through	B. continue	C. keep up with	D. go over
Mark the letter A, B, C	, or D to indicate the	underlined part that	needs correction in each
of the following question	ons.		
9. There is (A) very litt	le documentations(B)	about the(C) origins	of water polo(D)



10. The (A) Red Cross Society of China is a very(B) strong organization with extensively(C) experience responding to (D) disasters.

Chaose the word or phrase among A. R. C. or D that best fits the blank space in the

Choose the word o	n pin asc among A	, b, c or b mar best	his the blank space in the	
following passage.				
After the London O	lympics in 2012, Pl	helps announced he w	vas retiring from his sport.	
(11), at the 20	16 Olympic Games	, he came out of retire	ement and returned to	
professional compe	tition. This was also	o the event (12)	he won one silver and five gold	
medals, becoming t	he oldest individual	gold medalist (13)	Olympic swimming history,	
as well as the first s	wimmer (14)f	our consecutive golds	in the same event, the 200-meter	er
individual medley.				
11. A. However	B. but	C. so	D. therefore	
12. A. who	B. which	C. whom	D. whose	
12. A. at	B. on	C. in	D. with	
14. A. winning	B. won	C. be won	D. to win	
Mark the letter A. &	8, C. or D to indicat	te the correct respons	se to each of the following	
exchanges				
15. "Hi, Chris. Goo	d day at work?""_	····		
A. Yeah, not	bad, thanks.			
B. I'm fine, t	hanks.			
C. No, thank	S.			
D. I'm terribl	ly sorry.			
16. "Could you pick	k me up before 4 p.1	m?"" I'll be stil	l working then."	
A. I hope so.				
B. Yes, I cou	ıld.			
C. I'm afraid	I can't.			
D. Yes, of co	ourse.			
17. I find it very cha	allenging. It require	es a lot of concentration	on and determination.	
A. I find it vo	ery challenging, so	it requires a lot of cor	ncentration and determination.	

B. I find it very challenging, yet it requires a lot of concentration and determination.

C. I find it very challenging, for it requires a lot of concentration and determination



B. of

A. on

C. for

D. among

D. I find it very challenging, though it requires a lot of concentration and determination. 18. The more polluted the environment, the less safe it becomes for the animals. A. If the environment is more polluted, it becomes better for the animals. B. Animals find the more polluted environment safer. C. Animals become less safe with a more polluted environment. D. Animals become safer with a more polluted environment. 19. It was the first time she had ever seen such a moving documentary, A. She had never seen a moving documentary before. B. She had seen such a moving documentary for a long time. C. She had never seen a more moving documentary than this before. D. The first time she saw such a moving documentary was a long time ago 20. People are not allowed to approach animals in safari parks. A. People are prohibited from approaching animals in safari parks. B. People are advised not to approach animals in safari parks. C. Safari parks don't prohibit people from approaching animals. D. Safari parks allow people to approach animals. 21. We paid for the meal. We wanted to say sorry for what we had done. A. In order to pay for the meal, we wanted to say sorry for what we had done. B. We paid for the meal in order to say sorry for what we had done. C. We paid for the meal although we wanted to say sorry for what we had done. D. The meal we paid for is what we want to say sorry for what we had done. 22. The main uses of books are to provide entertainment and _____. A. inform B. information C. informative D. informer 23. In beach volleyball, Indonesia defeated Thailand in straight sets to take men's gold C. medal B. award D. reward A. present 24. The organization was in 1950 in the USA. A. come around B. set up C. made out D. put on 25. The delegation to the SEA Games was composed _____ top competitors of the country.



to each of the questions.

26. where can peo	opie piay	_ water poio?		
A. a	B. an	C. the	D. Ø	
27 he dran	k, he be	came.		
A. More / r	nore violent		B. The most / the mos	t violent
C. The mor	re / the more	violent	D. The less / less viole	ent
28. The Sears Tov	ver is bui	lding in Chica	go.	
A. taller	B. t	he more tall	C. the tallest	D. taller and taller
29. My job gets _	every yea	r.		
A. harder a	nd harder			
B. harder a	nd more hard	er		
C. more ha	rder and hard	er		
D. more an	d more harde	r		
30. The water sup	ply of the bui	lding was	off because the pipes bur	rst.
A. handed	B. 1	eld	C. cut	D. paid
Read the followin	g passage an	d mark the let	tter A, B, C, or D to indic	ate the correct answer

It has long been seen as a less romantic way of meeting Mr Right. But finding love over the Internet is a good way of meeting a marriage partner, research has showed. It found that one in five of those who have used dating sites to find their perfect partner have gone on to marry someone they met over the web. The study, by consumer group Which?, also revealed that more than half of the 1,504 people questioned had been on a date with someone they met in **cyberspace**. Sixty-two per cent agreed that it was easier to meet someone on a dating site than in other ways, such as in a pub or club, or through friends. At the same time, the under-35s were more likely to know someone who had been on a date or had a long-term relationship with someone they met through online dating. The survey also found that Match.com and Dating Direct were the most popular dating websites.

Jess Ross, editor of which.co.uk, said: "Online dating is revolutionising the way people meet each other. Switching the computer on could be the first step to success." According to industry surveys, more than 22 million people visited dating websites in 2007, and more than two million Britons are signed up to singles sites. Previous research has shown that couples who get to know each other via emails are more likely to see each other again after their first



date. Two years ago, a study by Bath University revealed that those who met on dating websites were 94 per cent more likely to see each other after their first meeting than other couples. The researchers studied relationships formed on online dating website Match.com over a six-month period. They found that consummate love - described as a balance of passion, intimacy and commitment - was evident at around 12 months into a relationship. Of the 147 couples who took part in the study, 61 per cent said their relationships had high levels of these components. The researchers also found that men were more likely to find true love on the Internet than women. Some 67 per cent of men but just 57 per cent of women said they had experienced consummate love with an online partner.

Companionate love - a relationship with high levels of intimacy and commitment, but lower levels of passion - was the next most frequently experienced form of love, exhibited by 16 per cent of the study group. Dr Jeff Gavin, who led the team, said: "To date, there has been no **systematic** study of love in the context-of relationships formed via online dating sites. But with the popularity of online dating, it is **imperative** we understand the factors that influence satisfaction in relationships formed in this way." Charlotte Harper, of Match.com, said: "We were thrilled to find so many of our former members have found love. It supports our belief that the Internet does in fact encourage old-fashioned courtship."

31. According to the p	assage, online dating is	seen as				
A. a modern ro	mantic way of dating	B. an eco	onomical way of dating			
C. the fastest way to find a soul mate		D. a great change in the way people meet				
32. The words " systen	32. The words " systematic " in paragraph 5 is closest in meaning to					
A. efficient	B. fixed	C. flexible	D. insecure			
33. Which of the follow	33. Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage?					
A. Consummate love has higher levels of passion than companionate love.						
B. Less than 20 million people visited dating websites in 2007.						

C. Many members of match.com have found love. D. Men are more likely to find their

- 34. Which of the following would serve as the best title for the passage?
 - A. Internet does in fact encourage old-fashioned courtship.
- B. Online dating a good way of meeting people.

ideal partner online than women.

C. Online dating is showed to help you find your perfect partner.



D. The revolution of online dating is alarming.

LISTEN and Fill in each blank with no more than 2 words

Customer: So, what are the differences between these four hotels?

LISTEN and Decide which of the following statements is true (T) or false (F)

- 38. The customer is a sporty person
- 39. The Hotel Carminia is a brand new hotel without a cinema and multimedia centre.
- 40. The customer and his wife are going on holiday

<u>ĐÈ 5</u>

Choose the word with the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest.

1.	A. t <u>wo</u>	B. sch <u>oo</u> l	C. d <u>oo</u> r	D. p <u>oo</u> l
2.	A. h <u>ea</u> r	B. b <u>ea</u> r	C. w <u>ea</u> r	D. th <u>ere</u>
3.	A. r <u>ig</u> ht	B. rec <u>i</u> pe	C. wr <u>i</u> te	D. r <u>i</u> pe
4.	A. co <u>mb</u>	B. cli <u>mb</u>	C. to <u>mb</u>	D. bo <u>mb</u> ard
5.	A. b <u>ee</u> n	B. b <u>ea</u> n	C. create	D. m <u>ea</u> n

Đáp án: 1. C; 2. A; 3. B; 4. D; 5. C

Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

1. Many	young	people in	rural	areas	migrate	to big	cities	as	they	understand	that	there	are
better		job prosp	ects f	or ther	m in the	city.							

A. long-term

B. fast-growing



C. long-lasting
D. well-paid
2. I thoroughly approved the company's decisions.
A. from
B. of
C. on
D. in
3. Recently, companies thinking about moving into space tourism.
A. started
B. have been starting
C. have started
D. have been started
4. It is becoming for people to get rid of stress nowadays.
A. most difficult
B. the more difficult
C. more difficult
D. most and most difficult
5. Mr. Harry three novels and is working on the forth.
A. has been writing



D. Really? I'm not that keen on watching films.

B. has written			
C. writes			
D. is writing			
Đáp án: 1. A; 2. B; 3	3. C; 4. C; 5. B		
		he letter A, B, C or D best fits each of the nu	on your answer sheet to
In order to prove th	hat they don't (19)	the housing prob	lems, governments should
encourage property of	owners to rent out the j	properties to those with	out house. In return, can be
(20) given	to owners in forms of	tax relief or subsidies.	(21) this is not
a complete answer to	o the problem, it ought	to be considered.	
1. A. avoid	B. prevent	C. escape	D. hide
2. A. incitement	B. incentives	C. impulse	D. increase
3. A. However	B. Although	C. For example	D. Even if
Đáp án: 1. A; 2. B; 3	3. B		
Circle the correct o	ption (A, B, C or D) t	o complete each of the	following dialogues.
1. Do you fancy goir	ng to the cinema?	_	
A. I love playing spo	orts.		
B. Me too!			
C. Yeah! Sounds goo	od!		



2. Are there any flats to rent in the city center?

A. Well, I've got it.

B. Yes, but they are expensive.

C. Nice. There are some shops nearby.

D. That's fine. I will take it.

Đáp án: 1. C; 2. B

Read a text about some young people who write for a TV show and decide if the following statements are true, false or not given by ticking the correct boxes (\checkmark) .

Teen writers on TV hit Catch

Dan Finelli is a normal teenager from North London; he goes to school, enjoys hanging out with his mates and only occasionally misses his classes. But Dan also happens to be a writer for the popular teen drama, *Catch*. The second series starts this week and the one-hour episode that Dan wrote, his very first for the show, will be on screen later in the year. This will make him one of the youngest writers of a peak-time drama ever.

'What's great about *Catch* is that the characters are exactly like the people around you,' says Dan, who also plays the part of Computer Chris in the show. 'When I'm at school and one of my friend says something funny, I write it down in my notebook and use it later in the script. I never tell them I'm doing it. I just want it to sound as real as possible,' Dan adds.

Catch is about the lives of a group of 16-18-year-olds in a sixth-form college. The school doesn't really exist, but the whole show does feel very true to life. There's an episode every week and each one concentrates on an individual member of the group and tells his or her story.



The idea for the programme came from an unusual source, a father-and-son pair of writers, Ken Thomas and his son, Callum. They took their idea to a TV company and were very surprised when the company said they were keen to make it. Now, Ken and Callum are central members of the writing team but in order to build that team, Ken had to go to theatre companies and writing groups all over London to find both writers and teens to advise on the stories.

		TRUE	FALSE	NOT GIVEN
1.	Dan's first series of the TV programme, <i>Catch</i> , brought him both fame and fortune.			
2.	Dan is also one of the actors in <i>Catch</i> .			
3.	Dan asks his friends if he can use the actual things they say in his writing.			
4.	Catch is about a group of teenagers at a real college.			
5.	Ken Thomas looked for young people to write <i>Catch</i> at various places around London.			

Đáp án: 1. NG; 2. T; 3. F; 4. F; 5. T

Read an article about Elizabeth Taylor and choose the best answer.

Elizabeth Rosemond Taylor was born on February 27, 1932, in London, England. One of film's most celebrated stars, Elizabeth Taylor has **fashioned** a career that's covered more than six decades, accepting roles that have not only showcased her beauty, but her ability to take on emotionally charged characters.

Taylor's American parents, both art dealers, were residing in London when she was born. Soon after the outbreak of World War II, the Taylors returned to the United States and settled into their new life in Los Angeles.



Performance was in Taylor's blood. Her mother had worked as an actress until she married. At the age of 3, the young Taylor started dancing, and eventually gave a recital for Princesses Elizabeth and Margaret. Not long after relocating to California a family friend suggested the Taylors' daughter take a screen test.

She soon signed a contract with Universal Studios, and made her screen debut at the age of 10 in There's One Born Every Minute (1942). She followed **that** up with a bigger role in Lassie Come Home (1943) and later The White Cliffs of Dover (1944).

Her breakout role, however, came in 1944 with National Velvet, in a role Elizabeth Taylor spent four months working to get. The film subsequently turned out to be a huge hit that pulled in more than \$4 million and made the 12-year-old actress a huge star.

1. Which of the following is NOT true about the Taylors?
A. Her mother used to be an actress before getting married.
B. They lived in London at Taylor's birth.
C. They were originally American.
D. Not until Taylor grew up, her family encouraged her to start with art.
2. The word 'fashioned' in the passage is closest in meaning to
A. adapted
B. ended
C. shaped
D. changed
3. Taylor

A. only accepted the roles to show her beauty



B. gave a performance to the royal when she was small
C. had some roles when she was at the age of 3
D. moved to Los Angeles when World War II broke out.
4. The word 'that' in the passage refers to
A. the age of ten
B. There's One Born Every Minute
C. Universal Studios
D. the contract
5. Her role in National Velvet
A. marked the first enormous success of Taylor
B. didn't help to make a huge amount of money
C. took her little time of working
D. was taken when she was old
Đáp án: 1. D; 2. C; 3. B; 4. B; 5. A
For each question, complete the new sentence so that it means the same as the given one. Use the CAPITAL word. Write the missing words in the given spaces.
An example has been done for you.

1. The house is so spacious that the children can run up and down. ENOUGH

0. The number of young people working on farms has decreased sharply. DECREASE

--> There has been a sharp decrease in the number of young people working on farms.



TRUE FALSE	
Listen to two people talking about important people in their lives and decide whether the statements are true or false. You can listen to the recording TWICE.	er
5. Nowadays, many young boys are addicted to computer games.	
4. Health problems can result from harmful chemicals released into the environment.	
3. There has been a rapid increase in the air pollution since the previous century.	
2. You should ask the teacher.	
1. The house is spacious enough for the children to run up and down.	
Đáp án:	
>	
5. Nowadays, many young boys are computer game addicts. ADDICTED	
4. Harmful chemicals released into the environment can cause health problems. RESULT >	
>	
3. The air pollution level has increased rapidly since the previous century. INCREASE	
>	
2. The best thing for you to do is to ask the teacher. SHOULD	
>	

1. The girl's next-door neighbour also worked with her mum.

2. The girl's next-door neighbour has a healthier life style now.



6. B; 7. A; 8. B;

3. The boy and his brother has better relationship now than in the past.	
4. He doesn't see his brother any longer because he's too busy.	
5. He supports the same football team as his brother.	

ach quest	ion. `	You
	ach quest	ach question.



ĐÈ 6

I. Fill in each numbered blank with one suitable word or phrase from the box: (2ms)

finge exchange greet misunderstood mak fir verba hu arm bod unfriendliness friend r e m 1 g y s

Sometimes people add to what they say even when they don't talk. Gestures are the "silent language" of every culture. We point a --(1)-- or move another part of the --(2)-- to show what we want to say. It is important to know the body language of every country or we may be --(3)--. In the United States, people --(4)-- each other with a handshake in a formal introduction. The handshake must be --(5)--. If the handshake is weak, it is the sign of weakness or --(6)--. Friends may place a hand on the other's --(7)-- or shoulder. Some people, usually women, greet a friend with a --(8)--.

II. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently (1m)

1. A. originat <u>ed</u>	B. need <u>ed</u>	C. encouraged	D. eliminat <u>ed</u>
2. A. kill <u>ed</u>	B. enjoy <u>ed</u>	C. describ <u>ed</u>	D. digest <u>ed</u>
3. A. mile <u>s</u>	B. attends	C. drifts	D. glows
4. A. book <u>s</u>	B. dogs	C. cats	D. map <u>s</u>

III. These are incomplete sentences. Circle A, B, C or D as the best choice to complete each sentence. (3ms)

5.	Our	parents	join	hand	to	give	us a	nice	house	and	a	happy	home.
						0						111	

A. deal with

B. manage

C. help together



D. work together
6. An Indian woman has tomore in a marriage than a man.
A. determine
B. sacrifice
C. effort
D. do
7. Tom: "How do you do?" - Jerry: ""
A. Yes, OK.
B. Not too bad
C. How do you do?
D. I'm well
8. David: "Happy Christmas!" - Jason: ""
A. The same to you
B. Happy Christmas with you!
C. You are the same
D. Same for you!
9. Before cars, peoplehorses and bicycles.
A. were discovered/ had used

B. discovering/ had used



C. had discovered/ used
D. discovered/ had used
10 the firemen arrived to help, we had already put out the fire
A. Until
B. No sooner
C. By the time
D. After
11. I have earn my own livingI was seven.
A. Since
B. When
C. While
D. As soon as
12, Peter came to see me.
A. While having dinner
B. While I was having dinner
C. When having dinner
D. When I am having dinner
13. Can I borrow your bike on Monday? – I'm sorry, butit.
A. I'll be using it



B. used
C. use
D. have used
14. By the end of this year, my father in this company for 10 years.
A. has been working
B. has worked
C. will work
D. will have been working
15. "Don't forget to go to the supermarket after work", he said.
A. He requested me not forget to go to the supermarket after work.
B. He asked me not to forget to go to the supermarket after work.
C. He reminded me to go to the supermarket after work.
D. He told me that I shouldn't forget to go to the supermarket after work.
16. "How much did you drink at the party last night?"
A. They asked him how much did he drink at the party last night.
B. They asked him how much I drank at the party the night before.
C. They asked him how much I had drunk at the party the night before.
D. They asked him how much he had drunk at the party the night before.



Each sentence has four underlined words or phrases marked A, B, C and D. Circle one underlined word or phrases that must be changed in order for sentence to be correct (1m)

17. It's (A)the first time (B) I saw (C) this film (D).
18. My brother hasn't (A) played (B) football for (C) last year (D).
19. She usually <u>has (A) a glass of (B)</u> milk after breakfast, <u>but (C)</u> now she <u>drinks (D)</u> a cup of coffee.
20. He said (A) that he will be (B) there (C) again the day after (D).
HS A&B:
V. Rewrite these sentences without changing the meaning: (1m)
1. I haven't been to the cinema for two years.
The last time
2. "You stole the money, Joe, didn't you?" said the inspector.
The inspector accused
VI. Making a sentence from the words provided: (1m)
1. If you/ invited to someone's house in America/ dinner, you should bring/ gift, such as a bunch/ flowers.
2. It/ difficult/ arrange a date/ was convenient/ everyone.



HS A1&D:

|--|

1. I haven't been to the cinema for two years.
The last time
2. "You stole the money, Joe, didn't you?" said the inspector.
The inspector accused
3. When you phoned me, it was my lunch time.
When you phoned me, I
4. "Sue, can you remember to buy some bread?" said Paul.
Paul reminded
VI. Making a sentence from the words provided: (1m)
1. If you/ invited to someone's house in America/ dinner, you should bring/ gift, such as a bunch/ flowers.
2. It/ difficult/ arrange a date/ was convenient/ everyone.
3. Body language/ form/ non – verbal/

4. It is all right/ point/ thing but not at people/ the hand/ index finger.



Đáp án

Question	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Answer	С	D	С	В	D	В	С	A	A	С
Question	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Answer	A	В	A	D	С	D	С	С	D	В

V.

- 1. The last time *I* was to the cinema was two years ago.
- 2. The inspector accused *Joe of stealing the money*.
- 3. When you phoned me, I was having lunch.
- 4. Paul reminded Sue to buy some bread.

VI.

- 1. If you were invited to someone's house in America for having dinner, you should bring a gift, such as a bunch of flowers.
- 2. It was difficult to arrange a date which was convenient for everyone.
- 3. Body language is a form of non verbal communication.
- 4. It is all right to point at things but not at people with the hand or index finger.