

BỘ <u>ĐỂ THI HỌC KÌ 1 LỚP 12</u> NĂM 2020 - 2021

MÔN TIẾNG ANH CÓ ĐÁP ÁN

Đề kiểm tra tiếng Anh 12 học kì 1 có đáp án - Đề số 1

A. Fill in the blanks with the most suitable word

The Korean education system basically consists of primary schools,(1) _____ schools, high schools, and colleges(2) _____ universities, with graduate courses leading to Ph.D. degrees. (3) _____ education is compulsory for children aged six(4) _____ eleven. The basic primary school curriculum is generally divided into eight (5) _____ the Korean language, social studies, science, _____ (6), ethics, physical education, music and fine arts. Students in secondary schools are required to take a number (7) _____ additional subjects, such as English, and can take electives, (8) _____ as technical or vocational courses. Afterwards, students can (9) _____ between general education and vocational high schools. (10) _____ general, high school tends to be strict, as college and university admission is very competitive.

1. A. second	B. secondary	C. among	D. half
2. A. as	B. or	C. but	D. so
3. A. Primary	B. High	C. College	D. University
4. A. from	B. for	C. with	D . to
5. A. subjects	B. courses	C. topics	D. titles
6. A. mathematician	B. mathematics	C. mathematically	D. mathematical
7. A. of	B. with	C. for	D. to
8. A. so	B. such	C. like	D. alike
9. A. choose	B. test	C. wish	D. consist
10. A. On	B. In	C. Of	D. For do

B Đọc kỹ bài khoá và chọn phương án đúng ứng với A B C hoặc D

Almost all the energy on the earth comes from the sun. Heat from the sun makes the earth warm enough for life. Plants use the sun's energy to live and grow. Plants give off a gas called oxygen. Animals eat plants and breathe oxygen. Animals need plants in order to live, and plants need the sun. You use plants to create heat and energy. You can burn wood from trees. You can burn fossil fuels called coal, gas, and oil. Fossil fuels formed deep underground from plants and animals that died millions of years ago.

The sun's energy can also do harm. Too much sunlight can burn your skin, causing sunburn. Harmful rays from the sun can also cause a disease called skin cancer. Looking right at the sun can harm your eyes. You need to be careful of the sun. The center of the sun is called the core, which is extremely hot. All the energy of the sun comes from the nuclear reactions in its core. It takes a long time for the energy from the core to reach the surface of the earth - about 170,000 years!

11. According to the passage, the sun is vital because _____.

A. it has its hot core

B. plants live and grow better with the sun's energy

C. plants, animals and people need energy from the sun

D. fossil fuels will be used up and people turn to the sun's energy

12. Fossil fuels formed deep underground from_____.

A. heat from the sun

B. earth and rock

C. oil and gas

D. dead plants and animals

13. The title for this passage could be

A. "Energy from the Sun"

B. "Oxygen and Plants"

C. "Animals and Plants"



D. "The Sun and Fossil Fuels"

14. Harmful rays from the sun may cause ______.

A. fever

B. skin cancer

C. pain

D. headache

15. All of the following statements are **NOT true EXCEPT**

- A. the sun's heat does no harm to people
- B. looking right at the sun is a way to make your eyes better

C. the sun is a long way from the Earth

D. the center of the sun is not very hot

Fill in the blanks with the most suitable word

A food chain is the way energy goes from one living thing to another through food. Plants are the first (16) ______ in most food chains. Plants use the energy in sunlight to make their own food. Plants store the energy in their leaves and stems. Plants are called primary producers in food chains. Animals eat the plants (17) ______ use the Sun's energy to grow. Animals are called (18) ______. Animals that eat plants are primary consumers. Animals that eat other animals are secondary consumers. Animals store the energy in their bodies. Energy flows (19) ______ plants and bigger animals through the steps of eating and being eaten. Each part of the food chain is directly connected to the other, just (20) ______ the links in a chain.

16.A. step B. foot C. run D. leg

17.A. when B. what C. that D. then

18.A. buyers B. shoppers C. sellers D. consumers



- 19.A. in **B. from** C. for D. till
- 20.A. as B. alike C. similar D. like

D Choose the best answer

21. Not only _____ but also _____ the computer.

- A. could he type, could he operate
- **B.** could he type, he could operate
- C. he could type, could he operate
- D. he could type, he could operate
- 22. He was so careful that not a single mistake _____ in the test.
- A. he made
- B. he had ever made

C. did he make

D. he ever made

23. It was not until ______ that _____.

- A. did mother satisfy his needs, Joe went to bed
- B. mother satisfied his needs, did Joe go to bed

C. mother satisfied his needs, Joe went to bed

D. did mother satisfy his needs, did Joe go to bed

24. Little ______ years ago that I would be sitting here today as a chief engineer.

A. I thought

B. did I think



- C. I did think
- D. thought I
- 25. Which sentence is wrong?

A. I have three pens, they are all in my pencil box.

- B. I have three pens, and they are all in my pencil box.
- C. I have three pens, which are all in my pencil box.
- D. I have three pens. They are all in my pencil box.
- 26. The flower smells_____.
- A. pleased
- B. sweetly
- C. sweetness

D. pleasant

27. _____used to be an orphanage here, but we can't find it now.

A. There

B. There was

C. It

- D. It was
- 28. _____no need to tell him all about it.

A. It is

- B. It has
- C. There has

D. There is

29. A teacher is _____ correct.

- A. not necessary always
- B. necessary not always
- C. necessarily not always

D. not necessarily always

- 30. There are many ______in our library.
- A. old American interesting history books

B. interesting old American history books

- C. interesting American old history books
- D. American interesting old history books
- 31. Alice is proud of having _____bed.
- A. an old beautiful Chinese wooden

B. a beautiful old Chinese wooden

- C. a beautiful Chinese old wooden
- D. a beautiful old wooden Chinese
- 32. The ______ student standing at the gate speaks very good Chinese.

A. tall young American

- B. young tall American
- C. American tall young
- D. American young tall

33. _____ came from the second-hand bookstore.

A. All these old stories

- B. These all old stories
- C. All old these stories
- D. These old all stories

34. Those who participated in the experiment had to remain_____ all night.

A. awaken

B. awake

- C. awaked
- D. awoken
- 35. We have not had______ as this for many weeks.

A. so cold a day

- B. how cold a day
- C. a day so cold
- D. a such cold day
- 36. Radio _____in our life.
- A. widely is used
- B. is used widely

C. is widely used

- D. is wide used
- 37. There was_____ to weight the elephant.



- A big enough nothing
- B. big nothing enough

C. nothing big enough

- D. nothing enough big
- 38. He sent her a ______shirt as a birthday present.
- A. Chinese fine silk
- B. fine silk Chinese
- C. silk fine Chinese

D. fine Chinese silk

39.Only after she got off the bus, _____ that _____ her handbag on the seat.

- A. she found she had lost
- B. did she find/ had she lost

C. did she realize, she had left

- D. she realized/ had she left
- 40. _____my eyes when I began to imagine the most fantastic shapes.
- A. Not until I closed
- B. No sooner had I closed
- C. Hardly did I close

D. Scarcely had I closed

41. The weight of the moon is only about ______ of that of the earth.

A. one of eighty



B. one-eightieth

- C. one of eighties
- D. one the eightieth
- 42- Have you got everything ready for the meeting? Yes, but we need ______.
- A. three other chairs
- B. other three chairs

C. another three chairs

D. three another chairs

43. His suggestion sounded _____ but nobody agreed to it.

A. reasonable

- B. reasonably
- C. unreasonably
- D. unreasonable

44. He ______ at half past six, but now he ______ at five.

- A. used to get up / is used to getting up
- B.was used to getting up / used to get up
- C. used to getting up / is used to get up
- D.was used to get up / used to getting up
- 45._____ English is as important as ______ exercises in English.
- A.Spoken/ written
- B. Speaking / written



- C.Spoken / writing
- D. Speak / write

46. The hotel _____ now beside the park was designed by a group of young men.

A. being built

- B. to be built
- C. built
- D. building

47. All of us were _____ by the _____ questions _____ by a six- year-old boy.

- A. puzzled / puzzling / rose
- B. puzzling / puzzled / raised
- C. puzzled / puzzling / raised
- D. puzzled / puzzled / lifted

48.It was so cold that they kept the fire _____ all night.

- A. to burn
- B. burn

C. burning

D. burned

49. His new job as a school principal has kept him ______.

- A. to be fully occupied
- B. fully occupying
- C. being fully occupied

D. fully occupied

50. Impressed as we were by the new cinema, we found it rather expensive.

A. We were very impressed by the new cinema, but found it rather expensive.

The new cinema was more expensive than we expected.

We weren't as much impressed by the new cinema's look as its coast.

We were not impressed by the new cinema at all because it looked rather expensive.

Đề thi tiếng Anh học kì 1 lớp 12 có đáp án - Đề số 2

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently.

Question 1.	A. imagined	B. constructed	C. fascinated	D. rewarded
Question 2.	A. roof	B. groom	C. school	D. floor

Choose the word that has a different stress pattern.

Question 3.	A. request	B. tutor	C. lecture	D. language
Question 4.	A. responsible	B. academic	C. understanding	D. economic

Choose the best answer to each of the following questions or do as directed.

Question 5. Jack finds that Daisy dances very well. - Jack: "You are a great dancer!" - Daisy: "_____"

A. Certainly, I am.

- B. Yes, of course.
- C. Thanks. I do think so.
- D. It's nice of you to say so.



A. Well, good luck.
B. Oh, hard luck.
C. Lucky you.
D. I'm not sure.
Question 7 25th APEC Economic Leaders' Meeting officially opened in Da Nang on Nov. 11, 2017.
A. An
B. A
C. The
D. Ø
Question 8. Remember to say goodbye the interviewer before leaving the interview.
A. with
B. at
C. for
D. to
Question 9. Martha graduated high school two years ago.
A. from
B. with
C. in
D. at
Question 10. The businesswoman combines her career with family life.



- A. success
- B. successfully
- C. succeed
- D. successful

Question 11. Maths, Literature and English are _____ subjects in Vietnam.

- A. compulsory
- B. educational
- C. parallel D. optional

Question 12. The job applicant appeared relaxed and _____ before the interview.

- A. nervous
- B. stressed
- C. bored
- D. confident

Question 13. It is considered _____ in many cultures to whistle to a waiter to draw his attention.

- A. polite
- B. rude
- C. social
- D. proper

Question 14. The food and drinks ______ at the wedding banquet were very delicious.

A. serve

B. to serve



- C. serving
- D. served

Question 15. There is a _____ for a shop assistant on Saturdays.

- A. degree
- B. recommendation
- C. vacancy
- D. qualification

Question 16. Choose the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word.

I am pleased to advise you that your application has been accepted.

- A. allow
- B. persuade
- C. recommend
- D. inform

Question 17. The students ______ essays got 6 or more points don't need to rewrite them.

- A. that
- B. who
- C. whose
- D. which

Question 18. It _____ heavily outside. Please put on your raincoat or you'll get wet.

A. rains

B. was raining



C. rained

D. is raining

Question 19. We _____ some nice people at the Christmas party last weekend.

A. met

B. meet

C. were meeting

D. had met

Question 20. Where have you been working _____ you had your master's degree?

A. when

- B. since
- C. until

D. if

Question 21. The teacher asked the students whether ______ their homework.

A. had they finished

- B. did they finish
- C. they had finished
- D. they have finished

Question 22. Prepare for the questions that _____ in an interview.

- A. were often asked
- B. are often asked
- C. were being asked



D. have been asked Question 23. The manager _____ full responsibility for what had happened. A. took B. made C. got D. offered Question 24. These children have lived happily under the same ______ since they were born. A. home B. house C. roof D. flat Choose the underlined part that needs correction. Question 25. She (A)saw her brother (B)get off (C)the plane and (D)to walk toward her.

Question 26. We (A)<u>can</u> communicate (B)<u>not</u> only through words (<u>C</u>)<u>and also</u> through (D)<u>body</u> <u>language</u>.

Question 27. I'll go ahead (A)and get (B)the tickets if I (C)will have some free time (D)this afternoon.

Choose the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original one.

Question 28. It is known that Vitamin C is good for treating colds.

A. Vitamin C is very well-known for treating colds.

- B. Vitamin C is known to be good for treating colds.
- C. Vitamin C is known as a cold treatment.

D. Vitamin C is known to have been good for treating colds.

Question 29. My father started gardening 2 hours ago.

A. My father was doing the gardening at 2 o'clock.

B. My father had been gardening for 2 hours.

C. My father has done the gardening for 2 hours.

D. My father did the gardening within 2 hours.

Question 30. "You have passed your exams. Congratulations!" said the teacher.

A. The teacher congratulated you on passing their exams.

B. The teacher congratulated you on passing my exams.

C. The teacher congratulated me on having passed your exams.

D. The teacher congratulated me on having passed my exams.

Read the following passage and choose the best answer for each of the blanks from 31 to 35.

We may choose to wear particular colours just because of personal preference or fashion. However, particular colours have always had special meanings or uses. Black, for instance, is generally thought of as suitable for serious occasions and in the West it is (31)_____ for funerals. This is not the case in China, (32)_____, where white is worn at funerals.

Some colours may be chosen for practical reasons. Road workers, (33)_____ need to be easily seen, often wear jackets with bright yellow or orange stripes which are clearly visible to drivers. Green is generally regarded (34)_____ a calming colour, and so it is often used in places like doctors' waiting rooms. Blue is many people's favourite colour, and there may be a connection between this and the popularity of blue jeans. Blue also symbolizes loyalty and for this reason fashion consultants (35)_____ wearing blue clothes to job interviews.

Question 31.	A. tradition	B. traditional	C. traditionally	D. traditions



Question 32.	A. however	B. therefore	C. as a result	D. consequently
Question 33.	A. which	B. whom	C. whose	D. who
Question 34.	A. like	B. with	C. as	D. of
Question 35.	A. recommend	B. permit	C. allow	D. enjoy

Read the following passage and choose the best answer to each of the questions from 36 to 40.

The next time you are watching a film and you see one of the characters jumping out of a plane, falling off a horse, or being blown through a window – **spare a thought** for the stunt artist. Lots of people think that stunt artists are just "extras" who play small, unimportant parts in films and television. Nothing could be further from the truth.

A stunt artist must combine the skills of an actor with the physical abilities of a first-class athlete. He or she must be extremely fit, and highly trained in a number of activities like scuba-diving, horse riding, martial arts or parachuting.

It is not easy to get started in a career as a stunt performer. Film and television producers look for experience and proven ability, so it is unlikely that they will take on a complete newcomer. However, because of the nature of their profession, stunt artists tend to retire early. This means that new performers must be employed, or there will be no one to take over when the present generation quits.

Even when a stunt artist becomes well-known, the work is not regular. It may sometimes be necessary to travel to the other side of the world for a job which involves long hours and great physical danger. It is not a glamorous occupation either. Unlike the famous actors for whom they sometimes risk their lives, few stunt artists are recognized in the street by adoring fans.

Question 36. The phrase "spare a thought for" is closest in meaning to _____.

A. save some minutes for

- B. look after
- C. give a hand to



D. think about

Question 37. It can be inferred from the first paragraph that stunt artists _____.

- A. are really important
- B. are not important
- C. appear only on TV
- D. perform only in films

Question 38. All of the followings are required of a stunt artist EXCEPT _____.

- A. having the ability of a physicist
- B. having the skills of an actor
- C. being highly trained
- D. being extremely fit

Question 39. The profession of a stunt artist is described as _____.

- A. glamorous
- B. regular
- C. dangerous
- D. recognizable

Question 40. The most likely candidate for the job of a stunt artist is the one who is _____.

- A. a complete newcomer
- B. inexperienced
- C. experienced
- D. a new performer



Đáp án

1 - A	2 - D	3 - A	4 - A	5 - D	6 - B	7 - C	8 - D	9 - A	10 - B
11 - A	12 - D	13 - B	14 - D	15 - C	16 - D	17 - C	18 - D	19 - A	20 - B
21 - C	22 - B	23 - A	24 - C	25 - D	26 - C	27 - C	28 - B	29 - C	30 - D
31 - B	32 - A	33 - D	34 - C	35 - A	36 - D	37 - A	38 - A	39 - C	40 C

Đề tiếng Anh lớp 12 học kì 1 có đáp án - Đề số 3

I. LANGUAGE USE

Question 1-5: Complete each of the following pairs of sentences with the words that have the sound given.

1.	a.	Our country has been at for more than forty years.	/piːs/		
	b.	He gave me such a good of advice.			
2.	a.	Young people should listen to the of the elders.			
	b.	In some countries, students can apply to the local for a grant.	/ˈkaʊnsl/		
3.	a.	He didn't the speed limit.	/breik/		
	b.	She had to suddenly to avoid a cat.			
4.	a.	There was a shortage of petrol, and it became	/dɪə(r)/		
	b.	There are many types of			
5.	a.	I can't seeing my mother cry.	/beər/		
	b.	Don't walk around outside in your feet.			

Question 6-13: Circle one option (A, B, C or D) to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

6. My close friend is thinking I am a dreamy girl when I apply for a job in Google company.

- 7. When I drive to the work in the morning, the highway is always very busy.
- 8. He is so good at telling jokes that he reminds me by my beloved father.

9. I did not like them because they were always being complaining.

10. My brother passed the exam because he had not had enough preparation.

11. By the time the police found out of the crime, the thief was already in China.

12. Hurry up! We have been finishing two questions and we still have three more.

13. Polar bears are classified as marine mammals due to they spend most of their lives on the sea ice of the Arctic Ocean.

Question 14-18: Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets. Write your answers in the given spaces.

14. Growing trees in the neighbourhood has a _______ effect on the environment. (BENEFIT)

15. Our economy will suffer ______ in raw materials. (SHORT)

16. Carbon monoxide and lead are among the six common air ______. (POLLUTE)

17. These days mass media are an _____ part of our lives. (SEPARATE)

18. One function of mass media is educating people about their rights and ______. (RESPONSIBLE)

Question 19-23: Circle the correct option (A, B, C or D) for each of the following questions.

19. A lot of teachers have ______ their lives to the development of education in Viet Nam.

A. sacrificed

B. shared

C. promoted

D. devoted

20. Being helpful is good, but don't allow others to ______ advantage of your generosity.



A. get
B. use
C. make
D. take
21. We should never let misfortune and disabilities get in our to success.
A. road
B. route
C. path
D. way
22. These days people are with stories in the newspapers or on the Internet about celebrities.
A. covered
B. given
C. full
D. overwhelmed
23. He is such a writer. Many people respect and admire him.
A. distinguished
B. distinguishing
C. distinctive
D. distinction



Question 24-25: Circle the correct option (A, B, C or D) to complete each of the following dialogues.

Lan: What do you think of using solar power to fly a plane?

James: (24) _____

A. I'm not a fan of nuclear power.

- B. Will we go there by plane?
- C. I suppose it's just a matter of time.

D. What are the disadvantages of using solar power?

James: One thing we could do is to convince everyone in the world to use less energy.

My: (25) _____

A. I think you're right.

B. People are using renewable energy.

C. Don't worry.

D. That's very kind of you, but actually...

II. LISTENING

Question 26-30: Listen to a report on how Europe is affected by global warming and decide whether the statements are true or false. You can listen to the recording TWICE.

		TRUE	FALSE
26.	If there is no change in pace of carbon emissions, by the end of the century, summers will come ten days earlier than it does now.		
27.	There are only three signs confirming seasonal weather change.		
28.	Earth's seasonal clock started to alter in early 1960s.		

29.	One of the effects of accelerated summer is that flowers come into bloom earlier.	
30.	Cold air circulation being reduced is one reason why summer comes early.	

Question 31-33: Listen to three short conversations and choose the best answer to each question. You can listen to the recording TWICE.

- 31. What is in the backpack?
- A. a pen box
- B. a textbook
- C. handouts
- 32. What is not TRUE about the girl's hair now?
- A. It's short.
- B. It's dyed.
- C. It's blond.
- 33. What is the girl studying now?
- A. journalism
- B. history
- C. law

III. READING

Question 34-36: Read the following passage and choose the best answers to the questions that follow.

In spring 2008, the polar bear was placed on the endangered species list. According to the Endangered Species Act, an endangered species is an animal that is likely to face extinction in its natural habitat.

Polar bears have been categorized as a "threatened" species. The ESA defines a threatened species as one that is likely to become "endangered" in the foreseeable future.

The polar bear is the first animal that has been classified as endangered due primarily to global warming. Global warming is caused by carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases that become trapped in the atmosphere. Heating homes, driving cars, and burning garbage all require fossil fuels that lead to global warming.

The polar bear's habitat is more vulnerable to global warming than many other species. Polar bears live mainly on the sea ice in the Arctic. This is where they hunt for fish and build up fat reserves. When the ice melts many polar bears move to land and live off their stored fat. In the Arctic, global warming is causing the ice to melt slightly earlier and form slightly later. This results in a shorter feeding season for the polar bear. Some risk their lives to find ice. If they have to swim too far they will drown from exhaustion and hunger. The World Wildlife Fund estimates that 25% of the Arctic sea ice has disappeared in the past 30 years.

34. According to the text, the polar bear _____.

- A. has already become extinct
- B. is likely to be categorized as "threatened species"
- C. may become endangered in the near future
- D. was placed on the ESA list
- 35. What is the topic of the reading text?
- A. The polar bear's natural habitat
- B. The polar bear as an endangered species
- C. The polar bear and global warming
- D. The polar bear's foreseeable future
- 36. What major change has occurred in the polar bear's natural habitat?
- A. Ice has been extremely polluted.

- B. Air temperature has become unbearably colder.
- C. Sea ice has been greatly reduced.
- D. The number of fish has rapidly disappeared.

Question 37-43: Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

Sixteen - What now?

You're 16 and finally you can leave school! By now, you're probably sick of teachers, desks, tests and exams. But don't just run for the exit. You need to think carefully about what to do next.

If you want a professional career, you will need to go to university and get a degree. To do that, you need to stay at high school for another two years. But you needn't stay at the same place. There are several options in the district of Northacre.

St. Leopold's School has the best pass rate of all the high schools in the district. It offers a wide range of subjects in the humanities and sciences. St Leopold's is, of course, a private school, so may be too expensive for you. But don't worry, there are several other options if you want to follow the academic route. Knowle Grammar School is a state school, so there are no fees, and it has excellent tuition and facilities. It is a boys' school from the ages of 11-16, but from 16-18 it is co-educational. But it is selective, so you'll have to pass an exam to get in. If you're interested in going into Business, check out Wyle River Academy. This school specialises in subjects like Business Studies, Management and Economics. If you prefer the arts, look at the courses on offer at Northacre College. Here you can study woodwork, art, textiles and much more.

Northacre College also offers a wide range of vocational qualifications. You can do a 1-year certificate or a 2-year diploma in subjects like electrics, plumbing, roofing and hairdressing. If you'd prefer to work outdoors, look at Milldown College, where there are courses in Farm Mechanics, Land Management, Animal Management and much more.

A final option is to get an apprenticeship with a local or national company. You will get on-the-job training, gain certificates or diplomas and start earning straight away. But be warned - places are limited! Find out more at the Jobs Fair on 26th May at Northacre College.

37. According to the article, readers who want a professional career should _____.

- A. go to university immediately
- B. stay at the same school for two more years
- C. go to high school for two more years, then get a degree
- 38. St Leopold's school is best known for _____.
- A. good exam results
- B. humanities and sciences
- C. teaching and learning facilities
- 39. What is the requirement of enrollment for St Leopold's school?
- A. paying tuition fees
- B. passing an exam
- C. studying both humanities and sciences
- 40. You can only attend Knowle Grammar School if you _____.
- A. pass an exam
- B. are a boy
- C. can afford the tuition fees
- 41. Anna wants to work with horses. Where is the best place for her to study?
- A. Wyle River Academy
- B. Northacre College
- C. Milldown College
- 42. Harry wants to be a builder. Which is the best place for him to study?
- A. Wyle River Academy



- B. Northacre College
- C. Milldown College
- 43. Kevin wants to be a fashion designer. Which is the best place for him to study?
- A. Wyle River Academy
- B. Northacre College
- C. Milldown College

IV. WRITING

Question 44-48: For each question, complete the new sentence so that it means the same as the given one(s), using NO MORE THAN FIVE WORDS. Write the missing words in the spaces provided.

An example has been done for you.

0. The number of young people working on farms has decreased sharply.

--> There has been a sharp decrease in the number of young people working on farms.

44. By 2050, the population of big cities will have increased by 40 per cent.

--> By 2050, there ______ 40 per cent in the population of big cities.

45. Most people in big cities can access the Internet.

--> Most people in big cities can have access ______.

46. Because he was absent from class yesterday, he doesn't know anything about the test.

--> Because of _____, he doesn't know anything about the test.

47. The local authorities are discussing measures to reduce environmental pollution in the area.

--> The local authorities are ______ measures to reduce environmental pollution in the area.

48. This is the first time I have seen so many people in one place.

--> I am not used ______ so many people in one place.

ÐÁP ÁN

I. LANGUAGE USE

Question 1-5: Complete each of the following pairs of sentences with the words that have the sound given.

1. a. peace; b. piece

2. a. counsel; b. council

3. a. break; b. brake

4. a. dear; b. deer

5. a. bear; b. bare

Question 6-13: Circle one option (A, B, C or D) to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

6. A; 7. A; 8. D; 9. D; 10. B; 11. C; 12. B; 13. B;

Question 14-18: Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets. Write your answers in the given spaces.

14. beneficial

15. shortages

16. pollutants

17. inseparable

18. responsibilities

Question 19-23: Circle the correct option (A, B, C or D) for each of the following questions.

19. D; 20. D; 21. D; 22. D; 23. D;

Question 24-25: Circle the correct option (A, B, C or D) to complete each of the following dialogues.

24. C; 25. A

II. LISTENING

Question 26-30: Listen to a report on how Europe is affected by global warming and decide whether the statements are true or false. You can listen to the recording TWICE.

26. F; 27. F; 28. T; 29. T; 30. T;

Question 31-33: Listen to three short conversations and choose the best answer to each question. You can listen to the recording TWICE.

31. B; 32. A; 33. C;

III. READING

Question 34-36: Read the following passage and choose the best answers to the questions that follow.

34. C; 35. C; 36. C;

Question 37-43: Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

37. C; 38. A; 39. A; 40. A; 41. C; 42. B; 43. B;

IV. WRITING

Question 44-48: For each question, complete the new sentence so that it means the same as the given one(s), using NO MORE THAN FIVE WORDS. Write the missing words in the spaces provided.



- 44. will be an increase of
- 45. to the Internet
- 46. his absence from class yesterday
- 47. having a discussion on/about
- 48. to seeing

Đề thi cuối kì 1 lớp 12 môn tiếng Anh có đáp án - Đề số 4

A. LEXICO-GRAMMAR & READING.

I. Choose the word (marked A, B, C, or D) whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others of the same group.

Question 01: A. cooked B. practiced C. decided D. laughed

Question 02: A. hesitate B. basic C. physics D. reserve

II. Complete the passage by choosing the best option (marked A, or B, C, D) for eachblank.

All men should study: we have to study to broaden our knowledge and develop our intelligence. An (03)______ man can only utilize his body strength to work and live. An educated man, besides his strength, still has the faculty of his intelligent brain and good reflection. This intelligence and thought enable him to help his physical strength to act more quickly and cleverly. In a same profession or work, the educated man differs (04)______ the uneducated man considerably. Therefore, intellectual workers have to study, this is a matter, of course, but manual workers must also gain an education. In civilized countries, compulsory education has also (05)______ applied. Everyone must spend seven or eight years to study. From ploughmen to laborers in these nations, no one is (06)______ to read a book or a paper fluently.

Question 03. A. educate B. educated C. educating D. uneducated

Question 04. A. from B. in C. with D. about

Question 05. A. to be B. is C. been D. being



Question 06. A. disable B. enable C. unable D. able

III. Choose the best option among A, B, C, or D provided to finish each of the questions below.

Question 07: Many of pictures______ from outer space are presently on display in the public library.

A. sending B. that sent C. sent D. to sending

Question 08: You_____ ill unless you stop working so hard.

A. wouldbecome B. would have become C. become D. will become

Question 09: The flight was cancelled______ the air-traffic controllers being on strike.

A. despite B. because of C. because D. although

Question 10: They are_____ nice people that everyone likes them.

A. so a B. a so C. such D. such a

Question 11: I hadn't heard from him for ten years, then_____, I got a fax from him.

A. out of the blue B. blue in the face C. once in a blue moon D. having green fingers

Question 12. Last summer, we visited Canada and _____ United States.

A. the B. a C. D. an

Question 13. If he were better qualified, he_____ get the job.

A. will B. can C. may D. could

Question 14. The mobile phone is an effective means of _____ in the world nowadays.

A. communication B. communicated C. communicate D. communicative

Question 15: Many rare and precious species are now_____ danger of extinction.

A. on B. from C. in D. by

Question 16. Paul has just sold his _____ car and intends to buy a new one.

A. Japanese old black B. black old Japanese C. old Japanese black D. old black Japanese

Question 17. The man_____ gave me the book is my uncle.

A. where B. who C. when D. which

Question 18: - *Linda*: "I've passed my driving test." – *Peter*: "_____."

A. It's nice of you B. That's a good idea C. Congratulation D. Do you?

IV. Choose the option marked A, B, C, or D that best completes each of the following sentences.

The Nobel prizes, awarded annually for distinguished work in chemistry, physic, physiology or medicine, literature, and international peace, were made available by a fund bequeathed for that purpose by Swedish philanthropist, Alfred Bernard Nobel. The prizes, awarded since 1901, are administered by the Nobel Foundation in Stockholm. In 1969, a prize for economics endowed by the Central Bank of Sweden was added. Candidates for the prizes must be nominated in writing by a qualified authority in the field of competition. Candidates are judged by Swedish and Norwegian academies and institutes on the basis of their contribution to mankind. The awards are usually presented in Stockholm ion December 10, with the King of Sweden officiating, an appropriate tribute to Alfred Nobel on the anniversary of his death. Each prize includes a gold medal, a diploma, and a cash award of about one million dollars.

Question 19. A Nobel prize would NOT be given to_____.

A. a doctor who discovered a vaccine B. a composer who wrote a symphony

C. an author who wrote a novel D. a diplomat who negotiated a peace settlement

Question 20. Why are the awards presented on December 10?

A. Because that date was Nobel's will. B. Because Alfred Nobel died on that day.

C. Because it is a tribute to the King. D. Because Central Bank administers the trust.

Question 21. What does this passage mainly discussed?

A. Alfred Bernard Nobel. B. Great contributions to mankind.

C. Swedish philanthropy. D. The Nobel prizes.

Question 22. How often are the Nobel prizes awarded?

A. Five times a year B. Twice a year C. Once a year D. Once every two year

V. Choose the word (marked A, B, C, or D) whose stress pattern is different from the.

Question 23. A. benefit B. aspiration C. understand D. engineer

Question 24. A. fortunate B. challenge C. gravity D. Vietnamese

B. LISTENING:

VI. PART 1. Listen to Eric talking to Mary about the weekend. Their friend, Carlos, Is coming to visit them. You will hear the conversation twice. For questions 25-28, choose A, B or C.

Question 25. When is the football match?

A. Saturday morning B. Sunday afternoon C. Saturday afternoon

Question 26. Where are they going to eat on Saturday evening?

A. at home B. in an Italian restaurant C. in a Chinese restaurant

Question 27. What are they going to do on Sunday morning?

A. get up late B. go for a drive C. go to the cinema

Question 28. Where are they going to have lunch on Sunday?

A. in a café B. at home C. in a pub

VII. PART 2. You will hear a telephone conversation. A girl wants to speak to Martin, but he is not there. Listen and complete questions 29-32. You will hear the conversation twice.

Phone Message			
To: MARTIN	Time: (31))	
From: (29)	Please brin	ng: a friend	
Party at: (30)	Her (32)	phone	number:

C. WRITING:

VIII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in such a way that the original meaning of the provided.

33. The dress is more expensive than the skirt.

 \rightarrow The skirt_____.

34. "Turn off all the lights when you go out, Tim." Jane said.

 \rightarrow Jane_____.

35. The last time I saw him was in 2005.

36. It was a bit difficult to get into work this morning.

 \rightarrow Getting_____.

IX. WRITING A LETTER. (1 point)

Imagine that you want to join "Lien Son High School English Speaking Club" (LS ESC) for students. Write a letter of about 100 words to the Club Manager (Mr. Bright) to ask for permission.

You may follow the outline below:

Introduction	Request		Conclusion
		information	



- Reason to write?	- Level of English?	- Eagerness to join?	Polite ending
- Your interest?	- Membership?	- English proficiency?	

Đề thi học kì 1 tiếng Anh 12 có đáp án - Đề số 5

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Q 1: A. played B. worked C. cried D. ruled

Q 2: A. raises B. fishes C. studies D. watches

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the complete sentence to have the correct structure to each of the following questions.

Q 3: The guests had an accident. They arrived very late.

A. Unless the guests had not had an accident, they wouldn't have arrived so late.

B. Had the guests not had an accident, they would have arrived early.

C. If the guestsdidn't have an accident, they wouldn't arrive so late.

D. The guests wouldn't have arrived early if they had not had an accident.

Q 4: Some weapons belong to IRA. They were found at a flat in Bristol

A. Some weapons find at a flat in Bristol belong to IRA.

B. Some weapons to find at a flat in Bristol belong to IRA.

C. Some weapons finding at a flat in Bristol belong to IRA.

D. Some weapons found at a flat in Bristol belong to IRA.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.
- **Q 5:** Rachel is neither <u>nervous</u> nor afraid of anything around her.
- A. scared
- **B.** impatient
- C. troubled
- **D.** unworried
- **Q** 6: He resigned from the company in order to take a more <u>challenging</u> job.
- A. difficult
- **B.** complicated
- C. demanding
- **D.** effortless

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the corresponding sentence to have the same meaning as the original one provided above in each of the following ones.

- **Q** 7: These mechanics are going to repair our car this afternoon.
- A. Our car is going to repair these mechanics this afternoon.
- B. We are going to get these mechanics repaired our car this afternoon.
- C. We are going to have our car repairing by these mechanics this afternoon.
- D. Our car is going to be repaired by these mechanics this afternoon.
- **Q 8:** We can't see the dark side of Mercury from the Earth.
- A. The dark side of Mercury can be seen from the Earth.
- B. The dark side of Mercury can't see from the Earth.

C. It's impossible to see the dark side of Mercury from the Earth.

D. It's possible to see the dark side of Mercury from the Earth.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

- **Q** 9: Last week, John did an essay very well, which was complimented.
- Teacher: "John, you've written a much better essay this time."
- John: "....."
- A. Thank you. It's really encouraging.
- **B.** Don't mention it.
- C. There's no doubt about that.
- **D.** You're welcome.

Q 10: Jim is talking to his friend, Laura about his plan this summer

- Jim: "I'm going to travel with my friends to Kyoto this summer."
- Laura: "..... Be sure to tell me all about your trip when you get back."
- A. That's right.
- **B.** Sorry to hear that.
- C. Sounds like fun.
- **D.** Oh, with pleasure.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Q 11: California, along with Florida and Hawaii, among the most popular US tourist destinations.

- A. is
- **B.** are
- C. have been
- **D.** were
- **Q 12:** You can't get a well-paid job
- A. if you've got experience.
- **B.** otherwise you got experience.
- C. unless you've got experience.
- **D.** in case you'd got experience.
- **Q 13:** I knocked on the window to her attention.
- A. get
- **B.** pay
- C. take
- **D.** make
- Q 14: the rain, the baseball game was not cancelled.
- A. Due to
- **B.** Even though
- C. Because
- **D.** In spite of

 $Q\ 15:$ She was very and sangall the way home.

A. happily - happily



B. happy - happy
C. happily - happy
D. happy - happily
Q 16: By the end of this month I a French course.
A. will take
B. will have taken
C. would take
D. will be taking
Q 17: John is studying hard not to fail the next exam.
A. so as that
B. in order
C. in order that
D. so that
Q 18: A/an is someone who always believes that good things will happen.
A. pessimist
B. optimistic
C. optimist
D. pessimistic
Q 19: There's going to be trouble
A. when Paul finds out about this.

B. when Paul will find out about this.

- C. when Paul found out about this.
- D. when Paul is going to find out about this.
- **Q 20:** The program was I was with it.
- A. boring bored
- **B.** bored bored
- C. bored boring
- **D.** boring boring
- **Q 21:** The form will ask for your place of birth.
- A. applicable
- **B.** applying
- C. application
- **D.** applicant
- Q 22: They skidded on the ice and crashed into a car.
- A. black big American
- B. big American black
- C. American big black
- D. big black American
- Q 23: A school year in Vietnam is often divided two semesters.
- A. about
- B. of
- C. into

D. in

Q 24: It was that I couldn't eat it.

A. such a hard cake

B. so hard cake

C. such hard cake

D. so a hard cake

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

In developing countries, people are sometimes unaware of the importance of education, and there is economic pressure from those parents who prioritize their children's, making money in the short term over any long-term benefits of education. Recent studies on child labor and, poverty have suggested that when poor families reach a certain economic threshold where families are able to provide for their basic needs, parents return their children to school. This has been found to be true, once the threshold has been breached, even if the potential economic value of the children's work has increased since their return to school.

Other problems are that teachers are often paid less than other professions; a lack of good universities and a low acceptance rate for good universities are evident in countries with a relatively high population density.

India has launched EDUSAT, an education satellite that can reach remote parts of the country at a greatly reduced cost. There is also an initiative supported by several major corporations to develop a \$100 laptop. The laptops have been available since 2007. The laptops, sold at cost, will enable developing countries to give their children a digital education. In Africa, an "e-school program" has been launched to provide all 600,000 primary and high schools with computer equipment, learning materials and internet access within 10 years. Volunteer groups are working to give more individuals opportunity to receive education in developing countries through such programs as the Perpetual Education Fund. An International Development Agency project started with the support of American President Bill Clinton uses the Internet to allow co-operation by individuals on issues of social development.

Q 25: According to recent studies, when parents are able to overcome their financial difficulty,

- A. they have their children work even harder
- B. they themselves continue their schooling
- C. they send their children back to school
- D. they still make their children continue working
- Q 26: It can be inferred from the text, in populous countries,
- A. there are a lot of good universities
- B. no other careers are better paid than teaching
- C. there is a lack of good universities
- D. teaching is the highest-paid career
- **Q** 27: The word *who* refers to
- A. developing countries
- B. economic pressure
- C. the parents
- D. the children

Q 28: How many projects are presented in the third paragraph?

- A. Four
- B. Two
- C. Three
- D. One



Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Q 29: I thought I'd <u>make use of</u> the sports facilities while I'm here.

- A. get on with
- B. take part in
- C. take advantage of
- D. pay attention to
- Q 30: Whatever his shortcomings as a husband, he was a good father to his children.
- A. weaknesses
- B. strengths
- C. good sides
- D. enthusiasm

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Q 31: A. unhappy B. differently C. timetable D. newspaper

Q 32: A. entertainment B. economic C. activities D. introduction

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Q 33: I'll send you (A) my address as soon as (B) I will find (C) somewhere to live (D).

Q 34: <u>The (A)</u> people <u>are waiting (B)</u> outside <u>are (C)</u> becoming <u>impatient (D)</u>.

Q 35: Either (A) you or (B) your sister are (C) in charge of the (D) household chores today

Q 36: If you had gone (A) to bed early last night (B), you wouldn't have been (C) so sleepy (D) now

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Companies like __(37)__ who know what they want from a job. They are also impressed with someone who has done research before arriving at the interview. __(38)__ the effort to look into the organization you're interested in, and you'll find yourself ahead of the competition.

To get a sense of how the organization you're interested in sees itself, go to their corporate website and read about the company's history and plans for __(39)__ future. Company websites, along with their official social media pages, often have employee photos or posts about the business, both of __(40)__ will give you some idea of the company culture. You can also read the company's brochures and annual reports if they've been made publicly available. No matter the size of the company, you can do a web search for the organization's name and read any articles that may have mentioned the company. For example, you may discover that the organization was recently involved in a charitable event - or a lawsuit.

Q 37: A. candidates B. positions C. employers D. vacancies

Q 38: A. Take **B.** Try **C.** Do **D.** Make

Q 39: A. a **B.** the **C.** one **D.** an

Q 40: A. what B. which C. that D. who

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1 В С 2 3 В D 4 5 D 6 D 7 D 8 С 9 Α

10	С	
11	А	
12	С	
13	А	
14	D	
15	D	
16	В	
17	В	
18	С	
19	А	
20	А	
21	С	
22	D	
23	С	
24	А	
25	С	
26	С	
27	С	
28	А	
29	С	
30	А	
31	А	
32	С	
33	С	
34	В	
35	С	
36	С	
37	А	

38 D

39	В
40	В

Đề 6

Pick	Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.				
1.	A. <u>a</u> ny	B. d <u>a</u> ddy	C. c <u>a</u> t	D. ch <u>a</u> t	
2.	A. talk <u>ed</u>	B. passed	C. call <u>ed</u>	D. wash <u>ed</u>	
3.	A. c <u>o</u> me	B. something	C. c <u>o</u> mb	D. gr <u>o</u> w	
Choo	ose the word that has th	ne stress differently from	n that of the other word	ls.	
4.	A. company	B. official	C. Australia	D. encounter	
5.	A. knowledge	B. bracket	C. although	D. neighbor	
6.	A. hopelessness	B. athletics	C. resident	D. tolerance	
Choo	ose the best answer to c	complete the blank in ea	ch of the following sent	ences.	
7. Th	is roomsinc	e I was born.			
	A. has been painted	B. was painted	C. painted	D. has painted	
<mark>8.</mark> W]	hat you	if you	a billionaire? –I would	take a trip into space.	
	A. will/do / are	B. would/do / were	C. can/do/was	D. shall/do / are	
<mark>9.</mark> Ha	9. Have you seen the Titanic yet? _ No, I haven't. Iit next Saturday.				
	A. would see	B. will see	C. am going to see	D. see	
10. A	.fterdinner,	I often watch TV.			
	A. ate	B. eat	C. eaten	D. eating	
11. T	om said that he	his motorbike the da	y before.		
	A. had lost	B. lost	C. has lost	D. lose	
12. D	o you believe	God?			
	A. at	B. of	C. about	D. in	
13. A	ir and water are necessa	uryus.			
	A. of	B. for	C. with	D. to	
14. The beautiful woman has a busylife.					
	A. society	B. socialize	C. social	D. socializing	
15. E	nglish has become the n	nain language of			
	A. communication	B. communicate	C. communicant	D. communicative	
<mark>16.</mark> D	o you think doing the h	ousehold chores is the	of the women o	nly?	
	A. responsibly	B. responsible	C. responsibility	D. responsive	

17. He did some odd job	os at home		
A. disappointment	nt B. disappointedly	C. disappointed	D. disappoint
18. "I have bought you	a toy. Happy birthday to you	.,	
A. What a lovely	v toy! Thanks.	B. Have a nice day!	
C. The same to y	rou!	D. What a pity!	
19. "Your hairstyle is to	errific, Cindy" – "	» 	
A. It's nice	B. You're welcome	C. Not at all	D. Thanks, Peter
20. When students finish	the secondary education, the	ey have to take a(n)	called GCSE.
A. check	B. examination	C. interview	D. test
21. I spoke very slowly	he didn't underst	and English very well.	
A. to	B. so that	C. because	D. so
22. When being intervie	wed, you should <u>concentrate</u>	on what the interviewer	is saying or asking you
A. be related to	B. express interest in	C. be interested in	D . pay attention to
23. "I'm going away to	morrow, mother."_ Leo told	his mother that	away the
A. he was going	/ following day	C. I was going / day a	fter
B. I'm going / da	ny after	D. he's going / follow	ving day
24. "It was nice of you	to give me the present. Than	k you" Ben said to Mary.	
_Ben thanked Mar	rythe present.		
A. of giving him		C. for giving him	
B. it had been nic	ce of her to give him	D. that she had been r	nice to give him
25. Shakespeare wrote "	Romeo and Juliet" in 1605.		
A. "Romeo and	Juliet" were written by Shake	espeare in1605	
B. "Romeo and	Juliet" was written by Shakes	speare in 1605.	
C. "Romeo and	Juliet" was written in 1605 b	y Shakespeare.	
D. " Romeo and	Juliet" were written in 1605	by Shakespeare	
26. The hurricane has to	tally destroyed the villages	The villages	by the hurricane.
A. have been tota	ally destroyed	C. have totally been d	estroyed
B. has been total	ly destroyed	D. has totally been de	stroyed
27. If you don't work m	uch harder, you won't pass th	e exam.	
_ Unless you	much harder, you	the exam.	
A. work / will pa	SS	B. don't work / will p	ass
C. don't work / v	von't pass	D. work / won't pass	

_.

28. My sister is often sick because she doesn't do physical exercise.

A. If my sister does physical exercise, she won't often be sick. B. If my sister isn't physical exercise, she does sick. C. If my sister did physical exercise, she wouldn't often be sick. D. If my sister wasn't physical exercise, she would do sick. **29.** The river from ______ we get our water- supply is nearly empty. B. that C. where A. whose D. which **30.** My father wants to speak to you. You met him yesterday. _ My father_____you met yesterday, wants to speak to you. B. whom A. whose C. whom D. that **31.** In spite of his poorness, he is honest. A. Although he is poor, he is honest. C. Despite he is poor, he is honest. D. In spite of he is poor, he is honest. B. Although he is poor, but he is honest. **32.** He only accepted the job______the high salary. A. though B. because C. because of D. in spite of **33.** Did you read______novel I lent you______last week? В. a / ф A. ϕ / in C. ϕ /on D. the/ ϕ **34.** rich should help poor and disabled. **B.** the / the / the $C. \phi / \phi / \phi$ A. a/a/aD. the / the / ϕ **35.** The man who is speaking to John is my brother. A. The man spoke to John is my brother. C. The man spoken to John is my brother. B. The man is speaking to John is my brother. D. The man speaking to John is my brother. **36.** He read The Old Man and The Sea, a novel_____by Ernest Hemingway. A. written B. writing C. which written D. that wrote Choose the underlined part that needs correction. 37. <u>I often listen music when I have free time</u>. B С Α D **38.** We spent a week to preparing for our concert. Α B C D **39.** The phone rung while I was washing the dishes. Α Β С D **40.** <u>The more I live with him, the most I love him.</u>



Read the passage below and choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to each question.

The habits of those who constantly play video games are very important to people working in video-game industry. If video games are going to one of the most attractive features of future interactive systems, it is essential for producers to know what types of games to make, how best to present such games on interactive video, and how to ensure that such games maintain their fascination for people. Above all, it is vital to build up detailed profiles of people who are addicted to video games.

Until recently, the chief market for video games has been boys aged eight to fifteen. The fascination for interactive video games is seen in its purest form in this group. Video games appeal to some deep instinct in boys who find it impossible to tear themselves from them. Schoolwork is ignored, health is damaged and even eating habits are affected. Girls of the same age, however, are entirely different, demonstrating far greater freedom from the hold of video games. Quite simply, they can take video games in their strike, being able to play them when they want and then leave them alone.

41. Producers of video games are keen on _____.

A. finding the best ways of continuing to attract people

- B. developing computer techniques in making such games
- C. learning about drug to which people are addicted
- D. designing ways

42. The people who are most attracted to video games are ______.

- A. young adult women
- B. boys from eight to fifteen years old
- C. girls between eight and fifteen
- D. supermarket assistants
- **43.** _____have different attitude towards playing video games.
 - A. Adult men and women
 - B. Boys and girls from eight to fifteen
 - C. Girls and boys above eight
 - D. Girls and boys below eight

44. The addiction to video games can be so powerful that it can ______.

- A. separate boys from girls
- B. make people relaxing
- C. destroy people's instincts
- D. make people physically ill.

45. Compared with boys of the same age, girls are _____.

- A. more intelligent than boys
- B. more addicted to video games
- C. more concentrated on video games

D. less affected by video games

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

	Speech is one of th	e most important way	vs of communicating. It com	nsists of far more than just
(46)	noises. To t	talk or to (47)	by other people, we have	e to master a language, that
is, v	we have to use com	binations of sound	that (48)for a	particular object or idea.
Com	munication (49)	impossible if eve	ryone (50)up the	ir own language.
46.	A. makes	B. make	C. to make	D. making
47.	A. understanding	B. understand	C. be understood	D. be understandable
48.	A. to stand	B. stand	C. stands	D. standing
49.	A. is	B. will be	C. would be	D. was
50.	A. made	B. makes	C. make	D. will make
ĐÈ ′	7			
Pick	t out the word whose	underlined part is pr	onounced differently from	that of the others.
1.	A. prepared	B. call <u>ed</u>	C. expressed	D. employed
2.	A. sh <u>ou</u> ld	B. y <u>ou</u> ng	C. c <u>ou</u> ple	D. r <u>ou</u> gh
3.	A. possible	B. c <u>o</u> mpany	C. <u>jo</u> b	D. responsible
Cho	ose the word that has	the stress differently	from that of the other wo	rds.
4.	A. experience	B. concentrate	C. enthusiasm	D. certificate
5.	A. interview	B. interviewee	C. interviewer	D. industry
Cho	ose the best answer to	o complete the blank	in each of the following se	ntences.
<mark>6.</mark> In	Vietnam, application	forms for the National	Entrance Examinations mu	st bebefore the
dead	lline, often in April.			
	A. issued	B. signed	C. filed	D. submitted
7. Po	oints will be added to the	he Entrance Examinati	ion scores for those who hol	d an excellent high
scho	ol			
	A. certificate	B. diploma	C. qualification	D. degree
<mark>8.</mark> Tl	ne worlda	better place if we had	known a hundred years ago	what we know about the
eartł	n's environment.			
	A. should be	B. might be	C. was	D. will be

9. If the lecturer last nightDr. Mason, I would have listened carefully.				
	A. were	B. would be	C. was	D. had been
10. I _	Tom with m	ne if I had known you and	he didn't get along well v	with each other.
	A. won't bring	B. wouldn't have brough	ht C. Didn't bring	D. hadn't brought
11. Re	emember to bring with	you your school certificat	te and letters of	from your teachers or
your p	previous employers wh	en you come to the intervi	iew.	
	A. assignment	B. invitation	C. recommendation	D. advertisement
12. It	wasn't an awful exper	ience. It was the worst thin	nghas ever ha	ppened to me.
	A. which	B. that	C. what	D. why
13. Tł	ne partyw	e went to last night was no	ot very enjoyable.	
	A. which	B. when	C. where	D. what
14. At	t the end of this month	, scientists at the institute	will conduct their AIDS r	research, the results of
	will be publishe	ed within 6 months.		
	A. which	B. whom	C. that	D. it
15. He	e read The Old Man ar	nd The Sea, a novel	by Ernest Hemingw	vay.
	A. written	B. writing	C. which wrote	D. that written
<mark>16.</mark> Li	en passed the oral test	,pleased her	parents.	
	A. that	B. which	C. what	D. it
17. Tł	nis present will be give	en tocan answ	ver the last question.	
	A. whomever	B. whoever	C. whom	D. who
18. He	e often gives me a lot o	of advice, most of	are very useful.	
	A. them	B. whom	C. that	D. which
19. Tł	nese new laws have lai	d legal grounds for	inefficient co-opera	atives.
	A. dissolving	B. analyzing	C dividing	D. disarming.
20. W	ith the strong	of our party and Gove	ernment to DoiMoi, we be	elieve that we will build a
better	life for our people.			
	A. promise	B. commitment	C. investment	D. reaffirm
21	it is in the sj	oring now, the flowers out	side aren't blooming.	
	A. While	B. Although	C. Whereas	D. However
22	I didn't und	lerstand a word, I kept smi	iling.	
	A. Whereas	B. However	C. Even though	D. Nevertheless
23. I 1	ike spending my holid	ays in the mountains,	my wife prefers t	the seaside.
	A. though	B. whereas	C. despite	D. in spite of

24he wasn't f	feeling very well, Alex was	s determined to take part i	n the racing.	
A. Despite the fact t	hat	B. Despite the fact it		
C. Despite		D. In spite of		
25. When we got home, din	ner, so we had	d a drink first.		
A. was preparing	B. had been prepared	C. was being prepared	D. was prepared	
26. Since 1980, scientists in	the worlda lot of	of things to fight AIDS.		
A. have done	B. are doing	C. did	D. had done	
27. Lindaher id	lentity card again. This is t	he second time this		
A. lost/ happened	B. has lost/ has happene	d C. has lost/ happened	D. lost/ has happened	
28. I started working here i	n 2000.			
A. I have started wo	rking here since 2000.			
B. I haven't worked	here since 2000.			
C. I have started wo	rking here since 2000.			
D. I have worked he	re since 2000.			
29. The hotelw	ve stayed wasn't very clean	1.		
A. where	B. why	C. which	D. when	
30. It's usually difficult	a place to park in	the city center.		
A. finding	B. to find	C. find	D. to finding.	
31. It took me a long time to	owearing glas	ses.		
A. get used to	B. use to	C. used to	D. use	
32. Let's have this letter	by express mail.			
A. sends	B. send	C. being sent	D. sent	
33. "Can I help you?" _ "".				
A. No, thanks. I'm j	ust looking	B. No, I'm seeing		
C. Yes, I'm watchin	g	D. Yes, I'm thinking		
34. –Will they get married?	_Yes, definitely	their differences.		
A. however	B. despite	C. owing to	D. although	
35. Let's go to the station to	see her			
A. through	B. back	C. off	D. to	
36. He spoke confidently an	nd that impressed me.			

b. He spoke confidently and that impressed me.

A. The thing which impressed me was the confident way he spoke.

B. He spoke confidently, which impressed me.

C. The confident way in which he spoke impressed me.

D. All are correct.

37. I can't recall that old movie, but maybe I did many years ago. A. to see B. to have seen C. having been seen D. having seen **38.** Henry will pass his exams ______any means. He has studied well. C. with A. by B. on D. in Choose the underlined part that needs correction. **39.** Higher general education and training generally took place in a university or college. А С B D

40. There are two parallel school systems in England. The first is the state school system, that is free toABC

all students, paid for by the state'.

D

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

When you first apply for a job, you (41) ______not succeed in getting it. It's always a good (42)______to ask them to explain to you what prevented from beating the other candidates. Don't complain about the situation, but ask them to advise you (43)______what you can do better next time. Perhaps the interviewer disapproved of or disagreed with something you said. Perhaps they just glanced at your application and saw something that made it easy to choose between you and another candidate. Don't regard it as a failure, but recognize it as a chance to learn more. (44)_____you don't worry too much about it and continue to believe in yourself, you'll (45)_____find the chance you've been waiting for. Then, your family and friends will be able to congratulate you on your success!

41.	A. might	B. would	C. won't	D. must
42.	A. means	B. opinion	C. idea	D. method
43.	A. about	B. of	C. over	D. in
44.	A. As far as	B. By far	C. So far	D. As long as
45.	A. in the end	B. lastly	C. at last	D. eventually

Read the passage below and choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to each question.

Higher education, also called tertiary, third stage or post secondary education, is the noncompulsory educational level following the completion of a school providing a secondary education, such as a high school, secondary school. Tertiary education is normally taken to include undergraduate and postgraduate education, as well as vocational education and training. Colleges and universities are the main institutions that provide tertiary institutions. Tertiary education generally results in the receipt of certificates, diplomas, or academic degrees.

Higher education includes teaching, research and social services activities of universities, and within the realm of teaching, it includes both the undergraduate level and the graduate level. Higher education in that country generally involves work towards a degree-level or foundation degree qualification. It is therefore very important to national economies, both as a significant industry in its own right, and as a source of trained and educated personnel for the rest of the economy.

46. What is 'tertiary education'?

	A. Primary education B. higher education		C. Secondary educatio	n D. children education	
47. Where can we find tertiary education?					
	A. Colleges and high schools		B. universities and inst	itutes	
	C. Colleges and univ	versities	D. high schools and un	iversities.	
48. T	he word 'degree' in pa	ragraph 1 refers to			
	A. a unit for measur	ing angles			
	B. a unit for measure	ing temperature			
	C. the qualification				
	D. a level in a scale	of how serious something	is.		
49. H	ow many kinds does h	igher education have?			
	A. One	B. two	C. three	D. four	
50	is important	to national economies.			
	A. Qualification	B. Foundation	C. Schooling	D. Higher education	
ÐÈ 8					
Choo	se the word that is st	ressed differently from tl	ne rest.		
1.	A. hospital	B. inflation	C. policy	D. constantly	
2.	A. government	B. consumer	C. domestic	D. production	
3.	A. priority	B. industry	C. subsidy	D. qualify	
Choo	se the word whose un	nderlined part is pronour	nced differently from th	at of the rest.	
4.	A. <u>ch</u> oice	B. <u>ch</u> emist	C. ea <u>ch</u>	D. a <u>ch</u> ieve	
5.	A. appl <u>i</u> cant	B. <u>i</u> dentity	C. indicate	D. chem <u>i</u> stry	
Choo	se the best answer to	complete the blank in ea	ch of the following sent	ences.	
6. If I	feel too excited to sle	ep, I reading on	e of our reports.		
	A. will try	B. try	C. would try	D. would have tried	
7. If ł	ne well on the	ne training course last year	, he offered the	e promotion now.	
	A. had done / would	be	B. had done / would ha	ive done	
	C. did / would be		D. did / will be		

8. What time would we ge	et there the su	bway?	
A. we took		B. if we took	
C. unless we take		D. provided that	we take
9. He took me to the colle	ege		
A. he used to stud	у	B. in that he used	l to study
C. where he used t	to study	D. which he used	l to study
10. school is ve	ery important for	country to develop.	
A. The / a	B . ø / a	C. The/ø	D. ø / ø
11. He has been learning	hard to prepare	_ the coming final exam	n.
A. for	B. with	C. on	D. over
12. the end of t	he course, the students h	nave to take an exam on	four basic skills of the target
language.			
A. In	B. At	C. On	D. To
13. They are university pr	ofessors who specialize	the history o	f the Russian empire.
A. on	B. to	C. in	D. about
14. Secondary education i	in Hong Kong is largely	based the Br	itish education system.
A. on	B. to	C. in	D. about
15. Tell me the day	you want to leave.		
A. which	B. in which	C. that	D. when
16. Of my students, Betty	is the only one	has found a job.	
A. whom	B. which	C. that	D. whose
17. Have you ever visited	New York harbor,	the famous Statue	e of Liberty stands?
A. which	B. where	C. that	D. over which
18. The man and his dogs	were buried	in the demolished build	ing after the earthquake have
just been rescued safely.			
A. which	B. who	C. that	D. whom
19. GCSE courses are	in a variety of subject	s which are usually dec	ided by the students
themselves.			
A. spent	B. taken	C. made	D. looked
20. GCSEs are not <u>compu</u>	<u>llsory</u> , but they are the m	nost common qualificati	ons taken by 14-16 year-old
students.			

A. specialized	B. fulfilled	C. applied	D. Required

21. An 'A-level' in Maths or a / an qualification is normally required. C. like A. equal B. same D. equivalent **22.** The control of ______ has been carried out through measures rooted in monetarism. A. inflate B. inflation C. inflationist D. inflator **23.** It is often a good idea to start with small, easily _____ goals. A. achievable B. achieve C. achievement D. achiever **24.** To my _____, I was not offered the job. A. happiness B. dream C. joy D. disappointment **25.** The Eiffel Tower ______ design was revolutionary at its time, is still a marvelous structure. C. whose A. which B. that D. of which **26.** Many children are under such a high ______ of learning that they do not feel happy at school. A. recommendation B. interview D. concentration C. pressure 27. _____, he walked to the station. A. Despite being tired B. Although to be tired C. In spite being tired D. Despite tired **28.** During the time of economic reforms, the economy has grown _____ with only a few major setbacks. A. constant B. constantly C. constants D. constancy **29.** The ______ effect of the new policy is that the farmer is now working for himself, and not for the state sake. C. all B. common D. overall A. legal **30.** After more than a decade of Doi Moi or economic _____, the Vietnamese Communist government has achieved diplomatic and economic links with numerous foreign partners. A. relation B. investment C. productivity D. renovation Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correction. 31. <u>Has</u> the letters <u>which</u> I <u>want been typed</u> yet? B С D A 32. When GCSEs are taken in secondary school, they can often combined with other В С D Α qualifications, or diplomas. 33. If you have already decided on a course that you would like to study at university, В А or we recommend that you take a look at the course requirements first.

C D 34. The term 'economic reform' refers to policies directing by the government to achieve B C Α improvements in economic efficiency. D 35. Economic reforms started since 1986 in Vietnam have helped millions of people В Α to be out of poverty and bringing the poverty rate down. C D Choose the sentence that is closest in the meaning to the root one. **36.** If I / not / television / I / hear / burglar alarm / off A. If I hadn't watched the television, I had heard the burglar alarm go off. B. If I didn't watch the television, I had heard the burglar alarm go off. C. If I hadn't watched the television, I would have heard the burglar alarm go off. D. If I hadn't watch the television, I would hear the burglar alarm go off. **37.** He / suffer / rare tropical disease / which / contracted / while / Africa A. He still suffers from a rare tropical disease which he contracted while he was in Africa. B. He still suffers from a rare tropical disease which contracted while he was in Africa. C. He suffers from a rare tropical disease which was contracted while he is in Africa. D. He suffers from a rare tropical disease which he contracts while in Africa. **38.** Laser / device / concentrate / light waves / intense beam. A. Laser is a device concentrates light waves into an intense light beam. B. The laser is a device to concentrate light waves to an intense light beam. C. The laser is a device which concentrates light waves and an intense light beam. D. Laser is a device which concentrates light waves into an intense light beam. **39.** That book / very thick / belong / younger sister. A. That book, what is very thick, belongs to my younger sister. B. That book, that is very thick, belongs to my younger sister.

C. That book, which is very thick, belongs to my younger sister.

D. That book, which is very thick, belongs my younger sister.

40. I did not answer the door even though I knew it was my friend.

A. Unless I knew it was my friend, I would not answer the door.

B. I knew it was my friend, but I did not answer the door.

C. Only when I answered the door did I knew it was my friend.

D. I answered the door since I knew it was my friend.

Read the passage and choose the best answers:

...Never say anything negative about past experiences, employers, or courses or professors. Always think of something positive about an experience and talk about that. You should also be __(31)__. If you are genuinely interested __(32)__ the job, let the interviewer know that.

One of the best ways to show you are keen on a job is to demonstrate that you have researched the organization prior to the interview. You can also (33) interest by asking questions about the job, the organization, and its service and products. The best way to impress an employer is to ask questions that build your interview discussion. This shows you are interested and (34) close attention to the interviewer. It is a good idea to prepare a few questions in advance, but an insightful comment based on your conversation can make an even stronger statement. At the (35) of the interview, it is appropriate for you to ask when you may expect to hear from the employer.

41.	A. enthusiasm	B. enthusiastic	C. enthusiastically	D. enthusiast
42.	A. with	B. for	C. on	D. in
43.	A. appear	B. conceal	C. show	D. cover
44.	A. pay	B. choose	C. make	D. spend
45.	A. close	B. final	C. end	D. finish

Read the passage and choose the best answers:

University Entrance Examination is very important to Vietnamese students. High school graduates have to take it and get high results to be admitted to universities. The pressure on the candidates remains very high despite the measures that have been taken to reduce the heat around these exams, since securing a place in a state university is considered a major step towards a successful career for young people, especially **those** from rural areas or disadvantaged families. In the year 2004, it was estimated that nearly 1 million Vietnamese students took the University Entrance Examination, but on average only 1 out of 5 candidates succeeded. Normally, candidates take 3 exam subjects, and each lasts 180 minutes for the fixed group of subjects they choose. There are 4 fixed groups of subjects: Group A: Mathematics, Physics, and Chemistry; Group B: Mathematics, Chemistry and Biology; Group C: Literature, History, and Geography; Group D: Literature, Foreign Language, and Mathematics.

In addition to universities, there are community colleges, art and technology institutes, professional secondary schools, and vocational schools which offer degrees or certificates from a-few-month to 2-year courses.

According to Vietnam's Ministry of Education and Training, there are currently 23 non-public universities, accounting for 11% of the total number of universities. These non-public universities are currently training 119,464 students or 11.7% of the total number of students. The government is planning to increase the number of non-public universities to 30% by 2007.

46. University Entrance Examination in Vietnam is very ______.
A. interesting B. stressful C. free D. easy
47. The word those refers to ______.
A. exam subjects B. young people C. universities D. examinations
48. In 2004, the proportion of the students who got success in University Entrance Examination was about _____ percent.
A. 5
B. 10
C. 20
D. 50

49. Which sentence refers to the University Entrance Examination in Vietnam?

A. Students find it easy to get success in the University Entrance Examination.

B. Maths is compulsory in the University Entrance Examination.

C. Students are not allowed to choose their exam subjects.

D. There are four fixed groups of exam subjects for students to choose.

50. According to the passage, _____.

A. the Vietnamese government will close all non-public universities by next year

B. the Vietnamese government does not appreciate non-public universities

C. the Vietnamese government encourages the establishment of non-public universities

D. Vietnamese students have no alternative to continue their higher study besides universities

ĐÊ 9

Pick out the word which has different stress pattern from that of the rest.

1.	A. interviewer	B. preparation	C. economics	D. education
2.	A. employment	B. remember	C. concentrate	D. position
3.	A. achievement	B. communist	C. constantly	D. government

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

4.	A. <u>ch</u> aracter	B. tea <u>ch</u> er	C. <u>ch</u> emist	D. te <u>ch</u> nical
5.	A. explain <u>ed</u>	B. disappointed	C. prepared	D. interviewed

Choose the best answer to complete the blank in each of the following sentences.

6. Many people have objected to the use of animals in _____ experiments.

A. science B. scientist C. scientific D. scientifically

7. In Scotland, students <u>transfer</u> from primary to secondary education at approximately age 12.

A. compound	B. base	C. change	D. move
8. Considering peasants mak	e up nearly 80% of Vietna	m's population.	
A. specialists	B. economists	C. professors	D. farmers
9. Although he has not got no	ecessary experience, he us	ed to take a in busi	ness administration.
A. curriculum	B. course	C. school	D. class
10. In England schooling is c	compulsory all ch	ildren from the age of 5 t	o 16.
A. with	B. for	C. to	D. over
11. That machine is useless.	Itnot been used	for a long time	
A. is	B. was	C. did	D. has
12. Beethoven's Fifth Symphony next weekend.			
A. is going to be perf	ormed	B. has been performed	
C. will be performing	5	D. will have performed	l
13. The trees			
A. were grown by Jol	hn yesterday in the backya	rd	
B. were grown in the	backyard by John yesterda	ay	
C. were grown in the backyard yesterday by John			
D. in the backyard we	ere grown yesterday by Jol	hn	
14. Mathematics, a required	subject in all schools, is	into many brane	ches.
A. grouped	B. prepared	C. divided	D. added
15. The making of good habi	ts a determinatio	n to keep on training you	r child.
A. require	B. requires	C. requirement	D. required
16. She had to have the operation	ation		
A. unless she would o	lies	B. if she would die	
C. otherwise she will	die	D. or she would die	
17 he gets here soor	n, we will have to start the	meeting without him.	
A. Suppose	B. Provided	C. Unless	D. If
18. If my client me	her fax number, I	to post a letter to her.	
A. gave,/ will not hav	/e	B. will give / do not ha	ve
C. had given / would	n't have had	D. had given / will not	have had
19. Ms Young, to n	nany of her students are wi	riting, is living happily an	d peacefully in Canada.
A. who	B. whom	C. that	D. whose
20. We have learned English	since wein the	sixth form.	
A. are	B. were	C. had been	D. have been

21. He is the man c	ar was stolen last week.		
A. whom	B. that	C. which	D. whose
22. Kim: "What	this weekend?" - Sally:	"Oh, we're going huntin	g. It's fantastic!"
A. are you doing	B. are you going	C. would you do	D. do you go
23. Nam:" Hello! My name	is Nam. Nice to meet you'	' - Mai: " Hello	"
A. I'm fine		B. Really?	
C. Good!		D. I'm Mai. Glad to me	eet you
24. Tommy left high school	the age s	seventeen.	
A. at / of	B. in / for	C. on / with	D. of / in
25. Maria: "Thanks for the lo	ovely evening" - Diana:"_	".	
A. No, it's not good		B. I'm glad you enjoye	d it
C. Yes, it's really gre	eat	D. Oh, that's right	
26. The preparations	_ by the time the guests	·	
A. had been finished	/ arrived	B. have finished / arriv	ed
C. had finished / wer	e arriving	D. have been finished /	were arrived
27. Kenvin: "Let's go to the	movie now" - Lan: " Oh!_	"	
A. I don't	B. I need it	C. Why's that	D. It's a good idea
28. Nam: "Whose book is the	nis?" - Mai: "	" -	
A. No, It's over there	B. It's my mother's	C. It's just outside	D. It's my mother
29. When Ito visi	t her yesterday, she	a party.	
A. come / was prepar	redB. came / prepared	C. came / was preparin	g D. came/has prepared
30. Reagan an acto	r years ago.		
A. is said to be	B. is said to have been	C. was said have been	D. was said being
31. He didn't get the job	he had all the ne	ecessary qualifications.	
A. in spite of	B. although	C. because	D. because of
Choose the underlined par	t that needs correction.		
32. We all know <u>that</u> we hav	te to work <u>hardly</u> to earn a	living <u>ourselves</u> and <u>supp</u>	ort the family.
А	В	C D	
33. <u>Anyone where works is a</u>	regarded as a useful membe	er <u>of our society</u> .	
A B	С	D	
34. Old people in my country	<u>y</u> always <u>looks forward to</u> t	heir retirement so that the	ey can travel.
A B C	D		
35. Economic reforms are of	ten carried for to promote	the developing of a count	<u>ry</u> .



Α

D

С

36. He was so ill that he could not do his final examination and cancelled it to the next year.

A B C D

Choose the sentence that is closest in the meaning to the root one.

B

37. The last time when I saw her was three years ago.

A. I have often seen her for the last three years.

B. About three years ago, I used to meet her.

C. I have not seen her for three years.

D. I saw her three years ago and will never meet her again.

38. In spite of all our efforts, we failed in the final match.

A. Although we tried very hard, we failed in the final match.

B. We made all our efforts so that we could again success in the final match.

C. Whatever efforts we had made, we weren't able to win in the final match.

D. We failed in the final match as a result of all our great efforts.

39. Vietnam / almost / students / stay / universities / for / four / five / years.

A. At Vietnam, almost students stay in universities for four or five years.

B. In Vietnam, almost students stay at universities for four or five years.

C. In Vietnam, almost students stay for four or five years at universities.

D. Almost students stay at universities in Vietnam for four or five years.

40. You / find / much / possible / job / vacancy.

A. You should find as much as possible about the job and the vacancy.

B. You should find out much possible about the job and the vacancy.

C. You should find out as much as possible about the job and the vacancy.

D. You should find out much as possible about the job and the vacancy.

Read the passage and choose the best answers:

A student learning English occasionally meets the following problems when he (46)______to talks and lectures. It is difficult to decide where one word finishes and the next one starts. In speech, many sounds (47)______a student difficulty and he fails to identify them. Some words in English, which occur very commonly, have a weak form. An overseas student identifies them with difficulty. (48)______addition, many students sometimes do not hear the unstressed syllable in a word. This problem never arises in print.

The lecturer (49)______uses an informal style and who pronounces his vowels with a strong accent will be difficult to follow. A student takes notes more (50)_____ when the lecturer speaks with a BBC accent.

41.	A. speaks	B. hears	C. wants	D. listens
42.	A. make	B. cause	C. do	D. create
43.	A. In	B. For	C. On	D. With
44.	A. which	B. who	C. whose	D. when
45.	A. carefully	B. easily	C. terribly	D. carelessly

Read the passage and choose the best answers:

Instructors at American colleges and universities use many different teaching methods. Some instructors give assignments every day. They grade homework. Students in their classes have to take many quizzes, a midterm exam, and a final test. Other instructors give only writing assignments. Some teachers always follow a course outline and usually use the text book. Others send students to the library for assignment.

The atmosphere in some classrooms is very formal. Students call their instructors "Professor Smith," "Mrs. Jones", and so on. Some teachers wear business clothes and give lectures. Others classrooms have an informal atmosphere. Students and teachers discuss their ideas. Instructors dress informally, and students call them by their first names. American teachers are not alike in their teaching styles.

At most American colleges and universities, facilities for learning and recreation are available to students. Students can often use type-writers, tape recorders, video machines, and computers at libraries and learning centres. They can buy books, notebooks, and other things at campus stores. They can get advice on their problems from councelors and individual help with their classes from tutors. Students can relax and have fun on campus, too. Some schools have swimming pools and tennis courts. Most have snack bars or cafeterias.

46. What is the first paragraph about?

A. Ways of using the textbook

B. Ways of giving assignment

C. Ways of teaching

D. Ways of taking an exam

47. Which of the following statements is true?

A. American students can call their teachers by their first names.

- B. The atmosphere in the American classrooms is always relaxed and friendly.
- C. American teachers do not dress informally.
- D. The atmosphere in America classrooms is always formal.
- **48.** What does the word "business clothes" in the paragraph 2 mean?

A. clothes that only business people wear

B. trendy clothes

C. casual clothes D. formal clothes

49. What can't students do at most American colleges and universities?

A. bring the computers at the libraries home.

B. ask their councellors and tutors for advice.

C. use the computers that are linked to libraries.

D. have tutors and councelors solved their problems.

50. Which of the following statements is false about schools in America?

A. They are well equipped.

B. They have stores on campus.

C. They have no recreation facilities.

D. They offer sports and leisure facilities for students.

ĐÊ 10

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently form that of the rest.				
1.	A. advis <u>es</u>	B. rais <u>es</u>	C. devis <u>es</u>	D. go <u>es</u>
2.	A. r <u>o</u> se	B. lose	C. cl <u>o</u> se	D. ch <u>o</u> se
Cho	ose the word (A, B, C or	· D) that has different st	ress from that of the res	st.
3.	A. express	B. effort	C. office	D. comment
4.	A. economic	B. experience	C. entertainment	D. introduction
5.	A. history	B. depression	C. invention	D. completely
Choose the answer (A, B, C or D) that best completes each of the following sentences.				
6. He has just come back from London,is the capital of England.				
	A. that	B. which	C. where	D. in which
7. No	o one can predict the futu	re exactly. Things may h	appen	
	A. expected	B. unexpected	C. expectedly	D. unexpectedly
<mark>8.</mark> M	s Young, to man	ny of her students are wri	ting, is living happily and	l peacefully in Canada.
	A. who	B. whom	C. that	D. whose
9. Af	fter a few decades of the	economic reforms, Vietna	am has increased the livir	ng of people.
	A. surfaces	B. standards	C. levels	D. backgrounds
10. I	10. In five more minutes, theyfor three hours on the phone.			
	A. are talking	B. have talked	C. will have been talkin	g D. will talk
11. N	Nam: What do you think a	about his story? - Tan:	, it's not true	2.
	A. In my opinion	B. I think	C. According to me	D. I don't think

12. If she the train	last night, she	here now.	
A. took / were		B. were taking / is	
C. had taken / would	have been	D. had taken / would b	e
13 speaking, I do	not really like my present	job.	
A. Honest	B. Honestly	C. Honesty	D. Dishonest
14. A letter of is s	ometimes really necessary	for you in a job interview	ν.
A. recommend	B. recommended	C. recommender	D. recommendation
15 if he comes lat	e?		
A. What you would d	o B. What would you do	C. What will you do	D. What you will do
16. Some days of rest may	nelp to the pressu	re of work.	
A. reduce	B. lower	C. chop	D. increase
17. A is an official of	locument that you receive w	hen you have completed a	course of study or training.
A. vocation	B. subject	C. certificate	D. grade
18. John: What a nice watch	n you are wearing, Mary! -	Mary:	·
A. Thank you. I hope	you like it.	B. I don't think it's nic	ce
C. No, I don't think s	0	D. Oh, that's right	
19. He is very worried	his new job because h	e is not quite prepared _	working.
A. on / over	B. to / off	C. about / for	D. in / at
20. Mai: Can you lend me s	ome money, Lan? - Lan:	•	
	.		
A. I don't have any n	-	B. Certainly. Here you	are.
A. I don't have any m C. No, I can't	-		are.
	noney	B. Certainly. Here you	are.
C. No, I can't	noney	B. Certainly. Here you	are.
C. No, I can't 21. If I 10 years ye	noney	B. Certainly. Here you D. Yes, I can	are.
C. No, I can't 21. If I 10 years ye A. am / will take	noney ounger, I the job. we taken	 B. Certainly. Here you D. Yes, I can B. was / have taken D. were / would take 	are.
C. No, I can't 21. If I 10 years ye A. am / will take C. had been / will hav 22. When I up this	noney ounger, I the job. we taken	 B. Certainly. Here you D. Yes, I can B. was / have taken D. were / would take already. 	
C. No, I can't 21. If I 10 years ye A. am / will take C. had been / will hav 22. When I up this	noney ounger, I the job. ve taken s morning, my roommate _ s B. wake / has left	 B. Certainly. Here you D. Yes, I can B. was / have taken D. were / would take already. 	
C. No, I can't 21. If I 10 years ye A. am / will take C. had been / will hav 22. When I up this A. am waking / leave	noney ounger, I the job. ve taken s morning, my roommate _ s B. wake / has left	 B. Certainly. Here you D. Yes, I can B. was / have taken D. were / would take already. 	
C. No, I can't 21. If I 10 years ye A. am / will take C. had been / will hav 22. When I up this A. am waking / leave 23. I think we	noney bunger, I the job. we taken s morning, my roommate s B. wake / has left from her soon. B. will hear	 B. Certainly. Here you D. Yes, I can B. was / have taken D. were / would take already. C. woke / had left C. have heard 	D. was waking / left
C. No, I can't 21. If I 10 years ye A. am / will take C. had been / will hav 22. When I up this A. am waking / leave 23. I think we A. hear	noney bunger, I the job. we taken s morning, my roommate s B. wake / has left from her soon. B. will hear	 B. Certainly. Here you D. Yes, I can B. was / have taken D. were / would take already. C. woke / had left C. have heard 	D. was waking / left
C. No, I can't 21. If I 10 years ye A. am / will take C. had been / will hav 22. When I up this A. am waking / leave 23. I think we A. hear 24. Robert wanted to know	noney punger, I the job. ve taken s morning, my roommate _ s B. wake / has left _ from her soon. B. will hear if I would leave the B. ago	 B. Certainly. Here you D. Yes, I can B. was / have taken D. were / would take already. C. woke / had left C. have heard Friday. 	D. was waking / left D. will have heard
C. No, I can't 21. If I 10 years years years with the formation of	noney punger, I the job. ve taken s morning, my roommate _ s B. wake / has left _ from her soon. B. will hear if I would leave the B. ago	 B. Certainly. Here you D. Yes, I can B. was / have taken D. were / would take already. C. woke / had left C. have heard Friday. 	D. was waking / left D. will have heard

	A. importance	B. important	C. importantly	D. unimportant
27	instructed me h	ow to make a good prepar	ation for a job interview	
	A. John Robbins to	that I spoke by telephone	B. John Robbins, th	at I spoke to by telephone
	C. John Robbins, to	who I spoke by telephone	D. John Robbins, w	hom I spoke to by telephone
28. 9	She is the eldest in her	house, so she has to look	her brother v	when her parents go out.
	A. for	B. at	C. up	D. after
29. /	A taxi crashed into	tree	_driver was badly injure	d.
	A. a / a	B. a / the	C. the / a	D. the / the
30. 7	The economic renovati	on in Vietnamin	December, 1986 by the V	Vietnamese Communist
Part	у.			
	A. initiated	B. was initiating	C. was initiated	D. had initiated
Cho	ose the best answer (A, B, C or D) for each of	the following question	IS:
31.	"What did you do last	weekend, Tim?" Alice as	ked.	
	A. Alice asked Tim	what did he do last weeke	nd.	
	B. Alice asked Tim	what he had done last wee	ekend.	
	C. Alice asked Tim	what he had done the prev	vious weekend.	
	D. Alice asked Tim	what had he done the prev	vious weekend.	
32.]	People say that Vietna	mese students are not well	l-prepared for their futur	re jobs.
	A. Vietnamese stude	ents are said not to be well	l-prepared for their futur	e jobs.
	B. Vietnamese stude	ents are said to be not well	-prepared for their futur	e jobs.
	C. Vietnamese stude	ents say not to be well-pre	pared for their future jol	08.
	D. Vietnamese stude	ents say to be not well-pre	pared for their future jo	os.
33. '	'Why don't you ask the	e teacher for help?" Peter	asked me.	
	A. Peter advised me	to ask the teacher for help	р.	
	B. Peter recommend	led me not to ask the teach	ner for help.,	
	C. Peter told me the	reason why I did not ask	the teacher for help.	
	D. Peter suggested t	hat he should ask the teach	her for help.	
34.]	f it does not rain tomo	prrow, we will water the g	arden.	
	A. Unless it rain ton	norrow, we will water the	garden.	
	B. Unless it does rai	n tomorrow, we will wate	r the garden.	
	C. Unless it rains to	morrow, we will water the	e garden.	
	D. Unless it rains to	morrow, we will not wate	r the garden.	

35. Because he came to class late, the teacher punished him.

А

В

Α

A. The teacher punished him if he came to class late.

B. The teacher would punish him if he came to class late

C. The teacher would not punish him if he did not come to class late.

D. The teacher would not have punished him if he had not come to class late.

36. Qualifications and experience / two elements / help us / get good jobs easily.

A. Qualifications and experience are two elements help us get good jobs easily.

B. Qualifications and experience are two elements helping us get good jobs easily.

C. Qualifications and experience are two elements which helps us get good jobs easily.

D. Qualifications and experience are two elements helped us get good jobs easily.

Choose the underlined part (A, B, C or D) in each sentence that needs correction.

37. Although they <u>always</u> argue <u>with</u> each other, <u>but</u> they are good <u>friends</u>.

B

38. <u>More school</u> have <u>been built</u> recently <u>to make</u> it convenient for children <u>to go</u> to school.

39. My sister works <u>for</u> a foreign company <u>in</u> Ho Chi Minh City, <u>where</u> is one of the biggest <u>cities</u> in Vietnam.

C

D

D

A B C D

С

40. Since they <u>study</u> in <u>the same</u> primary school, <u>they</u> have <u>known</u> each other.

A B C D

Choose the word or phrase that best fits each space in the following passage

Many people love boats. Going out on the water (41) ______ a warm summer day is a lot of fun. (42) _______, different people like different kinds of boats. Two of the most popular kinds of boat are sailboats and speedboats. Sailboats use the (43) ______ to give them power. They only have small engines. In contrast, speedboats have large engines and go very fast. Furthermore, speedboats are usually not as (44) ______ as sailboats. Speedboats are small so that they can go fast. Sailboats, on the other hand, are big so that they are more comfortable. (45) ______, sailboats can travel into the ocean, but this would be very dangerous in a speedboat. You can only use speedboats on rivers or lakes.

41.	A. at	B. on	C. in	D. while
42.	A. However	B. Although	C. Because	D. Unless
43.	A. water	B. speed	C. weather	D. wind
44.	A. small	B. fast	C. warm	D. big
45.	B. Unfortunately	B. At first	C. In addition	D. Except for

Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D

Diwali is a main Hindu festival. It is known as the "Festival of Lights". It makes the victory of good over evil. In other words, lights are symbols of victory of brightness over darkness. People in India turn on lamps in every house and watch firecrackers in the night sky. These lights are a way showing *honor* to the gods of India for giving the people health, knowledge, riches and peace.

On the day of Diwali, *children* get up at 3:00 a.m and take a bath. They dress up in festival clothes, light up the candles and share sweets. There is competition among the children to light the first firecracker and to make the loudest noise. Soon, the whole sky is bright. Children seem to have the most fun during this festival.

46. What does the passage mainly discuss ?

- A. Unity among the people in India
- B. A way that children in India have fun
- C. How a festival in India is celebrated
- D. The meaning of lamplighting and firecrackers in India.
- 47. The world *honor* in the first paragraph 1 is closet in meaning to

A. 1	pride I	B. respect	C. satisfaction	D. understanding

48. All of the following are true of the festival **EXCEPT**_____.

- A. giving thanks to Gods
- B. lighting up candles
- C. exploding firecrackers
- D. having sports competition between children
- **49.** The author's main purpose in paragraph 1 is
 - A. to show different types of lights in Diwali
 - B. to point out that the Diwali is an unusual holiday
 - C. to explain the meaning of Diwali
 - D. to give evidence that Diwali is celebrated at night
- 50. Why does the author mention *children* in paragraph 2?
 - A. To focus that Diwali is a noisy festival
 - B. To indicate that children enjoy the holiday of Diwali a lot
 - C. To explain that the Diwali is a time for competition
 - D. To indicate that the holiday is dangerous for children

ÐÈ 11

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

1.	A. n <u>ur</u> sery	B. w <u>or</u> k	C. exc <u>ur</u> sion	D. c <u>er</u> tificate	
2.	A. <u>application</u>	B. <u>a</u> pply	C. <u>a</u> pplicant	D. <u>a</u> pplicator	
Choo	se the word that has th	e main stress position d	ifferently from that of t	he rest.	
3.	A. campus	B. certificate	C. performance	D. acceptance	
4.	A. impression	B. existence	C. compulsory	D. creativity	
5.	A. reform	B. improve	C. dominate	D. adopt	
Choose the correct answer to each of the following questions.					
6. He	warned her	the wire.			
	A. not touching	B. not touch	C. touch	D. not to touch	
7. Hu	rry up! It's time we	for next week's e	examination.		
	A. have studied	B. studied	C. had studied	D. will study	
<mark>8.</mark> Wh	nen Jackme	, Ia letter.			
	A. phoned/ has been w	vriting	B. has phoned/ was wri	ting	
	C. phoned/ was writin	g D. was phoning/ wrote			
9. Be	9. Be quiet! The baby				
	A. is sleeping	B. slept	C. was sleeping	D. sleeps	
10. Y	ou should find out as mu	uch as about the job and t	he <u>vacancy</u>		
	A. jobs are advertised		B. a job that is available	е.	
	C. a seat that is available	ble	D. an empty seat.		
11. W	ould you mind show me	eto work the	e lift?		
	A. where	B. how	C. what	D. why	
12. Tl	he academic year in Eng	landinto thr	ee terms.		
	A. has divided	B. is divided	C. divides	D. is dividing	
13. M	ly mother tells me that s	hesince she	was four.		
	A. has been singing	B. has been sung	C. sang	D. had sung	
14. W	e saw many soldiers and	d horseswer	e moving to the front line	2.	
	A. which	B. whom	C. who	D. that	
15. Tı	ry these cakes ! They are	efrom wheat	flour.		
	A. done	B. made	C. taken	D. baked	
16. A	surprise party	by my students tomor	TOW.		
	A. is going to be organ	nized	B. is gone to organize		
	C. is going to organize	e D. a and b are correct			
17. So	chooling isf	or all English children fro	om the age of five to sixte	een.	

A. compulsory	B. advised	C. selected	D. encouraged
18. Because of the coming examination, I am under a lot of study			
A. responsibility	B. pressure	C. confidence	D. activities
19. Had I known she was sick , Iher.			
A. visited	B. had visited	C. would have visited	D. would visit
20. "" the doctor advised his patient.			
A. You had better stop drinking		B. I would like you to drink	
C. You had better to drink		D. Please drink some more	
21. "I will do it for you, Mary", Peter said.			
A. Peter advised Mary to do it		B. Peter advised Mary not to do it.	
C. Peter promised to do it for Mary		D. Peter wanted Mary to do it.	
22. Some snakes are poisonous,others are harmless.			
A. but	B. so	C. for	D. although
23. Please don't enter	knocking.		
A. with	B. without	C. except for	D. by
24. "Thanks for your help!" ""			
A. With all my heart	B. Never mind me	C. It's my pleasure	D. All it is for you
25. "How do you get to work?" "		···	
A. It is very far		B. About two kilometers.	
C. I walk, of course		D. I was taken there.	
26. "I have just passed my English proficiency test."			
A. Congratulations !		B. It's nice of you to say so!	
C. That's a good idea! D. Ok! I'm enjoying in it!			
27. "Happy New Year! " ""			
A. Thank you, I am very happy to hear that.			
B. Thank you, I am too.			
C. Thank you, the same to you.			
D. Thank you. I wish you a happy birthday.			
28. "I am expecting a baby." ""			
A. Good luck! Boy or girl?			
B. Happy to hear that.			
C. When will you give birth to a baby?			
D. That's wonderful news! When's it due?			

Choose the sentence that is closest in the meaning to the root one.

29. I can't do the test because it is too difficult.

- A. If the test weren't too difficult, I can do it.
- B. If the test hadn't been too difficult, I could do it.
- C. If the test weren't too difficult, I could do it.
- D. If the test isn't too difficult, I can do it.

30. They are *cleaning* the kitchen now.

A. The kitchen is now cleaned.

- B. The kitchen is cleaning now.
- C. The kitchen is been cleaning now.
- D. The kitchen is being cleaned now.

31. Opinion/ his performance / good.

A. My opinion was good at his performance.

B. For my opinion, his performance was good.

C. In my opinion, I think his performance was good.

D. In my opinion, his performance was good.

- **32.** He/ afraid/ sack/ lack of education.
 - A. He is afraid that he sacks lack of education.
 - B. He is afraid of sacking due to lack of education.
 - C. He is afraid of being sacked for lack of education.
 - D. He is afraid of being sacked because he lacks of education.

33. Without transportation, our modern society could not exist.

A. Our modern society could not exist if there is no transportation.

B. Our modern society will not exist without having transportation.

C. If there were no transportation, our modern society would not exist.

D. If transportation no longer exists, our modern society will not exist.

34. "You'd better think carefully before applying for that job." She said to me.

- A. She said me to think carefully before applying for that job.
- B. She says me to think carefully before applying for that job.
- C. She advise me to think carefully before applying for that job.
- D. She advised me to think carefully before applying for that job.

35. *The USA is a country of high youth unemployment.*

A. The USA is a country of young people.
B. It is the USA that has a great number of young people. C. High youth unemployment is found in the USA. D. We find high youth unemployment a problem in the USA Choose the underlined part that needs correction. 36. Buying clothes are often a very time- consuming practice because those clothes that В С А a person likes are rarely the one that fit him or her. D **37.** After she <u>had bought <u>himself</u> a new automobile, <u>she sold her</u> bicycle.</u> В С D Α **38.** After George <u>had returned to his house</u>, <u>he was reading</u> a book. А С D В **39.** We had better to review this chapter carefully because we will have some questions on it on А В С D our test tomorrow. 40. Stuart stopped to write his letter because he had to leave for the hospital. В С D Α Choose the correct word for each of the blanks.

BEFORE THE INTERVIEW

You should find out as much as possible about the job and the (41)______. Before the interview, you have to send a letter of application and your resumes to the company to express your interest in the job and (42) ______ that you may be the most suitable candidate for the position.

When you come to the interview, remember (43) ______with you your school certificates and letter of recommendation from your teachers or your previous employers. (44) _____you may jot down your qualifications and experience that can relate to the job and prepare for the questions that are often asked during the interview. Make sure you know where the interview is and (45) ______there. Be on time or a few minutes early. Don't forget to dress neatly and formally.

41.	A. vacancy	B. career	C. profession	D. place.
42.	A. showing	B. to show	C. shown	D. show
43.	A. to bring	B. bringing	C. brought	D. bring
44.	A. Although	B. In addition	C. however	D. And
45.	A. how to get	B. how getting	C. way getting	D. to get

Choose the correct answer to each of the questions.

If parents bring up a child with the aim of turning the child into a genius, they will cause great damage to him. According to several leading educational psychologist, this is one of the biggest mistakes which some parents make. Generally the child will understand very well the parents expect and will fail. Unrealistic parental expectations can cause great damage to their children.

However, if parents are not unrealistic about what they expect their children to do, but are hopeful in a sensible way, the child may succeed in doing very well especially if the parents are very supportive of their children.

Michael Li is very lucky. He is very fond of music, and his parents help him a lot by taking him to concerts and arranging private piano and violin lessons. Although Michael's play the trumpet in a large orchestra, he never makes Michael enter music competitions if he is unwilling.

Michael's friend, Winston Chen, however, is not so lucky. Although both his parents are successful musicians, they set too high a standard for Winston. They want their son to be as successful as they are and so they enter him in every piano competition held. They are very unhappy when he does not win. " when I was your age, I used to win every competition I enter," Winton's father tells him. Winston is always afraid that he will disappoint his parents and now he always seems quiet and unhappy.

46. The main idea of the passage is______.

A. how parents should make a child a musician.

B. how parents should bring up a child.

C. what differences there are between two kinds of parents.

D. what aim of a child can be much earlier to reach.

47. Michael is lucky because_____

A. His parents help him in a sensible way. B. His family is rich enough to have a car.

C. His father is a musician in an orchestra. D. He is free to do anything that he likes best.

48. Winton's parents set so high a standard for him that ______.

A. He has to do his best to do everything.

B. He has made greater progress in music.

C. He is afraid that he may disappoint them

D. He often want to kill himself someday.

49. It is one of parents' mistakes if

A. they want their child to be a musician.

B. They help their child to win music competition.

C. They don't care for their child's education much.

D. They make their child try to achieve too much.

50. A	ccording to the author'	s opinion,	·		
A. It is unimportant to let the child develop in the way they want.					
	B. Parents should be supportive of their children.				
	C. All sensible paren	ts can train their children t	to success in everything.		
D. Unrealistic parents should arrange private lessons for their children.					
ĐÊ 12	2				
Choo	se the word that is sti	ressed differently from th	e rest.		
1.	A. economy	B. economics	C. technologically	D. institution	
2.	A. university	B. international	C. agricultural	D. philosophy	
Choo	se the word whose un	derlined part is pronoun	ced differently from tha	at of the rest.	
3.	A. achiev <u>ed</u>	B. advanced	C. requir <u>ed</u>	D. repli <u>ed</u>	
4.	A. explanation	B. <u>e</u> xperience	C. <u>e</u> xistence	D. <u>e</u> xciting	
5.	A. di <u>s</u> aster	B. cri <u>s</u> is	C. ba <u>s</u> ic	D. hand <u>s</u> ome	
Choo	se the best answer to	complete the blank in eac	ch of the following sente	ences.	
6. Be	cause a lack _	interest, tomorrow p	program has been called _		
	A. to/in /out	B. of/of /off	C. in/to /in	D. of/of/away.	
7. Sh	e will never try	that again. It was such a	a nasty experience.		
	A. to do	B. to be done	C. doing	D. do	
8. Le	t's go to the airport to	see her			
	A. through	B. back	C. off	D. to	
9. Tl	hose to go w	vith me, please raise your h	and.		
	A. wanting	B. who wants	C. who want	d. a & c are correct	
10. V	Vould you like to go to	the movies tomorrow? $-S$	Sure. By then I	my exam.	
	A. will finish	B. finished	C. will have finished	D. have finished	
11	the fifth lar	gest among the nine planet	ts that make up our solar	system.	
	A. The Earth is	B. the Earth being	C. that the Earth is	d. being the Earth	
12. A	at present Mary	her clothes. She	the clothes on S	unday.	
	A. is washing / often	washes	B. has washed / is ofter	n washing	
	C. was washing / has	s often washed	D. washes / often wash	ed	
13. T	"hey good pr	reparations before they	their final examina	tion yesterday.	
	A. made / had taken		B. have made / take		
	C. had made / took		D. will have made / hav	ve taken	
14. Let's <u>put off</u> that meeting to next Monday.					

A.	postpone	B. arrange	C. start	D. decide
15. Germa	an people always sa	ay Please when putting a	plate in front of a guest _	English people in
that case v	would say <i>Hope you</i>	ı enjoy it.		
A.	despite	B. when	C. while	D. though
16. They l	had a really good cl	nance of winning the natio	nal	
A.	competitor	B. competition	C. compete	D. competitive
17. Lan is	very sick now sinc	e she hasn't got used	the cold weather	the U.S.
A.	to / in	B. with / on	C. to / at	D. with / in
18. Many	women	the countryside have to	sufferdome	stic violence as they are
not aware	of their rights.			
A.	at / from	B. to / at	C. from / with	D. in / from
19. I like	toshop	ping in the city.		
a.	doing	B. do	C. making	D. make
20	garden looks	like a mess. Why don't ye	ou cutgrass?	
A.	a /a	B. a / the	C. the / the	D. x / x
21	friend of min	e gave meco	nical hat as a souvenir.	
A.	the / the	b. a / the	C. the / a	D. a /a
22. Even t	hough I kept apolo	gizing,		
A.	my friend forgives	me	B. my friend forgave me	2
C.	my friend does not	forgive me	D. my friend did not for	give me
23. Tom v	vas still keen on his	goalthe fact	that it was very hard to a	chieve.
A.	because	B. although	C. despite	D. in spite
24. He	for Canac	la two years ago and I	him since then.	
A.	left / did not see	B. has left / have not seen	n C. left / do not see	D. left / have not seen
25. The be	edroom needs	now.		
A.	decorate	B. decorated	C. decorating	D. to decorate
26. It is ve	ery kind of you	me a hand.		
A.	to give	B. given	C. giving	D. give
27. The vi	illagers in this com	nune continue to take part	in manycer	emonies.
A.	traditional	B. traditionally	C. untraditional	D. traditions
28. "Oh, r	no. Did I do that? I'	m sorry." – ""	,	
A.	Oh, that's alright.	It can happen to anyone.	B. Did i? I'm sorry.	
C.	I'm worried about	that.	D. No, of course not.	

29. "" – "Oh, thanks. I'm glad you like it."						
A. What does your house cost?			B. I like your house. It has nice view.			
C. I don	't know ho	w to get	t to your h	nouse.	D. Who designed	this beautiful house?
30. The air has become more and more <u>polluted</u> because of exhaust fumes from vehicles.						
A. prese	erved	B. w	vasted		C. contaminated	D. conserved
Choose the une	Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correction.					
31. Julie <u>failed</u>	her <u>driving</u>	test bec	cause she	hasn't prac	tised enough.	
А	В		С	D		
32. I <u>don't mine</u>	<u>d</u> a little <u>inc</u>	convenie	<u>ent but</u> thi	s is <u>imposs</u>	ible.	
А		В	С	D		
33. The doctor	called this i	morning	<u>g while</u> yo	u <u>slept</u> .		
	А	В	С	D		
34. <u>Someone</u> w	ould <u>tell</u> hi	m the <u>ar</u>	<u>nswer</u> , so	he <u>guessed</u>		
А	В		С	D		
35. <u>Unless</u> you don't know how to do this exercise, you can ask me.						
А		В			C D	

Choose the best answers to fill in the blanks:

Some people believe that soon schools will no longer be necessary. They say that (9) ______ the Internet and other new technologies, (10) ______ no longer any need for school buildings, formal class, or teachers. Perhaps this will be true one day, but this is hard to (11) ______ a world without schools. In fact, we need to look at how we can use new technology to make schools better, not (12) ______ them. We should invent a new kind of school that is (13) ______ to libraries, museums, science centers, laboratories, and even companies.

36.	A. despite	B. because of	C. thought	D. because
37.	A. there are	B. they are	C. it is	D. there is
38.	A. know	B. realize	C. imagine	D. consider
39.	A. to eliminate	B. eliminative	C. eliminator	D. elimination
40.	A. limited	B. linked	C. contributed	D. addressed

Read the passage and choose the best answers:

Before applying to a foreign university, one should consider the disadvantages of studying abroad. First, a student may feel lonely by being far home and friends. Also, difficulty in understanding a foreign language can be very disappointing and can affect the student's grades. It can be very

expensive to pay the costs of travel and housing in a different country. Finally, if there is an emergency at home, it will be hard to get home in a hurry.

However, studying in another country is advantageous in many ways. A student is exposed to a new culture. This culture teaches him or her about other people and other way of thinking, which can be promote friendships among countries. He can learn an new language which may be beneficial for keeping up with research after student has finished studying. He can learn experience not available in his country. The student may also get the opportunity to study at a university where leading expert in his field may be teaching. The leading expert can introduce the student to the most up-to-date finding of the tops researches in the field. Exposure to such available knowledge and insights into the field can aid the student in becoming an expert as well.

41. ______ to study abroad.

A. There are only disadvantages.

B. There are only advantages.

C. There are both advantages and disadvantages.

D. There are neither advantages nor advantages.

42. When studying abroad, a student ______.

A. is homesick and feel lonely

B. spends a lot of money for accommodation and transportation

C. cannot go home immediately in emergency.

D. All are correct.

43. When studying abroad, a student is exposed to a new culture that _____

A. has no advantage.

B. enriches his knowledge about people and other ways of thinking.

C. has no effects

D. causes some troubles

44. At a foreign university, a student _____.

A. can learn a foreign language.

C. has to learn his mother tongue

- B. cannot learn a foreign language
- D. doesn't have to learn a language

45. At a foreign university, a student may _____.

A. meet his neighbor

- B. travel a lot
- C. meet a leading expert in his field D. All are correct

Choose the sentence that is closest in the meaning to the root one.

46. "Would you like to stay for dinner?" she asked me.

- A. He asked me if I liked to stay for dinner.
- B. She was very kind to offer me the dinner.
- C. He offered me a dinner.
- D. She invited me to stay for dinner.
- **47.** "Whose car did you borrow last night?" I said to him.
 - A. I said to him whose car did he borrow last night.
 - B. I told him whose car had he borrowed the night before.
 - B. I ordered him whose car he had borrowed the night before.
 - C. I asked him whose car he had borrowed the night before.
- 48. if / I / have / money / I / buy / a new suit
 - A. If I had enough money, I will buy a new suit.
 - B. If I have enough money, I will buy a new suit.
 - C. If I have enough money, I would buy a new suit.
 - D. If I had enough money, I bought a new suit.
- **49.** "Do you enjoy living in the city?" asked the man.
 - A. The man asked if I enjoy living in the city.
 - B. The man wanted to know if I enjoy living in the city.
 - C. The man said whether I enjoy living in the city.
 - D. The man wanted to know whether I enjoyed living in the city.
- **50.** what / foreign / languages / taught / are / in / schools / your / country?
 - A. What foreign languages are taught in schools in your country?
 - B. What are foreign languages taught in schools in your country?
 - C. What languages foreign are taught in schools in your country?
 - D. What foreign languages are taught in your country in schools?

ĐÈ 13

Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest.

1.	A. economic	B. experience	C. entertainment	D. introduction
2.	A. achievement	B. communist	C. constantly	D. government
3.	A. heavy	B. major	C. program	D. reform
4.	A. production	B. consumer	C. domestic	D. business
5.	A. hospital	B. inflation	C. policy	D. constantly

Choose a, b, c, or d that best completes each unfinished sentence.

6. An 'A-level' in Mathematics or a/ an _____ qualification, is normally required.

	A. equal	B. same	C. equivalent	D. like		
7.	At the age of sixteen he	for a place at the	e University of Harvard.			
	A. expected	B. submitted	C. required	D. qualified		
8.	GCSEs are often a require	ement for taking A-levels	, a common type of univers	sity requirement.		
	A. entrance	B. enclose	C. attendance	D. assessment		
9.	GCSE courses are	in a variety of subjects,	which are usually decided	by the students themselves.		
	A. spent	B. taken	C. made	D. looked		
10.	GCSEs are not compulsor	y, but they are the most co	ommon qualification taken b	by 14-16-year-old students.		
	A. specialized	B. fulfilled	C. required	D. applied		
11.	11. Secondary education is the of education following primary school.					
	A. stage	B. step	C. level	D. standard		
12.	Then he'll know exactly	what's required	_ him. (esp passive)			
	A. of	B. in	C. with	D. for		
13.	That language center ha	s a wide variety	_ subjects for you to choo	se.		
	A. at	B. upon	C. of	D. about		
14.	14. I admired him for being so confident his age.					
	A. for	B. at	C. In	D. on		
15.	She is a slow student. Sl	ne seems to be unable to	concentrate on anything	in		
	A. particular	B. particularly	C. particularity	D. particularize		
16.	You should find a job to	live from your	r parents.			
	A. dependence	B. independence	C. independent	D. independently		
17.	Those who do well on the	ne test clearly have the _	fluency.			
	A. require	B. requirement	C. requisite	D. requiring		
18.	Most students	in UK prepare	carefully for A-level exar	ns.		
	A. the / $Ø$	B . \emptyset / the	C. \emptyset / an	D. the / an		
19.	Where is Peter? - He is	at school.				
	A. a	B. an	C. the	D. Ø		
		ous job, I would have wo	on a higher promotion and	I I in this		
unf	ortunate position now.					
	A. Unless I had stayed	d <i>I</i> am not	B. If I stayed / would no	ot be		
	C. If had I stayed / wi	ll not be	D. Had I stayed / would	l not be		
21.	If they down that	_	-	architecture left in the city.		
	A. tear	B. tore	C. torn	D. were torn		

22.	I can't stand him. If he	, I will quit.		
	A. is employed	B. employed	C. were employed	D. had employed
23.	Without my parents' supp	port, I my overs	seas study.	
	A. will not complete		B. did not complete	
	C. had not completed		D. would not have comp	oleted
24.	at home, I woul	ld enjoy my favourite sho	DW.	
	A. Suppose I am	B. Unless were I	C. Were I	D. If were I
25.	The man and his dogs	were buried in the	e demolished building aft	er the earthquake have
just	been rescued safely.			
	A. which	B. who	C. that	D. whom
26.	Since the global industria	alization, the number of a	animal species h	nave become extinct or
nea	rly extinct has increased.			
	A. which	B. when	C. why	D. whose
27.	Of my students, Betty is	the only one ha	s found a good job.	
	A. where	B. that	C. which	D. whose
28.	Have you ever visited Ne	ew York harbor	the famous Statue of Lib	perty stands?
	A. on where	B. that	C. on that	D. where
29.	Tell me the day	you want to leave.		
	A. which	B. when	C. in that	D. where
30.	That is the place	_ there used to be a mon	ument.	
	A. where	B. that	C. why	D. for which
31.	I could not eat]	l was very hungry.		
	A. even though	B. in spite	C. despite	D. in spite the fact that
32.	In spite, the bas	seball game was not canc	celled.	
	A. the rain	B. of the rain	C. it was raining	D. there was a rain
33.	he had enough	money, he refused to buy	y a new car.	
	A. In spite	B. In spite of	C. Despite	D. Although
34.	, he walked to the	ne station.		
	A. Despite being tired	B. Although to be tired	C. In spite being tired	D. Despite tired
35.	The children slept well, o	lespite		
	A. it was noise	B. the noise	C. of the noise	D. noisy
Err	or Identification.			

36. The General Certificate of Secondary Education (GCSE) is the name of a set of English

Α В qualifications, generally taking by secondary school students at the age of 15-16 in England. D C (taken) 37. When GCSEs are taken in secondary school, they can often combined with other B C Α qualifications, or diplomas. D 38. If you decide to take any examination system, you should make contact with the Admissions Α В Office to ask for an appropriate preparation for the subject whom you are planning to study. C D 39. Entry standards at Cambridge University require students who have studied to the highest Α В C level available for school students, and having achieved top grades. D 40. If you have already decided on a course that you would like to study at university, or we В Α C (we) recommend that you take a look at the course requirements first D

Read the two passages carefully and choose the correct answer.

There is no age requirement for admission to Cambridge University, although the vast majority of undergraduates are 18 years' or older when they come into residence. All applicants will need to demonstrate that they have the maturity and personal skills to cope with university level study. A student who will be over 21 on commencing a course is classified as a mature student.

In previous years, the University has had minimum entrance requirements for all applicants, known as matriculation requirements. These included the need for a qualification in English, a language other than English, and a mathematical or scientific subject. These requirements will be abolished from 2009 entry onwards.

Cambridge applicants are encouraged to study either four or five Advanced Subsidiary (AS) levels in Year 12. Applicants taking four subjects will not be disadvantaged compared with those taking five subjects. The university administration would normally expect A grades in subjects which are

particularly relevant to the course a student is applying for. More challenging offers may be set to ensure that an applicant can cope with pressure and the demands of exams.

Advanced Extension Awards (AEAs) are based on A level subject criteria and require no additional teaching or resources. They are designed to challenge the most able students and to provide opportunities for students to show logical and critical thinking skills and a greater depth of understanding than required at A level.

41. "There is no age requirement for admission to Cambridge University" means that _____.

A. All students studying at Cambridge University must be under 18 years old

B. Any students can enter Cambridge University regardless of the age

C. Any students who are admitted to Cambridge University have to meet age requirement.

D. very intelligent

D. All Cambridge higher students must be more than 20 years old

42. To enter Cambridge University, students must be _____.

A. very wealthy B. under the level of university study

C. mature and personally skillful

43. What is not a matriculation requirement to enter Cambridge University?

- A. A Bachelor of Art in Literature B. A language other than English
- C. A qualification in English D. A mathematical or, scientific subject

According to the third paragraph, _____.

- A. Studying at Cambridge University is not a difficult task.
- B. Examinations at Cambridge University are very difficult.
- C. Students at Cambridge University do not to encounter any pressure.
- D. Cambridge University does not require examinations.
- **44.** Advanced Extension Awards (AEAs) are for ______ students.

A. poor B. foreign C. elderly D. good

Fill in each numbered blank with one suitable word or phrase.

Here are tips that help succeed in your job interview:

Always arrive early. If you do not know where the organization is located, call for exact directions (46)_____ advance. Leave some extra time for any traffic, parking, or (47)_____ events. If you are running late, call right away and let someone know. The best time to arrive is approximately 5 - 10 minutes early. Give (48)_____ the time to read your resume one more time, to catch your breath, and to be ready for the interview. Once you are at the office, treat everyone you encounter with respect. Be (49)_____ to everyone as soon as you walk in the door.

Wear a professional business suit. This point should be emphasized enough. First impressions are extremely important in the interview process. Women should (50)_____ wearing too much jewelry or make up. Men should avoid flashy suits or wearing too much perfume. It is also important that you feel comfortable. While a suit is the standard interview attire in a business environment, if you think it is an informal environment, call before and ask. Regardless, you can never be overdressed if you are wearing a tailored suit.

45.	A. with	B. in	C. on	D. for	
46.	A. expected	B. unexpected	C. unexpectedly	D. expectedly	
47.	A. you	B. your	C. yours	D. yourself	
48.	A. pleasant	B. happy	C. disappointed	D. excited	
49.	A. avoid	B. suggest	C. enjoy	D. mind	
ÐÈ	14				
Ch	oose the word whose un	derlined part is pronou	nced differently.		
1.	A. d <u>a</u> nger	B. h <u>a</u> bitat	C. c <u>a</u> mpus	D. c <u>a</u> ctus	
2.	A. br <u>ea</u> th	B. thr <u>ea</u> ten	C. h <u>ea</u> lthy	D. gr <u>ea</u> t	
3.	A. w <u>i</u> ndsurfing	B. wilderness	C. rh <u>i</u> no	D. ph <u>i</u> losopher	
Ch	oose the word whose str	ess is different.			
4.	A. possible	B. important	C. together	D. familiar	
5.	A. supportive	B. responsibility	C. responsive	D. repairable	
Ch	oose the right word or p	hrase to complete the s	entences.		
6.	More and more trees in t	he area are found	from the effect of	f polluted air.	
	A. died	B. to be dying	C. having died	D. to be died	
7.	Martin tried on three jac	kets,fitted h	nim.		
	A. none	B. none of which	C. none of them	D. all of them.	
8.	I to the author	or if I thought he would p	publish the article.		
	A. write	B. am writing	C. would write	D. had written	
9.	After Mary	her degree, she intends	s to work in her father's	company.	
	A. will finish	B. is finishing	C. finishes	D. will have finished	
10.	The water will be further	r polluted unless some m	neasures		
	A. will be taken	B. are taken	C. were taken	D. had been taken	
11.	A: Could you pick me up	p at 6 o'clock? ~ B:	I'm still at the r	meeting then.	
	A. I think I couldn't	B. Yes, of course I cou	ld C. No problem	D. I'm afraid not	
12.	12. A: I'm terribly sorry I behaved in such a childish way. $\sim B$:				

	A. Don't say that	B. That's all right	C. You're welcome	D. Never mind
13.	A football fan is	has a strong inter	rest in football.	
	A. a thing that	B. something that	C. a person that	D. what
14.	He thought of his childh	ood he w	orked in the country.	
	A. when	B. where	C. why	D. which
15.	The children are all	beautiful clothes	on New Year's Day.	
	A. in	B. on	C. of	D. at
16.	Nowadays elephants are	one of thes	species in the world. The	ey need protecting.
	A. enlightened	B. expensive	C. endangered	D. enlarged
17.	What are the	_between women's in ol	d times and women in r	nodern times?
	A. differs	B. different	C. difference	D. differences
18.	In the past people believ	ed that women's	roles were as mothe	ers and wives.
	A. nature	B. natural	C. naturism	D. naturalist
19.	A skilled	_ will help candidates fe	el relaxed.	
	A. interview	B. interviewing	C. interviewee	D. interviewer
20.	He has just arrived, but h	ne talks as if he	all about that	
	A. know	B. knows	C. known.	D. knew
21.	Many of the	_ not expect to win.		
	A. participants in the	race do	B. participants in the	races does
	C. participants in the	race does	D. participant in the r	ace does
22.	He came home late, so I	asked him where	been.	
	A. he had	B. has he	C. he has	D. had he
23.	If you take a good book	on your hand, you will fi	nd it hard	·
	A. to pick it up	B. to put it down	C. to read it	D. to enjoy it
24.	An endangered species i	s a species	population is so small t	that is in danger of
bec	oming extinct.			
	A. whose	B. which	C. what	D. who
25.	Emily is motivated to stu	udy she know	s that a good education	can improve her life.
	A. therefore	B. because of	C. because	D. so
26.	She didn't get	well with her boss, s	so the left the company.	
	A. up	B. at	C. through	D. on
27.	If I cross a d	esert, I'd probably find a	camel and a guide.	
	A. am to	B. have to	C. would	D. had to

28.	number of bo	bys were swimming in the	lake, but I didn	't knowexact number of them		
	A. A / the	B. The / an	C. The / the	e D. A / an		
29.	The master	satisfied with his stude	ents' progress the	at he praised them in class.		
	A. was so	B. was so that	C. was such	h D. is such a		
30.	Come and sit down.	Have a cup of tea,	?			
	A. wouldn't you	B. will you	C. haven't	you D. do you		
31.	Warm your	_up before you jump into a	a swimming poo	l so that you won't be cold.		
	A. head	B. arms	C. feet	D. body		
32.	She has made an	for the job as a	a nursery teacher	r because she likes children.		
	A. apply	B. applicant	C. applicat	ion D. applicated		
Ch	oose the underlined	word or phrase in each	sentence that no	eeds correcting		
33.	George <u>has not</u> comp	pleted the assignment yet,	and Maria <u>hasn</u>	<u>'t neither</u> .		
	А	B C		D		
34.	As they grow older,	children in many cultures	taught not to rel	ly on <u>their parents</u> .		
	А		B C	D		
35.	After Tom returned	<u>to his house, he read</u> a boo	ok.			
	А	B C D				
Ch	oose the sentence that	at is similar in meaning t	to the one given	l		
36.	"Do you believe in v	what the boy says, Mary?"	' said Tom.			
	A. Tom asked Ma	ary to believe in what the l	boy said.			
	B. Tom asked Ma	rry if she believed in what	the boy said.			
	C. Tom said that I	Mary believed in what the	boy said.			
	D. Tom asked Ma	ary whether she believes in	n what the boy s	ays.		
37.	John is fat because h	ne eats so many chips.				
	A. If John doesn't eat so many chips, he will not be fat.					
	B. If John didn't eat so many chips, he would not be fat.					
	C. John is fat thou	igh he eats so many chips				
	D. being fat, John	eats so many chips.				
38.	People say he won a	lot of money on the lotter	ry.			
	A. He is said that	he won a lot of money on	the lottery.			
	B. He won a lot o	f money on the lottery, it	is said.			
	C. He is said to ha	ave won a lot of money or	n the lottery.			
	D. He was said to	win a lot of money on the	e lottery.			

39. He was very tired but he kept on working.

- A. Despite he was very tired, he kept on working.
- B. In spite of he was very tired, he kept on working.
- C. Though his tiredness, he kept on working.
- D. Although he was very tired, he kept on working.

40. He asked me where I had bought those English books.

- A. He asked me, "Where had I bought those English books?"
- B. He said to me, "Where did you buy these English books?"
- C. He said to me, "Where I bought these English books?"
- D. He asked me, "Where did I buy those English books?"

Fill each of the numbered blanks in the following passage with suitable words

TEENAGERS AND SPORT

It's quite rare to meet teenagers who don't like sports. When you are young, you know how important (41)______ to do physical exercise if you want to be healthy and strong, and for that reason you often concentrate on just one sport with so (42)______ enthusiasm that in the end you can't live without it. The problem is, though, that as you grow up you have less and less spare time. At your age you have to study harder if you want to get good marks to go to university, with perhaps only one afternoon a week to do any sport. This happens just when you are at the best (43)______ for many sports, such as gymnastics and swimming. By the time you finish all your studies you will probably be too old to be really good at sports like those, but if you spend enough time on (44)______ while you are young, then one day you will find that you are very good at your sport but too old to study, and you will find it (45) to get a good job. Somehow, it doesn't seem fair.

41.	A. this is	B. you are	C. it is	D. things are
42.	A. keen	B. many	C. great	D. much
43.	A. stage	B. age	C. period	D. time
44.	A. training	B. practice	C. exercise	D. sporting
45.	A. impractical	B. unlikely	C. improbable	D. impossible

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions below

THE WILD LIFE

Wild animals (and wild plants) and the wild places where they live are seriously **threatened** almost everywhere. One species has become extinct in each year of this century. But many hundreds are now in danger. Lack of attention would lead to the rapid advance of the process of extinction.

Already many kinds of wild animals has been so reduced in number that their role in the ecosystem is forgotten. Animals like the great apes, the whales, seals etc. thought to be in danger of extinction.

But even more important, perhaps than individual kinds of animals and plants, whole habitats are in danger of vanishing: marshes are being drained, and the world forests, especially tropical forests are being cut down to satisfy man's needs of timber and paper.

What would our world be like if all the wild animals and wild plants vanished?- Would our life still exist then?

46. What would happen to the human beings if the wild life vanished?

- A. Many species would quickly become extinct.
- B. The human life would be seriously threatened.
- C. Species would go on dying out.
- D. Tropical forests would be cut down.
- 47. What is more important than individual kinds of animals and plants?
 - A. the vanishing of whole habitats.
 - B. the extinction of many species.
 - C. the rapid advance of the process of extinction.
 - D. man's need of timber and paper.
- **48.** What does the writer caution us against?
 - A. cutting down the tropical forests. B. hunting wild animals.
 - C. draining marshes. D. destroying our environment.

49. What would happen if we cut down forests? ~ Cutting down forests would cause ______.

D. poisoned

- A. the changes of temperature. B. the flood
 - C. both A and B are correct. D. none are correct.

50. The verb "threatened" in the passage means ______.A. pollutedB. given fear toC. vanished

ÐÈ 15

I. PRONUNCIATION

Choose the word whose main stress is put differently from that of the others in the group.

1.	A. project	B. support	C. secure	D. believe	
2.	A. obedience	B. mischievous	C. biologist	D. decision	
Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.					
3.	A. f <u>a</u> mily	B. p <u>a</u> rents	C. h <u>a</u> ppy	D. fr <u>a</u> nkly	
4.	A. misch <u>ie</u> f	B. bel <u>ie</u> ve	C. obed <u>ie</u> nce	D. n <u>ie</u> ce	



5.	A. shift <u>s</u>	B. works	C. group <u>s</u>	D. hands	
II.	GRAMMAR & VOCA	BULARY			
Ch	oose the word, phrase o	or sentence a, b, c or d t	hat best completes each	unfinished sentence.	
6.	Many of our students co	ome poor families			
	A. in	B. for	C. from	D. over	
7.	Would you like to share	e your experiencet	he rest of the group?		
	A. with	B. to	C. among	D. of	
8.	We are a very fai	mily and support each ot	her through any crises. [c	risis]	
	A. old-established	B. well-to-do	C. hard-up	D. close-knit	
9.	–"Lorna, would you ple	ease drive me to class tod	lay? My car won't start"	_ ``''	
	A. Yes, I would.	B. I'd be glad to.	C. No, I wouldn't.	D. No idea	
10.	most men, my fa	ther enjoys cooking.			
	A. Not alike	B. Unlike	C. Unlikely	D. Dislike	
11.	Her family and friends	have given her lots of	·		
	A. support	B. supports	C. supporters	D. supportive	
12.	My mother often cooks	big meals, we have	ave leftovers for days.		
	A. however	B. despite	C. so	D. because	
13.	Our parents join hands	to give us a nice house a	nd a happy home.		
	A. deal with	B. manage	C. help together	D. work together	
14.	Mark enjoys having fun	by causing trouble. He's	s a very boy.		
	A. stubborn	B. mischievous	C. spoiled	D. bright	
15.	I the new Harry I	Potter book now, so you	can borrow my copy if yo	ou like.	
	A. finish	B. finished	C. am finished	D. have finished	
16.	As you your car	at the moment, can I bor	row it?		
	A. don't use	B. aren't using	C. haven't used	D. won't use	
17.	Look at the dirt on your	clothes! in the ga	urden again?		
	A. Do you dig	B. Are you digging	C. Have you dug	D. Have you been digging	
18.	In a break-in last week,	the burglars all m	y jewellery but left the pi	cture.	
	A. took	B. have taken	C. had taken	D. were taking	
19.	19. Come and see me when you your report.				
	A. finish	B. finished	C. will finish	D. had finished	
20.	was one of the	most difficult tasks pione	eers faced on their journey	vs west.	
	A. Crossing rivers	B. While crossing rivers	s C. Rivers being crossed	D. By crossing rivers	

21. Can you tell me who is responsible checking passports?				
A. to	B. in	C. about	D. for	
22. She is leaving her husband she cannot put up with his bad temper any longer.				
A. because	B. so that	C. although	D. so	
23. Steve is a married man.	He enjoys at ho	me with his wife and chil	dren.	
A. to be B. bein	g C. be D. been			
24. For security reasons, pa	ssengers are requested _	any luggage unatte	ended.	
A. not to leave	B. not leave	C. not leaving	D. don't leave	
25. irritating they a	re, you shouldn't lose yo	ur temper with your child	ren.	
A. No matter	B. However	C. Despite	D. Because of	
26. News in of a lan	ge fire in central Londor	1.		
A. is coming	B. are coming	C. have come	D. come	
27. Were you going to the l	anguage center l	saw you yesterday morn	ing?	
A. while	B. if	C. because	D. when	
28. If I a lot of mon	ey, I'd definitely stop we	orking.		
A. win	B. won	C. would won	D. had won	
29. After he had finished hi	s English course, he wer	t to Englandcont	inue his study.	
A. so as	B. in order	C. to	D. and	
30. I wish George t	o Italy with us.			
A. comes	B. has come	C. had come	D. will come	
31. Hardly anybody applied	l for the job.			
A. Nobody applied for	or the job because it was	hard.		
B. Anybody found it	hard to apply for the job			
C. Few applicants we	ere suitable for the job.			
D. There were very f	ew applicants for the job			
32. I'm sorry that I didn't fin	nish my homework last r	ight.		
A. If only I had finisl	ned my homework last n	ight.		
B. I promise to finish	all my homework from	now on.		
C. I regret that I finis	hed my homework last r	ight.		
D. I wish I didn't hav	e to do my homework la	st night.		
33. successful as a 1	husband than as a father.			
A. He is more	B. He is as	C. He is so	D. He is much	
34. You can enrich your kn	owledge to the r	adio.		

A. to li	sten	E	B. by lis	stening	C. t	ecause of listening	D. despit	e listening
35. , I	will hav	ve left for	the US	SA.				
A. Rec	viving th	nis letter			В. 7	To receive this letter	ſ	
C. You	receive	this lette	r		D. I	By the time you rec	eive this let	ter
Choose the u	ıderline	ed part i	n each	sentenc	e that shoul	d be corrected.		
36. <u>Average</u> f	amily si	ze has <u>in</u>	creased	<u>l from</u> th	e <u>Victorian</u>	era.		
А			В	С	D			
37. They pref	er <u>to sta</u>	<u>y in</u> their	home of	country	<u>because</u> farr	ily ties.		
	А	В	С		D			
38. In 1892, th	e first <u>lo</u>	ong-distan	i <u>ce</u> telep	phone lin	e <u>between</u> C	hicago and New Yo	rk was <u>form</u>	<u>ally opening</u> .
		А			В		С	D
39. There <u>are probably around</u> 3,000 languages <u>speaking in the world</u> .								
А		В			С	D		
40. The <u>devel</u>	opment_	<u>of</u> transis	stors m	ade <u>poss</u>	sible it to rec	luce the size of man	ny <u>electroni</u>	<u>c devices</u> .
	А				В	С	D	1

Choose the item (A, B, C or D) that best completes the unfinished statement.

The nuclear family, consisting of a mother, father, and their children, may be more an American ideal than an American reality. Of course, the so-called traditional American family was always more varied than we had been led to believe, reflecting the very different racial, ethnic, class, and religious customs among different American groups.

The most recent government statistics reveal that only about one third of all *current* American families fit the traditional mold and another third consists of married couples who either have no children or have none still living at home. Of the final one third, about 20 percent of the total number of American households are single people, usually women over sixty-five years of age. A small percentage, about 3 percent of the total, consists of unmarried people who choose to live together; and the rest, about 7 percent are single, usually divorced parents, with at least one child. Today, these varied family types are typical, and therefore, normal. Apparently, many Americans are achieving supportive relationships in family forms other than the traditional one.

41. With what topic is the passage mainly concerned?

- A. The traditional American family B. The
 - B. The nuclear family
 - C. The current American family D. The ideal family

42. The writer implies that _____.

A. there have always been a wide variety of family arrangement in the United States

B. racial, ethnic, and religious groups have preserved the traditional family structure

- C. the ideal American family is the best structure
- D. fewer married couples are having children
- **43.** The word 'current' in line 7 could best be replaced by which of the following?

	A. typical	B. present	C. perfect	D. traditional
44.	In the passage,	married couples whose	children have grown or who	have no children represent

A. 1/3 percent of householdsB. 20 percent of householdsC. 7 percent of householdsD. 3 percent of households

45. Who generally constitutes a one-person household?

- A. A single man in his twenties B. An elderly man
- C. A single woman in her late sixties D. A divorced woman

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C, or D) that best fits each space in the following passage.

In an age when technology is developing faster than ever before, many people are being (36)_____ to the idea of looking back into the past. One way they can do this is by investigating their own family history. They can try to (37)_____ out more about where their families came from and what they did. This is now a fast-growing hobby, especially in countries with a (38)_____ short history, like Australia and the United States. It is one thing to spend some time (39)_____ through a book on family history and to take the (40)_____ to investigate your own family's past. It is quite another to carry out the research work successfully.

46.	A. pushed	B. attracted	C. brought	D. considered
47.	A. lay	B. make	C. put	D. find
48.	A. fairly	B. greatly	C. mostly	D. widely
49.	A. seeing	B. moving	C. going	D. living
50.	A. idea	B. plan	C. purpose	D. decision

ÐÊ 16

I. PRONUNCIATION

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently.

1.	A. attr <u>a</u> ct	B. cl <u>a</u> p	C. w <u>a</u> ve	D. h <u>a</u> nd
2.	A. s <u>ig</u> nal	B. sl <u>i</u> ghtly	C. pol <u>i</u> te	D. exc <u>i</u> te
3.	A. allow <u>ed</u>	B. passed	C. argu <u>ed</u>	D. rais <u>ed</u>

Choose the word whose main stress is put differently.

4.	A. marvelous	B. assistant	C. maximum	D. argument
5.	A. apologetic	B. communicate	C. attention	D. appropriate
Cho	ose the best option t	o complete each of the	following sentences.	
6.	While studying, he wa	as financially dependent	his parents.	
	A. on	B. to	C. of	D. from
7.	It's rude to point	someone!		
	A. on	B. out	C. at	D. up
8.	The proposal will go a	ahead despite strong	from the public.	
	A. objections	B. objective	C. objectively	D. object
9.	Although I spoke to h	im many times, he neve	r paid any attention _	what I said.
	A. of	B. with	C. for	D. to
10.	As youthe tow	vn, you'll see the college	e on the left.	
	A. come	B. go	C. approach	D. get
11.	After listening	_ all the arguments, I an	n now of the opinion	that there should be no
new	road.			
	A. by	B. for	C. of	D. to
12.	The woman asked	get lunch at school		
	A. can the children.		B. whether the child	lren could
	C. if the children ca	an	D. could the childre	n
13.	Did they say they	me again?		
	A. will telephone	B. have telephoned	C. would phone	D. had phoned
14.	If he rich, he	a lot.		
	A. is/would travel	B. were/would travel	C. was/ traveled	D. had been/would travel
15.	Someone told us	on the stairs.		
	A. don't sit	B. not sit	C. not to sit	D. to not sit
16.	All the students denie	ed anything about	ut the matter.	
	A. to know	B. knowing	C. for knowing	D. that they know
17.	I asked him whose ca	r the previous d	ay.	
	A. he had borrowed	B. had he borrowed	C. did he borrowed	D. he would borrow
18.	The office reminded u	isthe money.		
	A. pay	B. paying	C. to pay	D. paid
19.	Why did you object_	the scheme for bu	uilding a kindergarter	in our neighborhood?
	A. to	B. against	C. at	D. in

20. _____ being a big star, she's very approachable. A. As B. Despite C. Because of D. Due to **21.** I make no ______ for encouraging my children to succeed in school. B. apologetic A. apologize C. apologies D. apoplectic **22.** "Would you mind lending me five dollars? I'm getting paid tomorrow." – " ." A. Not at all. B. Yes, thanks C. No, I don't mind. D. Good idea 23. "Mike, can you take these books back to the library for me? I'm running late." – " . " C. Never mind. A. I'm late too. Sorry. B. No, I can. D. I can **24.** The doctor has advised ______too much coffee. B. I don't drink A. me not drink C. me not drinking D. me not to drink **25.** ______ that we had to ask a police officer for directions. A. So confusing the map was B. So confusing was the map D. Such confusing was the map C. So was confusing the map **26.** The more they produced and consumed, _____. A. they were the more affluent B. the more affluent they were C. they were affluent more D. they were affluent **27.** They asked me _____ in Los Angeles then. A. whether was my father working B. if my father was working D. was my father working C. whether my father has been working **28.** She regretfully told him that _____. A. she would leave the tickets at home B. she left the tickets at home C. she would have left the tickets at home D. she had left the tickets at home **29.** Climbing without a safety rope is forbidden. A. You aren't allowed to climb without a safety rope. B. You don't permit to climb without a safety rope. C. You aren't forbidden climbing without a safety rope. D. You had better not climb with a safety rope. **30.** Nigel hasn't got satellite TV, so he can't watch the game. A. If Nigel has satellite TV, he can watch the game. B. If Nigel has got satellite TV, he could watch the game. C. If Nigel had satellite TV, he could have watched the game. D. If Nigel would have satellite TV, he could watch the game. **31.** Walking home alone is not a good idea.

A. You can't walk home alone.

- B. You mustn't walk home alone.
- C. You don't have to walk home alone. D. You shouldn't walk home alone.
- **32.** "Shall I help you with the washing-up, Jane?" John said.
 - A. John told Jane to help him with the washing-up.
 - B. John asked if Jane should help him with the washing-up.
 - C. John suggested helping Jane with the washing-up.
 - D. John offered to help Jane with the washing-up.

33. "What will you do if you have ten days off school?" he asked.

A. He asked me what will I do if I have ten days off school.

B. He asked what I will do if I have ten days off school.

C. He asked me what I would do if I had ten days off school.

D. He asked what would I do if I had ten days off school.

34. "You'd better apologize for being so rude," said my friend.

A. My friend advised me to apologize for being so rude.

B. My friend offered me to apologize for being so rude.

- C. My friend warned me to apologize for being so rude.
- D. My friend suggested me apologizing for being so rude.

35. "Good morning, Mary! How are you today?" Henry said.

- A. Henry said good morning Mary and asked how was she today.
- B. Henry greeted Mary and asked how is she today.
- C. Henry said good morning and asked Mary how she is that day.

D. Henry greeted Mary and asked how she was that day.

Choose the underlined part in each sentence that should be corrected.

36. She says that she <u>would</u> have <u>to close</u> the shop <u>unless</u> business <u>improves</u>.

B C D Α **37.** Every teacher <u>I've spoken</u> to <u>tell me</u> that <u>standards</u> of spelling <u>are in decline</u>. Α В С D **38.** They asked me how long did it take to get to Paris by train. Α В C D **39.** My mother told me to watch the milk and don't let it boil over. В С Α D 40. Some engineers have predicted that, within twenty years, automobiles will be make almost

В

completely of plastic.

D

Choose the item (A, B, C or D) that best completes the unfinished statement.

Sometimes people add to what they say even when they don't talk. Gestures are the "silent language" of every culture. We point a finger or move another part of the body to show what we want to say. It is important to know the body language of every country or we may be misunderstood. In the United States, people greet each other with a handshake in a formal introduction. The handshake must be firm. If the handshake is weak, it is a sign of weakness or unfriendliness. Friends may place a hand on the other's arm or shoulder. Some people, usually women, greet a friend with a hug.

Space is important to Americans. When two people talk to each other, they usually stand about two and a half feet away and at an angle, so they are not facing each other directly. Americans get uncomfortable when a person stands too close. They will move back to have their space. If Americans touch another person by accident, they say, "Pardon me." or "Excuse me." Americans like to look the other person in the eyes when they are talking. If you don't do so, it means you are bored, hiding something, or are not interested. But when you are stare at someone, it is not polite. For Americans, thumbs-up means yes, very good, or well done. Thumbs down means the opposite. To call a waiter, raise one hand to head level or above. To show you want the check, make a movement with your hands as if you are signing a piece of paper. It is all right to point at things but not at people with the hand and index finger. Americans shake their index finger at children when they scold them and pat them on the head when they admire them. Learning a culture's body language is sometimes confusing. If you don't know what to do, the safest thing to do is to smile.

[scold: rầy la; pat: vỗ nhẹ]

41. From the passage we can learn that_____.

- A. gestures don't mean anything while talking
- B. It's confusing to understand a culture's body language
- C. gestures can help us to express ourselves
- D. American people often use body language in communication
- **42.** If you are introduced to a stranger from the USA, you should ______.
 - A. greet him with a hug

- B. place a hand on his shoulder
- C. shake his hand weakly D. shake his hand firmly

43. American people often _____.

A. show their friendship by touching each other

- B. face each other directly when they are talking
- C. say "Pardon me" to each other when they are talking
- D. get uncomfortable when you stand or sit too close to them

44. When your friend give you a thumbs-up, he, in fact, .

A. shows his rudeness to you B. shows his anger to you

C. expresses his satisfaction to you D. expresses his worries about you

45. Which of the following is NOT true about the culture of the United States?

A. It's impolite to look the other person in the eyes while talking.

B. It's rude to look at the other person for a long time.

C. Pointing at someone is usually considered rude.

D. It's all right to raise your hand slightly when you want to attract the waiter's attention.

Choose the word or phrase that best fits each space in the following passage.

Years ago there were many social rules and etiquette procedures (46)______ introductions. Some formal introductions between two people were (47)______ by letter by third party. A person had to be very careful to weigh the importance of social class or status, age, and gender when deciding (48)______ person should be presented or introduced to the other person first. (49)_____, times have changed, and most of the social rules about introducing older people to younger ones, women to men, and those in higher positions to those in lower positions have changed, too. Many people now feel much more (50)_____ about making introductions.

Etiquette procedures: các thủ tục xã giao; gender: giới tính

A. involving	B. including	C. relating	D. mentioning
A. done	B. made	C. taken	D. served
A. that	B. who	C. whose	D. which
A. Therefore	B. In addition	C. However	D. Furthermore
A. anxious	B. relaxed	C. nervous	D. comfortable
	A. doneA. thatA. Therefore	A. doneB. madeA. thatB. whoA. ThereforeB. In addition	A. doneB. madeC. takenA. thatB. whoC. whoseA. ThereforeB. In additionC. However

ÐÈ 17

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1.	A. f <u>u</u> ture	B. res <u>u</u> me	C. press <u>u</u> re	D. enth <u>u</u> siasm
2.	A. <u>h</u> onest	B. <u>h</u> umour	C. <u>h</u> onour	D. <u>h</u> our
3.	A. whe <u>th</u> er	B. <u>th</u> ough	C. clo <u>th</u> es	D. en <u>th</u> usiast

Choose the word whose main stress is put differently from that of the others in the group.

4.	A. reduce	B. retail	C. repair	D. relate		
5.	A. advertise	B. qualify	C. recommend	D. interview		
II.	II. GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY					
6.	6. Since he went to university, Mike has become very interested environment issues.					
	A. in	B. on	C. at	D. for		
7.	How much you earn de	pends how fast you	ı can work.			
	A. in	B. on	C. of	D. to		
8.	The job offer was too g	ood for Jennifer to turn _				
	A. off	B. away <i>[dismiss]</i>	C. out [produce]	D. down [reject or		
ref	use]					
9.	A skilled will he	lp candidates feel relaxed				
	A. interview	B. interviewing	C. interviewee	D. interviewer		
10.	The company employs	a of nearly 5000.				
	A. workload	B. workman	C. workforce	D. workout		
11.	She applied the r	new post of training office	er.			
	A. to	B. for	C. with	D. by		
12.	People can speak	English can be understoo	od in many countries.			
	A. whose	B. who	C. whom	D. which		
13.	Do you remember Mr.	Darnell, taught us l	English Literature?			
	A. who	B. whom	C. that	D. which		
14.	Violent tropical storms	occur in western A	sia are called typhoons			
	A. that	B. it	C. which it	D. when it		
15. Martin tried on three jackets, fitted him.						
	Martin tried on three jac	ckets, fitted him.				
	A. none	ckets, fitted him. B. none of which	C. none of them	D. all of those		
16.	A. none			D. all of those		
16.	A. none	B. none of which		D. all of those D. to which		
	A. none Yesterday we visited th A. which	B. none of which e City Museum, I'd	l never been before. C. to that			
	A. none Yesterday we visited th A. which	B. none of which e City Museum, I'd B. that	l never been before. C. to that			
17.	A. none Yesterday we visited th A. which Bogota, is the ca A. who	 B. none of which e City Museum, I'd B. that pital of Colombia, is a co 	d never been before. C. to that smopolitan city. C. that	D. to which		
17.	A. none Yesterday we visited th A. which Bogota, is the ca A. who	 B. none of which e City Museum, I'd B. that pital of Colombia, is a co B. which 	d never been before. C. to that smopolitan city. C. that	D. to which		
17. 18.	A. none Yesterday we visited th A. which Bogota, is the ca A. who Neil Armstrong was the A. set	 B. none of which e City Museum, I'd B. that pital of Colombia, is a co B. which e first person foot d 	d never been before. C. to that smopolitan city. C. that on the moon. C. to set	D. to whichD. whereD. who was set		
17. 18.	A. none Yesterday we visited th A. which Bogota, is the ca A. who Neil Armstrong was the A. set	B. none of which e City Museum, I'd B. that pital of Colombia, is a co B. which e first person foot d B. setting	d never been before. C. to that smopolitan city. C. that on the moon. C. to set	D. to whichD. whereD. who was set		

A. whose house	B. the house of whom	C. who	D. of whom the house
21. The reason he was	as absent from school is th	nat he had an accident.	
A. why	B. in which	C. for	D. which
22. She is not very keen	going to Spain again	n so soon for holidays.	
A. for	B. on	C. of	D. to
23 accepting your of	ffer, I'd like to know a bit	more about the compa	ny.
A. In advance	B. In order to	C. Until	D. Before
24. Fred's yearly income	since he profe	ssions.	
A. nearly tripled - ch	anged	B. nearly tripled - ha	s changed
C. has nearly tripled	- changed	D. was tripled - chan	ged
25. He was offered the job	his poor qualificati	ons.	
A. due to	B. thanks to	C. despite	D. instead of
26. Jan appears so	me weight. Has she been	ill?	
A. having lost	B. having been lost	C. to have lost	D. to have been lost
27. received law	degrees as today.		
A. Never so many we	omen have	B. Never have so ma	ny women
C. the women have n	ever	D. Women who have	e ever
28. We were made	hard when we were at sc	chool.	
A. to study	B. study	C. studying	D. studied
29. a painter, bu	at he also took an interest	in the flight of birds.	
A. Not only Rembrar	ndt was	B. Although Rembrandt was	
C. Despite Rembrand	lt being	D. Not only was Rembrandt	
30. In 1636, Harvan	rd is one of the most famo	ous universities in the R	ed States.
A. Founding	B. Founded	C. To found	D. It was founded
31. Ricky Martin,n	nember of the band "Men	u Do", attained great p	opularity in the late 1990s.
A. who a former	B. a former	C. was a former	D. being former
32. Picasso,, lived u		·.	
A. which inspired ma		_	ired many other artists
C. inspired many oth		D. who was inspired many other artists	
33. When did you last ride			
A. How often did you		B. How long is it sin	
C. What time is it sin	-	D. How much time d	id you ride a bike ?
34. I didn't use to like footb	ball.		

A. I don't like football.

B. When I was young I liked football, but now I don't.

C. Once I didn't like football, but now I do.

D. I wasn't accustomed to football.

35. 'Would you like some coffee ?' Peter asked me.

A. Peter asked me if I liked coffee.

B. Peter offered to give me some coffee.

C. Peter asked me to make him a cup of coffee.

D. Peter wanted to know if I would like to make coffee.

Choose the underlined part in each sentence that should be corrected.

36. The manager <u>sent on</u> his new striker, <u>whose scored</u> a <u>brilliant</u> goal.

A B C

37. No one has said anything would persuade me to change my mind.

A B C D

38. It took them at least two months learning how to pronounce these words.

A B C D

39. Helen Keller, who was both blind and deafness, overcame her inabilities with the help of her teacher,

D

Ann Sullivan. A B C D

40. Lake Superior, that lies on the US Canadian border, is the largest lake in North America.

A B C

Choose the item (A, B, C or D) that best completes the unfinished statement.

Dear Sir,

I wish to apply for the post of clerk in the World Tours Travel Company. I am 18 years old and attended Greenhill College from 1984 to 1988. I passed my School Certificate in History, Geography, Science, Maths and Arabic. Then I got a job as a junior typist in the New Asia Export Company.

I can speak a little English but I am much better at reading books and letters in English. I know how to use a calculator and I am good at maths.

I am able to get on well with different kinds of people and I like hard work. I <u>look forward to</u> hearing from you soon.

Yours faithfully,

Nicolas Tolias (Ms)

41. What would Tolias like to do?

A. work for the World Tour Travel Company

D

	C. teach at Greenhi	ll College		D. apply for	Greenhill College
42.	She used to work				
	A. for the World To	our Travel Company		B. as a clerk	at the post office
	C. as a typist in The	e New Asia Export Compar	ny	D. as a teach	ner at Greenhill College
43.	She can do the follow:	ing things except			
	A. read English boo	oks and letters	B. us	e a calculator	
	C. do calculations		D. tea	ach English	
44.	Which of the followin	g is NOT TRUE about her?	2		
	A. She is at the age	of eighteen		B. She is bo	red with hard work
	C. she is friendly w	ith people			
	D. She speaks Engl	ish worse than she reads it			
45.	45. The phrase ' look forward to' is closest in meaning to				
	A. expect	B. dislike	C. sp	end	D. enjoy

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C, or D) that best fits each space in the following passage.

What sort of job should you look for? Much depends on your long-term aim. You need to ask (46)_____ whether you want to specialize in a particular field, work your way up to higher levels of responsibility or (47)____ of your current employment into a broader field.

This job will be studied very carefully when you send your letter of (48)_____ for your next job. It should show evidence of serious career planning. Most important, it should extend you, develop you and give you increasing responsibility. Incidentally, if the travel bug is biting, now is the time to pack up and go. You can do temporary work for a (49)_____ ; when you return, pick up where you (50)_____ left off and get the second job.

Incidentally: unexpectedly; pack up: stop

46.	A. you	B. if	C. oneself	D. yourself
47.	A. out	B. off	C. into	D. over
48.	A. applicants	B. application	C. form	D. employment
49.	A. day	B. time	C. while	D. ages
50.	A. are	B. have	C. should	D. may
48. 49.	A. applicants A. day	B. applicationB. time	C. form C. while	D. employment D. ages

ÐÈ 18

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1.	A . fut <u>ure</u>	B. mat <u>ure</u>	C. past <u>ure</u>	D. nat <u>ure</u>
2.	A. <u>ch</u> ore	B. mu <u>ch</u>	C. technology	D. ex <u>ch</u> ange
3.	A. <u>th</u> reaten	B. ea <u>rth</u>	C. heal <u>th</u> y	D. brea <u>th</u> e

Choose the word whose main stress is put differently from that of the others in the group. B. terrorist 4. A. different C. contrary D. domestic A. future 5. B. burden C. device D. certain **II. GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY** Many teenagers show signs of anxiety and _____ when being asked about their future. 6. B. depression C. depressing D. depressed A. depress 7. Constant ______ of attack makes everyday life dangerous here. B. threaten A. threat C. threatening D. threateningly No one can predict the future exactly. Things may happen _____. 8. D. unexpectedly A. expected B. unexpected C. expectedly Someone who is ______ is hopeful about the future or the success of something in particular. 9. B. optimistic C. stagnant A. powerful D. pessimistic **10.** There will be powerful network of computers which may come from a single computing _____ that is worn on or in the body. A. device B. machinery C. equipment D. vehicle **11.** Let's <u>put off</u> that meeting to next Monday. C. arrange D. appoint A. postpone B. schedule **12.** A nuclear station may take risk going off due to unexpected incidents. C. developing A. demolishing B. exploding D. running **13.** She is looking ______ a new place to live in because she does not want to depend ______ her parents any more. B. after / with C. up / forward D. at / into A. for / on **14.** I was brought ______ in the countryside by my aunt after my parents had pass ______. A. on / over B. for / on C. on / off D. up / away **15.** ______ industrialization, we have to cope with the fact that many species are in danger of extinction. B. In spite of C. But for D. Due to A. Despite **16.** He is very worried about his new job _____ he is not quite prepared for working. A. although B. but C. because D. so **17.** Up to now, ______ space exploring still remains ______ very risky, complex, and expensive endeavor. [endeavor: effort] B. a / the C. a / ØD. Ø / a A. the / the **18.** Within ______ few years, ______ private space travel has gone from concept to reality.



	A. \emptyset / an	B . a / Ø	C. the / a	D. the / the
19.	In the future, the number	r of tiny but cor	nputers you encounter ev	very day will number in
the	thousands, perhaps millio	ons.		
	A. power	B. powerful	C. powerfully	D. powered
20.	What will the relationship	ip between computing an	d bring us over	the next 15 years?
	A. science	B. scientific	C. scientifically	D. scientist
21.	Not until the early 1900s	s to vote in the	United States.	
	A. women were allow	ved	B. they allowed wome	n
	C. were women allow	red	D. when women allow	ed
22.	hungry, he sto	opped to buy a bar of cho	colate.	
	A. Feeling	B. To feel	C. felt	D. feels
23.	Nowadays, young men w	with a technical education	nbecause of the gro	eat demand for highly
skil	led workmen.			
	A. is well-paid	B. should pay well	C. are well-paid	D. could pay well
24.	It is no useto s	school if you t	o work hard.	
	A. going / do not read	ly	B. to go / do not ready	
	C. going / are not read	ly	D. go / are not ready	
25.	While they were laying t	the table, he to the	e radio.	
	A. was listening	B. listened	C. has listened	D. is listening
26.	By the year 2020, many	people currently employ	edtheir jobs.	
	A. will have lost	B. will be losing	C. have lost	D. are losing
27.	Jack made me	him next week.		
	A. to promise to call	B. to promise calling	C. promise calling	D. promise to call
28.	eat out tonight?	– That's a great idea!		
	A. Shall we	B. What about	C. Would you mind	D. Would you like
29.	If Mike hadn't been wea	ring a seat belt, he	injured.	
	A. had been	B. was	C. would be	D. would have been
30.	"Don't tell anyone what	t his name is." – "	·›	
	A. Yes, I don't	B. I don't know	C. I won't	D. No, I do
31.	Will you take care of my	/ little dog?		
	A. when I am on busing	ness	B. so I am on business	
	C. for I am on busines	SS	D. when I will be on be	usiness
32.	Elevators in tall building	gs make the top floors	·	

A. accessibly to everybody

C. that accessible to everybody

B. accessible to everybody

B. to accessible to everybody

33. Housewives do not have to spend a lot of time doing housework any more.

A. Housework will never be done by housewives any more.

- B. Housewives have to spend more and more time to do housework.
- C. Never have housewives spent as much time doing housework as they do now.

D. No longer do housewives have to spend a lot of time doing housework.

34. Go over the report before you submit it.

A. Before you submit the report, you should be finished writing it.

B. Type the report quickly and then submit it.

- C. Read the report carefully before you submit it.
- D. Before you write the report you have to find enough information.
- 35. "Well done, Jerry, you've passed the driving test!"

A. I congratulated Jerry on passing her driving test

B. I told that Jerry had passed her driving test

C. I told Jerry that she had done well in her driving test

D. I congratulated Jerry for passing her driving test

Choose the underlined part in each sentence that should be corrected.

36. We were <u>advised</u> not <u>drinking the water in</u> the bottle.

A B C D

37. After she <u>had sold her</u> bicycle, <u>she bought himself</u> a new automobile.

A B C D

38. He even <u>lacks general knowledge</u>, <u>however</u> we can't <u>employ</u> him.

A B C D

C

39. <u>Having suffered from</u> depression <u>him as</u> a teenager, Kevin could understand <u>how</u> his son was feeling.

A B

D

40. Those spacecrafts are used to taking photographs in space.

A B C D

Choose the item (A, B, C or D) that best completes the unfinished statement (or best answers the question) about each passage.

In the future, genetic engineering will allow us to create the perfect human. It will be hard to get used to. Parents will order a baby who 'will grow up to become his new job because he is not quite

prepared a genius or to have a Miss World appearance. Also, genetic engineering will allow us to mix plants and animals.

As computers have advanced, they have helped us remember, calculate, organize, and clarify. So it will become easier to deal with things, and much quicker. At a point in a future time, some may claim that computers become about as smart as Newton or Einstein. More advanced computers will be able to be creative, respond to feelings in a feeling way, develop intuition, recognize patterns, and suggest innovative alternatives. There is a hope if we choose to take action. We can select Internet information wisely, choose healthy computer games, limit our exposure to television commercials, and select television programs carefully. People will be aware of the importance of keeping active, getting outside to do more physical activities. We will also plan to make a major sacrifice the next time we buy a car, take the bus. Everybody will be more concerned about making environmentally friendly choices, eating healthy, and helping build a healthier society by shopping at better stores that sell better food.

Most people will be aware that a happy, loving family is a joy to be part of, and that it is a necessary foundation for building a strong society. But it is extremely important for our future that we maintain a healthy perspective. We need to value and appreciate the importance of what can be achieved by loving and committed parents. People need a strong foundation, so it is vital for our society that we encourage parents to work at creating love, joy, and happiness for their children in a decent, stable, and productive atmosphere.

41. How many aspects of life in the future are referred in the text?

	A. One	B. Two	C. Three	D. Four	
42.	Which aspect is not refer	red in the text?			
	A. Education	B. Genetic Engineering	C. Computers	D. Family	
43.	The phrase to have a Mis	ss World appearance mea	ans that		
	A. to become a Miss V	Vorld	B. to enter a beauty cor	ntest	
	C. to be intelligent		D. to be beautiful		
44.	According to the text, in	the future,			
	A. it will be difficult for us to select Internet information				
	B. people will prefer ta	aking a bus to buying a ca	ar		
	C. food will not be sol	d at shops			
	D. TV viewers will no	t be able to escape from s	seeing a lot of advertisin	g.	
45.	The last paragraph is abo	ut			
	A. family and parents' responsibility in the future				
	B. children's education	1			



C. children's health

D. how to build a strong society

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C, or D) that best fits each space in the following passage.

Over the next 20 to 50 years, it will become harder to tell the (46) _____ between the human and the machine. All body (47) _____ will be replaceable. Computers will function like the human (48)_____ with the ability to recognize feelings and respond in a feeling way. They will then produce fake people. We will then be able to create a machine duplicate of ourselves, (49) _____ we will appear to be alive long after we are dead. Maybe a few decades later, a way will be found to transfer our spirit, including our memories and thoughts to the new body. Then we can choose to live for as (50) _____ as we want.

46.	A. variety	B. change	C. difference	D. appearance
47.	A. region	B. place	C. role	D. parts
48.	A. brain	B. limb	C. skull	D. liver
49.	A. such	B. as	C. so	D. but
50.	A. long	B. far	C. much	D. soon
ר <u>ה</u> ר 1	0			

ÐÊ 19

I. PRONUNCIATION

Choose the word whose main stress is put differently from that of the others in the group.

0	-					
1.	A. education	B. compulsory	C. academic	D. independent		
2.	A. secondary	B. primary	C. category	D. certificate		
3.	A. Geography	B. university	C. technology	D. methodical		
4.	A. require	B. select	C. follow	D. divide		
5.	A. academic	B. advanced	C. achievement	D. aggressive		
II.	VOCABULARY &	GRAMMAR				
6. The state school system can be divided two levels of education: primary education						
and secondary education.						
	A. in	B. into	C. up	D. with		
7	7 the end of the school year, students take an exam in each subject.					
	A. On	B. To	C. In	D. At		
8. N	8. Mr. Bush did not appear fully aware the importance of this act.					
	A. to	B. for	C. of	D. on		

9. Does the quality of teaching depend _____ class size?

A. in C. of D. up B. on 10. Children are required to be in full-time education _____ the ages of 5 and 16. B. from C. between D. by A. at 11.In Britain it is _____ for children to attend school between the ages of five and sixteen. A. enforced B. compulsory C. obliged D. made 12. In spite of his poor _____, he was a most articulate speaker. B. educator C. educational A. education D. educated 13.By the age of twenty-five he had _____his ambition of becoming a pianist. A. reached B. completed C. obtained D. achieved 14.Rarely ______attracted so much media attention. A. a debate has B. a debate was C. has a debate D. was a debate 15.The world's population_____considerably since 1950. C. has increased D. has been increased B. increased A. is increasing 16.Police _____illegal drugs in a secret hiding place in the star's home. A. reported to have found B. are reported to have found C. are reported having found D. are reported they have found 17.As soon as the supplies _____, they will be distributed to the starving people. B. will arrive C. arrive D. arrived A. arrives 18. When are you going to have the roof _____? It leaks quite badly. C. repairing A. repair B. to repair D. repaired 19.It's a long time since London _____in one of its infamous pea-souper fogs. B. was enveloped C. has enveloped D. has been enveloped A. enveloped 20.Renoir, _____ paintings are considered masterpieces all over the world, is one of the most popular French impressionist painters. B. which C. whose D. where A. who 21. Frozen food must be packed, _____and stored when the fruit is ripe. B. must be frozen C. frozen D. it must be frozen A. be frozen 22. If the level of VAT ______this year, small business will be affected. B. will raise C. raised A. raise D. is raised 23. They are believed _____ over 300 species of trees in El Yunque rain forest in Puerto Rico. C. there are A. to be B. being D. they are 24. _____ people applied for the position that we won't be able to make a decision for several

weeks.

A. Too many	B. So many	C. A lot of	D. The		
25 through a prism, a beam of white light beaks into all the colors of the rainbow.					
A. When shines	B. It shines	C. It is shone	D. When shone		
26 July 20 th ,	1969, Astronaut Neil A	Armstrong stepped de	own onto the moon.		
A. In	B. At	C. On	D. Since		
27. Any child has the	right to an education	of sex, religio	on, race, or nationality.		
A. despite	B. because	C. regardless	D. providing		
28. The students were	warned off the land _	they tried to	camp there.		
A. because	B. when	C. if	D. though		
29. Were I rich, I	a hospital for the p	oor.			
A. built	B. will build	C. have built	D. would built		
30 catch up w	vith his studies, he wor	ked through the sum	mer.		
A. While	B. In order to	C. Despite	D. Due to		
31. He has received se	veral scholarships	·			
A. because of his a	cademic and artistic abili	ty	B. for both his academic		
ability as well as his artistic					
C. as resulting of his academic in the art D. in spite of his academic and artistic ability					
32. She is a faster and more careless driver than I am.					
A. She drives faste	r and more carelessly tha	n I am.	B. She doesn't drive as faster		
and carelessly as I do.					
C. She drives faster	r and more careless than	I do.	D. She drives faster and		
more carelessly than I do	Э.				
33. I found a place to liv	e in, but it was difficult.				
A. I had difficulty	to find a place to live in.	B. I had difficulty in	finding a place to live in.		
C. I was difficult in	n finding a place to live in	1.	D. I had difficulty to live in		
a place.					
34.It was so noisy that nothing could be heard.					
A. It was too noisy	to hear nothing.	B. It was too noisy f	for anything to hear.		
C. It was too noisy for nothing to be heard. D. It was too noisy to hear anything.					
35. Music doesn't interest Sonia.					
A. Sonia isn't inter	esting in music.	B. Sonia isn't intere	sted by music.		
C. Sonia takes no i	nterest in music.	D. Sonia is intereste	d in music.		


Α

III. Choose the underlined part in each sentence that should be corrected.

36. Education is a subject which many British people deeply care about it.

37. Most people <u>believe that</u> the state <u>should be provided</u> education free <u>of charge</u> and <u>to a</u> <u>high</u> standard.

ABCD38. Recently, there has been a lot of debate about students have to pay their own fees atuniversity

D

A B C

C

D

D

39. Seldom <u>I have seen</u> a child <u>with</u> so <u>much talent</u>.

A B C

B

40. Roberta was the first person to be asked speaking at the meeting.

А	В	С	D

IV. Choose the item (A, B, C or D) that best completes each space of the passage.

Lindsay Lewis is married with four children. In 1969 he (41)_____ to Cambridge University and took a degree in economics. From 1972 to 1978 he taught (42)_____ India and Japan. He returned to England to do research at Bristol University. He has lived in Fairfield (43)_____ seven years and he is now the principal of a technical college. He was the chairman of Fairfield Education Committee in 1986. He was also a member of the Public Health Council for two years. In 1987 he (44)_____ his best essay on education. He always wants to improve (45)_____ and the government health services. His hobbies are swimming, playing chess, and collecting foreign coins.

41: A. go	B. gone	C. went	D. goes
42: A. at	B. for	C. on	D. in
43: A. during	B. for	C. since	D. after
44: A. wrote	B. writing	C. written	D. writes
45: A. education	B. educator	C. educational	D. educate

V. Choose the item (A, B, C or D) that best completes the unfinished statement (or best answers the question) about each passage.

Parents send their children to school to prepare for the time when they grow up. Children learn their native language so that they will be able to communicate fluently with other people around them. Moreover, they can preserve the valuable culture and literature of their country. They learn foreign languages in order to benefit from other countries' heritage. The more foreign languages they learn, the

more benefits they get. Children also learn mathematics to calculate, geography to know about nature, and history to know about human beings and historical events. Nearly everything they study at school has some practical uses in their life.

46: Parents send their children to school to _____.

A. learn English	B. play better	C. make them grow up	D. prepare for their future
47: Why do children have	e to learn their nativ	ve language?	

A. To communicate fluently with other people around them.

B. To learn foreign languages.

C. To know about nature.

D. To benefit from foreign countries' heritage.

48: According to the passage, children learn history to know about _____.

A. the mankind B. people and historical events C. practical uses in life D. events of the history

49: How many school subjects are mentioned in the passage?

A. Four	B. Seven	C. Five	D. Six
50: Most of the things chi	ldren learn at school		
A. have some pract	ical uses	B. are useless	
C. have no use		D. are not necessa	ry

ĐÈ 20

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

1.	A. hi <u>gh</u>	B. thou <u>gh</u> t	C. thou <u>gh</u>	D. lau <u>gh</u>	
2.	A. practis <u>ed</u>	B. hous <u>ed</u>	C. advis <u>ed</u>	D. notic <u>ed</u>	
3.	A. rented	B. skated	C. needed	D. lov <u>ed</u>	
4.	A. c <u>u</u> pboard	B. l <u>u</u> ck	C. institution	D. m <u>u</u> ch	
5.	A. h <u>ear</u>	B. b <u>ear</u>	C. b <u>ear</u> d	D. n <u>ear</u>	
Choos	Choose the correct answer to each of the following questions.				
6. She	takes the responsibilit	yrunning th	e household.		
	A. in	B. with	C. for	D. of	
7. I an	n thinking	my corning job interview	V.		
	A. on	B. in	C. of	D. for	
8. I'm	sorry that I	to you for ages.			
	A. don't write	B. didn't write	C. haven't written	D. was writing	

9. I haven't seen you lately	9. I haven't seen you lately. Where					
A. did you go	B. have you gone	C. were you staying	D. are you staying			
10. The academic year in E	Englandinto	three terms.				
A. divides	B. is divided	C. are divided	D. divide			
11. In many Western socie	ties, good eye	is often highly apprecia	ted.			
A. attention	B. contact	C. watching	D. looking			
12. The Chinese widen the	ir eyes to politely express	, whereas, th	ne Europeans regard this			
expression as a sign of asto	onishment.					
A. inattentive	B. anger	C. untrustworthy	D. respectful			
13. Young people should s	how respect for their ance	stors and for	_people.			
A. older	B. elder	C. oldest	D. elderly			
14. If youto	go on studying at a univer	sity, youpas	ss the GCSE examination.			
A. want/will	B. want/ must	C. had wanted/ would	D. wanted/ would			
15. The educational quality	has beenimp	proved. There are still many	problems needing to be			
solved.						
A. slowly	B. slow	C. fast	D. quickly			
16. I've just met Mary,	son studies at th	e same school as yours do	bes.			
A. who	B. that	C. whom	D. whose			
17. Do you think the coffee	is grown in	the highland of Vietnam ta	stes better than that in			
other areas?						
A. which	B. which it	C. where	D. whose			
18. I had to finish my home	ework last night	I was really so sleepy				
A. despite	B. in spite of	C. although	D. because			
19. Remember	your school certificates	with you when corning to	the interview.			
A. bring	B. bringing	C. to bring	D. of bringing			
20. a happy n	narriage should be based of	on love.				
A. I believe in	B. I believe that	C. My belief is	D. On my opinion,			
21. Tom. "Your hairstyle is terrific, Mary" -Mary: ""						
A. I think so		B. Why do you say so	?			
C. Sorry, I don't lik	e it	D. Thanks. That's a nic	ce complement			
22. Tom." Would you like something else?" -Lan: ""						
A. Yes, I like every	thing	B. That's all. Thank yo	ou			
C. Two, please.		D. No, I wouldn't.				

23. Tim: "I	would like to see	e a doctor" -Jac	:kie: "			
A. I.	A. I hope you'll feel better soon		B. It hurts a lo	B. It hurts a lot.		
C. N	ear the station?			D. Have you	got an app	ointment?
24. There w	ill be	university in	n	centre of Be	en Tre pro	vince in 2012.
A. ar	n/a	C. a/ the		D. the/ the		B. a/ a
25	, you will 1	not be able to st	tudy at high	er education.		
A. If	you study harde	er		B. Unless you	ı study har	rder
C. U	nless studying h	arder		D. Even if yo	u studied l	harder
26	, tuition fe	e here are quiet	t low and sta	able.		
A. A	lthough the incr	easing of good	s prices	B. Despite the	e increasin	g of goods prices
С. В	ecause the incre	asing of goods	prices	D. Because of	f the increa	asing of goods prices
27. Working	g as a doctor wor	uld be fascinati	ng job beca	use I would hav	ve a chance	e to <u>take care of</u> people's
health.						
A. lo	ook after	B. pay attenti	ion to	C. focus on		D. heal
28. A survey was made to determine their attitudes towards love and marriage.						
A. co	ollect	B. resolve		C. know		D. choose
Choose the	underlined par	t that needs co	orrections.			
29. <u>You're</u> a	great dancer. I	wish I <u>could</u> do	as good as	you do.		
А	-	B C	D			
30. Those <u>w</u>	<u>ho</u> practise Engl	lish <u>every day</u> v	will have mo	ore chances <u>to p</u>	pass the Er	nglish test than <u>other</u> .
1	4	В		(2	D
31. One of t	he most importa	nt <u>measures</u> to	<u>be taken</u> to	promote the de	velopmen	t of a country is to
		А	В			
<u>constant</u> car	ry out <u>economic</u>	<u>c reforms</u> .				
С]	D				
32. Applicat	nts are required	to sit <u>for</u> the Na	ational Entra	ance Examination	on before	admitting to higher
	А	В				С
education in	nstitutions.					
	D					
33. <u>According to</u> some social studies, boys and girls <u>mature</u> five year <u>earlier</u> than people <u>had</u> 50						
А				В	С	D
years ago.						

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer for each of the blanks

A job interview is a chance for you to (35) ______ that you can satisfy all the requirements of the job you are (36) ______ for. That is (37) ______ it is essential to be well-prepared for the job interview. Preparing means knowing about the industry, the employer, and yourself It also means paying attention to details like personal appearance, (38) ______, and demeanour. Before the interview, you should gather (39) ______ information about the company and the employer as you can. Not only (40) ______ appear informed and intelligent but also you will make a decision if a job offer eventually made. You might also want to prepare for answering questions by listing some of your attributes. Remember that appearance is very important. Whether we like it or not, it is the first thing people notice about us. You should match your dress to employees in the workplace (41) ______ you are applying. You should come on time for the interview. (demeanour: way of behaving)

34.	A. suggest	B. prove	C. offer	D. recommend
35.	A. applying	B. asking	C. begging	D. requiring
36.	A. when	B. what	C. how	D. why
37.	A. punctual	B. punctuality	C. on time	D. punctuate
38.	A. so much	B. too much	C. as much	D. as many
39.	A. you will	B. you	C. will you	D. do you
40.	A. that	B. which	C. in that	D. where

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer to each of the questions

The system of USA education starts with twelve years of primary and secondary school education which the Americans have to follow. A secondary school ("high school") diploma or certificate is a compulsory requirement for the student to be able to enter college, university, vocational, secretarial or other professional and technical schools. American children who are around six years of age normally begin their learning at a primary school. It takes from five to six years to complete the primary schooling. After finishing the primary schooling, students will have to enter a secondary school where they may spend 6 or 7 year durations consisting of either two three- year programs, or a three-year and a four-year program. Schools at this level are known as Middle School or Junior High School and High or Senior High School. Completion of this stage is called Twelfth Grade. International students are advised to find out which .level of education in their country corresponding to the twelfth grade in the US.A.

After completing the twelfth grade, students are admitted to college or university for higher education. Study at a college or university leading to the Bachelor's Degree is known as "undergraduate" education. Study beyond the Bachelor's Degree is known as "graduate" school, or "postgraduate"

education. Advanced or graduate degrees include law, medicine, M.B.A. (Master), and Ph.D. (doctorate) etc.

The USA has the highest number of educational institutions providing higher education than any other country. There are more than 3800 colleges and universities imparting degree programs. The size of US. higher educational institutions varies greatly, too, from colleges that enroll fewer than 1,000 students to large universities that enroll more than 50,000 students.

41. If a US. student wants to enter a vocational school, he/ she must ______.

A. have at least 12 years of secondary schooling.

B. get a high school diploma

C. complete a senior high school without its certificate.

- D. complete two four- year programs at secondary school.
- **42.** Schools at secondary level consist of _____.

A. Middle Schools and High schools.

B. Middle schools and Junior High schools.

C. High schools and Senior High schools.

D. Junior and Senior schools.

43. According to the text, graduate students are those who ______.

A. graduated from a high school.

B. are studying a college or a university.

C. are pursuing a Master or Doctorate program at university.

D. graduated from a college or a university.

44. If you want to study a Master program, you _____.

A. must be a undergraduate student.

B. must get a Bachelor diploma.

C. must finish 'graduate' program.

D. must complete a Bachelor program at university.

45. According to the text, which statement below is TRUE?

A. The USA has the best education in the world.

B. The number of the US. colleges and universities is higher than any other country.

C. International students whose level of education corresponds to the 12th grade illthe USA can apply for any programs in a US. university.

D. International students are advised to apply for a US. high school before for a college.

46. According to the text, the size of an American college ______.

A. is much smaller than that of a US. university.

- B. is bigger than that of a US. university.
- C. always has fewer than 1,000 students.
- D. never has more than 1,000 students.

Choose the sentence which is closest in meaning to the given one.

47. "I'll give you a new bike if you pass the GCSE exam" said his mother.

A. His mother promised to give him a new bike if he passes the GCSE exam.

- B. His mother promised to give him a new bike if he passed the GCSE exam.
- C. His mother promised that she will give him a new bike if he passes the GCSE exam.
- D. His mother promised of giving him a new bike if he passed the GCSE exam.

48. Both men want to remain silent.

- A. Neither men want to speak. B. Neither man wants to speak.
- C. Either men don't want to speak. D. Either man doesn't want to speak.

49. It is possible that some of the students saw the exam paper last week.

A. The exam paper can be seen by some of the students.

- B. The exam paper may have been seen by some of the students.
- C. The exam paper should have been seen by some of the students.
- D. The exam paper is possibly seen by some of the students.
- **50.** They moved to the district two years ago.
 - A. They have moved to the district for two years.
 - B. They have moved to the district since two years.
 - C. They did not move to the district until two years before.
 - D. They had moved to the district for two years.

ÐÈ 21

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

1.	A. concerned	B. received	C. attached	D. concealed
2.	A. smells	B. cuts	C. open <u>s</u>	D. play <u>s</u>

Choose the word whose main stress pattern is put differently from that of the rest.

3. A. togetherB. occasionC. protectD. yesterday**4.** A. honestB. prepareC. politeD. explain

Choose the best word or phrase to complete each of the following sentences.

5. I'm going to have my house ______this weekend.

A. redecorate B. redecorating C. redecorated D. to redecorate

6. If the weather	worse, we'll have to c	ancel our camping trip.	
A. get	B. gets	C. got	D. will get
7. When I first came to this	village, it was a quiet pla	ce. But since then a lot of h	nouses
A. had been built	B. were built	C. are being built	D. have been built
8. It wasa sim	ple question that everyor	ne answered it correctly.	
A. so	B. such	C. too	D. very
9. He started going to school	lthe age of	five. So now he's been at s	schoolfive
years.			
A. at / for	B. at / since	C. when / for	D. by / since
10. Computers	_to do a lot of jobs these	days.	
A. are used	B. have used	C. use	D. are using
11. Preparing for a job	can be stressful.		
A. interview	B. interviewer	C. interviewee	D. interviewing
12. It is six years	we moved to Chicago).	
A. when	B. since	C. after	D. that
13. That author doesn't mine	dby his fri	ends.	
A. to criticize	B. to be criticized	C. criticizing	D. being criticized
14. Her husband	unemployed since the	yto the count	tryside.
A. was / moved	B. was / have moved	C. has been / moved	D. has been/have
moved			
15. Pupils are made	hard at school.		
A. to work	B. work	C. working	D. worked
16. She is the new television	presenter	everyone is talking.	
A. that	B. whom	C. about that	D. about whom
17. When she showed me th	e letter, Ih	er to throw it away.	
A. suggested	B. advised	C. insisted	D. made
18. all my war	nings, he tried to fix the	computer himself.	
A. Instead of	B. In spite of	C. Although	D. Because
19. I don't know why the from	ont door is open. I remen	it before	I left.
A. to lock	B. locking	C. to have locked	D. being locked
20. If Ithat the	ere was a test yesterday,	would have revised my le	sson more carefully.
A. had known	B. have known	C. knew	D. would know
		. .	

Choose the best phrase to complete each of the following sentences.

21. Neither I nor my brother				
A. is interested in collecting stamps	B. are interested in collecting stamps			
C. is interested in collect stamps	D. am interested in collecting stamps			
22. If I had worked hard,failed the exa	m.			
A. I would have B. I hadn't	C. wouldn't I have D. I wouldn't have			
23. He had to explain the lesson carefully	to understand it.			
A. in order that his students	B. so that his students			
C. in order for his students	D. for his students in order			
24. Alex couldn't start his car because				
A. he doesn't know where his key is	B. where his key was he didn't know			
C. he didn't know where his key was	D. he can't find his key			
V. Choose the sentence that is nearest in meaning	to the one printed before it.			
25. He is too young to understand the problem.				
A. He isn't enough old to understand the probl	em.			
B. He is so young that he can understand the particular the particular the particular the particular terms of term	roblem.			
C. He is old enough to understand the problem				
D. He isn't old enough to understand the probl	em.			
26. The last time my father played tennis was in 1990).			
A. My father has played tennis since 1990.	B. My father started playing tennis in 1990.			
C. My father hasn't played tennis since 1990.	D. My father has started playing tennis since			
1990.				
27. "Don't talk while I am explaining the lesson," th	e teacher said to the students.			
A. The teacher told his students did not to talk	while he was explaining the lesson.			
B. The teacher told his students that they do not	ot talk while he was explaining the lesson.			
C. The teacher told his students not to talk whi	le he is explaining the lesson.			
D. The teacher told his students not to talk whi	le he was explaining the lesson.			
28. He didn't go to school because of his illness.				
A. He didn't go to school because he was ill.	B. If he weren't ill, he would go to school.			
C. If he had been ill, he would not have gone to se	chool. D. All are correct.			
Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correcting.				
29. <u>There were</u> so <u>much</u> books in the library <u>that</u> I die	dn't know which one <u>to choose</u> .			
A B C	D			

30. <u>Despite</u> the sun was <u>shining</u>, it wasn't <u>warm enough</u> for our children <u>to go swimming</u>.

R

D

31. It is thought so that smoking should definitely be banned in public places.

А

B

D

Read the following passage. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to complete the passage.

C

C

Nowadays people are more aware that wildlife all over the world is in _____(32). Many species of animals are threatened, and could easily become _____(33) if we do not make an effort to protect them. There are many reasons for this. In some cases, animals are hunted _____(34) their fur or for other valuable parts of their bodies. Some birds, such as parrots, are caught alive and sold as pets. For many animals and birds, the problem is that their habitat is disappearing. More land is used for farms, for houses or industry, and there are fewer open spaces than there once were. Farmers use powerful chemicals to help them grow better crops, but these chemicals pollute the environment and

_____(35) wildlife. The most successful animals on earth – human beings – will soon be the only ones left unless we can _____(36) this problem.

32.	A. danger	B. threat	C. problem	D. dangerous
33.	A. disappeared	B. died	C. dead	D. extinct
34.	A. with	B. about	C. for	D. to
35.	A. spoil	B. harm	C. would	D. injure
36.	A. answer	B. solve	C. explain	D. calculate

Read the passage below, then choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to each question.

Each student at an engineering college in Canada gets a steel ring upon graduation in adittion to graduation certificate.

There is a story behind the unusual ring. Several years ago, a graduate from this engineering college designed an iron-steel bridge. Unfortunately, because of many mistakes in his design, the bridge collapsed soon after it came into use. This event shook the engineering college. And the college authorities decided to take back the framework of the iron-steel bridge as raw material for making rings to give the students upon their graduation. The college wants the students to remember this lesson forever so as to avoid making such mistakes again.

37. Upon graduation each student is given a steel ring as ______.

A. a gift from the college

design

C. a warning to avoid making mistakes in design make an iron-steel bridge

38. The wrongly-designed iron-steel bridge was finally_____.

B. a model to make

D. a warning not to

A. put into use		B. sold at a low price	
C. used again after 1	repairing	D. made into many steel rings	
39. The ring is quite unusu	ual because		
A. its design is excell	lent	B. it is very expensive	
C. it has a sad story		D. it is different from othe	ers
40. The best title for the p	assage is		
A. A Great Mistake		B. A Shocking Event	
C. A Warning Ring		D. A Lesson To Be Rem	ember
ĐÈ 22			
Choose the word whose	underlined part is pronou	unced differently from the	at of the others.
1. A. p <u>u</u> ll	B. b <u>u</u> s	C. s <u>u</u> n	D. br <u>u</u> sh
2. A. <u>ch</u> ew	B. <u>ch</u> erish	C. <u>ch</u> emical	D. <u>ch</u> eer
3. A. <u>pi</u> lot	B. <u>i</u> deal	C. <u>i</u> dentify	D. <u>gi</u> ve
Choose the word whose	main stress pattern is not	the same as that of the ot	thers:
4. A. simplicity	B. equality	C. difficulty	D. discovery
5. A. company	B. atmosphere	C. customer	D. employment
Choose the word or phra	ase (A, B, C or D) that be	st fits the blank space in e	ach sentence.
6. London is the city in	I was born.		
A. where	B. which	C. that	D. there
7. London is	_of England.		
A. a capital	B. capital	C. one capital	D. the capital
8 Hung: "Thank you ver	ry much for a lovely party"	' - Hoa: ""	
A. You are welcome	B. Thanks	C. Cheers	D. Have a good day
9. I remember	_you somewhere before.		
A. meet	B. meeting	C. met	D. to meet
10. I haven't seen him	·		
A. many years	B. many years ago	C. for many years	D. since many years
11. The children,	parents work late, are	e taken home by bus.	
A. that	B. whom	C. whose	D.their
12. Ifa ticke	et, I could get in.		
A. I'd have	B. I had	C. I have	D. I've got
13. He has really worked b	hard so far,h	e?	
A. does	B. has	C. doesn't	D. hasn't

14.	This is Mary,	is taking over my job	when I leave.	
	A. that	B. which	C. who	D. whom
15.	You will have to work	hard if you want to		
	A. success	B.succeed	C. successful	D. successfully
16.	If I had time, I	to the beach with you	this weekend.	
	A. will go	B. would go	C. would have gone	D. will have gone
17.	I'd rather they	us the truth.		
	A. tell	B. told	C. would tell	D. will tell
18.	When I came, he	, I was sad as I cou	ldn't say "Good bye" to hi	m.
	A. was about to leave	B. was leaving	C. has already left	D. had already left
19.	We have	_of time to catch the train so	there's no need to rush.	
	A. very much	B. enough	C. great deal	D. plenty
20.	you work	x much harder, you won't pa	ass the exams.	
	A. Although	B. If	C. Unless	D. When
21.	In 1966, my brother	at Harvard unive	ersity.	
	A. studies	B. is studying	C. studied	D. had studied
22.	Englishi	n many parts of the world		
	A. speaks	B. was spoken	C. is speaking	D. is spoken
23.	Her car has broken dow	wnis to walk t	o the nearest telephone	
	A. whatever she does	B. which she's doing now	C. all she can do now	D. that she can do now
24.	He said to me: "Don't	sit on my chair!".		
	A. He said to me not	to sit on his chair.	B. He told me: not to sit of	on his chair.
	C. He said to me not	sit on his chair.	D. He told me not to sit o	on his chair.
25.	They have an apartm	entthe p	ark	
	A. overlooking	B. that overlooking	C. overlooks	D. overlooked
26.	Most of the people	to the wedding	g banquet arrived late.	
	A. who inviting	B. whom were invited	C. invited	D. invite
27.	an accide	ent in the High Street, traffic	c is moving every slowly o	n the London Road.
	A. Despite	B. Because	C. Since	D. Owing to
28.	Theirhas	lasted for more than 20 year	urs.	
	A. friends	B. friendship	C. friendly	D. friend
29.	AIDS is a/an	disease		
	A. endanger	B. danger	C. endangered	D. dangerous

30. Whether we go out will dependthe weather.				
A. in	B. about	C. on	D. with	
31. The children	to the zoo.			
A. were enjoyed taki	ng	B. were enjoyed taken		
C. enjoyed taking		D. enjoyed being taken		
32. I don't have my own	room. I have to	the bedroom with my	elder brother.	
A. divide	B. share	C. separate	D. live	
33. If the bus to the airp	ortso late, w	e'd have caught the plan	e.	
A. weren't	B. hadn't been	C. haven't been	D. wouldn't be	
34. The equipment in our	office needs			
A. moderner	B. modernizing	C. modernize	D. modernization	
35. Itelevisi	35. Itelevision a lot but I don't any more.			
A. was watching	B. was used to watch	C. used to watch	D. have been watching	

Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or 0) that best fits the blank space in the following passage:

When you are in front of a large audience, do you often think of your image? How important is image? Obviously film stars have to look right for the part, but what about other people in ______ (36) public eye? For example, do politicians have to think about ______ (37) appearance, too? Albert Mehrabian studied the effect that speakers have their audience. His research showed ______ (38) only 7% of the effect depends on what you say; 38% of the effect comes from your voice; but a huge 55% of the effect comes from your appearance. So ______ (39), you don't have to worry too much about content! Your voice and your appearance are much more important. The clothes you wear, the eye contact and smile you ______ (40) your listeners - all contribute to creating positive impression on the audience.

36.	A. its	B. the	C. an	D. a
37.	A. they	B. theirs	C. them	D. their
38.	A. when	B. how	C. that	D. which
39.	A. there	B. in that	C. in conclusion	D. in fact
40.	A. give	B. have	C. keep	D. remain

Choose the correct sentence which has the same meaning as the given one.

41. John applied for the job even though he has no experience in the field.

A. John didn't apply for the job if he had experience in the field.

B. Because of his experience in the field, John applied for the job.

C. John was unable to apply for the job because he was inexperienced in the field.

D. In spite of his inexperience in the field, John applied for the job.

- **42.** The last time when I saw her was three years ago.
 - A. I have often seen her for the last three years.
 - B. About three years ago, I used to meet her.
 - C. I have not seen her for three years.
 - D. I saw her three years ago and will never meet her again.
- **43.** It is the earth's gravity that gives us our weight.
 - A. If there were not the earth's gravity, we would be weightless.
 - B. Due to the earth's gravity we cannot weigh anything.
 - C. We are overweight because of the earth's 'gravity.
 - D. The earth's gravity is given weight by people.
- 44. Barry continued to smoke even though we had advised him to quit.
 - A. Barry took our advice so he stopped smoking.
 - B. If we had advised Barry, he would have quit smoking.
 - C. Barry did not quit smoking because of our advice.
 - D. Despite being told not to smoke, Barry continued to do.
- **45.** Many people think Steve stole the money.
 - A. It was not Steve who stole the money.
 - B. Steve is thought to have stolen the money.
 - C. Many people think the money is stolen by Steve.
 - D. The money is thought to be stolen by Steve.

Read the passage below carefully and choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D:

In the future, maybe all cars that run on petrol will be replaced by solar cars, which have been around for a while, but with recent developments in solar car design and the measurement of photovoltaic cells becoming smaller, the dream of a truly efficient solar car is more reality than fantasy. A solar car is a vehicle powered by photovoltaic cells, also called solar cells, which convert sunlight (light energy) into electrical energy. As a source of energy on earth, there is nothing like the sun: in a mere one thousandth of one second (.001), the sun emits enough energy to fulfill our planet's energy needs for the next 5,000 years. It is a staggering fact, and an exciting one. Since the energy from the sun is responsible for renewable resources such as wind, tides, and heat, solar energy seems to offer the brightest future for not only cars, but for the entire energy crisis. Despite the appearance that solar energy may be the least feasible among the current crop of alternative fuel propositions, new solar

powered devices and more specifically solar powered cars are beginning to be developed. How do Solar. Cars work?

The photo-voltaic cells absorb photons from sunlight. This action generates heat, which the cells then convert into electrical energy and stores in an on-board battery. This process of conversion is called the photovoltaic effect. Not surprisingly, such a vehicle has zero emissions, and is very environmentally friendly. Unfortunately, at the moment photovoltaic cells are extremely inefficient, yet as time progresses the efficiency of these cells will grow. This will make solar energy and solar cars the fuel and car of the future-a closer reality.

46. According to the text, _____.

A. up to now, we have designed some solar cars

- B. solar cars have been very.popular for many years
- C. we have not produced any solar cars yet
- D. solar cars are not as much appreciated as other kinds of car

47. A solar car is supplied power from ______.

A. gas B. petrol C. photovoltaic cells D. electricity

48. Which can not help us to solve the problem of energy crisis?

A. wind B. tide C. the sun D. heat from the moon

49. According to the text, _____.

- A. no powered solar devices have been developed so far
- B. besides solar car, we have also developed solar powered device
- C. solar energy plans are more feasible than wind energy plans
- D. tide can supply more energy than the sun
- **50.** The photovoltaic effect is _____.
 - A. the process of operating a solar car B. the process of absorbing photons from the sun
 - C. the developing of solar cars and solar powered devices
 - D. the converting of heat from the sun into electricity

ĐÈ 23

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

1.	A. m <u>o</u> st	B. <u>o</u> fficial	C. b <u>o</u> th	D. h <u>o</u> ld
2.	A. stimulated	B. mended	C. arriv <u>ed</u>	D. decided
3.	A. <u>th</u> ought	B. <u>th</u> ink	C. <u>th</u> in	D. <u>th</u> ough

Choose the word whose main stress is placed differently from that of the rest.

4.	A. actually	B. library	C. carefully	D. material
----	-------------	------------	--------------	-------------

5. A. example	B. computer	C. however	D. magazine	
Choose the correct answ	ver to each of the following	g questions.		
6. I'm not going to the p	arty I know that	I should.		
A. although	B. because	C. despite	D. if	
7. the cold w	veather, the match will go ah	ead.		
A. Despite	B. In spite	C. Although	D. Because	
8. We saw the girl	you say is very beauti	ful.		
A. which	B. whose	C. whom	D. who	
9. I can't play	_ piano, but I can play	guitar.		
A. the / a	B. the / the	C. a / the	D. an / a	
10. French in	Quebec, Canada.			
A. speaks	B. is spoken	C. spoken	D. spoke	
11. I got a job	my bad English.			
A. in spite of	B. because	C. if	D. although	
12. The house	_six decades ago.			
A. was building	B. will be built	C. was to be built	D. was built	
13. We the ga	me if we'd had a few more	minutes.		
A. might have won	B. had won	C. won	D. will win	
14. Hearing she was	of work took me by s	surprise.		
A. in	B. under	C. on	D. out	
15. I haven't seen him	·			
A. last year	B. since many years	C. for many years	D. many years ago	
16. Do you know the reas	on the English dr	ive on the left.		
A. when	B. where	C. why	D. which	
17. Farmers can protect th	neir land bydiffe	rent crops on the same land	d.	
A. grow	B. growing	C. grew	D. Grown	
18. Martin grew to be very of her pet snake.				
A. keen	B. satisfied	C. interested	D. fond	
19. The princess was happed and the prince of the prince	py during the years	she lived with the fairy		
A. when	B. in which	C. where	D. that	
20. After you graduate from	om university, you still have	to go on		
A. studying	B. studied	C. study	D. studies	

21. Windmills	21. Windmills by the Persians around 1500 years ago.				
A. are invent	B. are invented	C. were invented	D. invented		
22. If I you, I _	silent.				
A. am/ will keep	B. were /would keep	C. were/ kept	D. was/ keep		
23. He says that he	his homework since 5 c	clock.			
A. did	B. has done	C. was doing	D. had done		
24. Jane said she	_20 the following week				
A. would be	B. is	C. will be	D. was		
25. My daughter / spend / t	wo hours / study / mathema	tics / every day.			
A. My daughter spen	t two hours studying mather	natics every day.			
B. My daughter spen	t two hours to study mathem	atics every day.			
C. My daughter spen	ds two hours studying mathe	ematics every day.			
D. My daughter spen	ds two hours to study mathe	matics every day.			
26. it / necessary / us / thin	k / about / this matter.				
A. It's necessary for	us to think about this matter	carefully.			
B. To think about this	s matter carefully it necessar	ry for it.			
C. It's for us to think	about this matter carefully r	necessary.			
D. For us to think abo	out this matter carefully it's	necessary.			
Choose the underlined pa	art that needs corrections.				
27. <u>A great country can great</u>	ows from a small <u>colony.</u>				
A B C	D				
28. <u>The teacher</u> suggested]	having an discussion on the	topic.			
A B C D					
29. English is spoken as the international language in the Australia.					
A B	C D				
30. I enjoy to cook for these five hungry children.					
A B	A B C D				
Read the following passa	Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer for each of the blanks				

Many people think that we can learn a lot about the culture of a foreign country simply by living in that country. $_31_$, this is not necessarily true. Often the longer we stay in a foreign country, the more we realize how little $_32_$ actually know about the culture of that country. Books and talks about other people's culture can even $_33_$ dangerous because they concentrate on cultural

differences and exaggerate national characteristics; sometimes a lot of the information ____34____ contain is true.

In a survey recently carried out in Britain, people were asked to make a list of any thing which they thought was typical of Britain and would interest foreign visitors there. Most of ____35____ mentioned Shakespeare, the Queen, village inns, English folk dancing, football hooligans, umbrellas, English castles, cricket and fish and chips.

31.	A. So	B. Although	C. Unless	D. However
32.	A. you	B. one	C. they	D. we
33.	A. to be	B. be	C. being	D. will be
34.	A. which	B. they	C. in that	D. that
35.	A. their	B. theirs	C. themselves	D. them

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer to each of the questions

Smoking is not as common in American as in many other countries. Generally, Americans smoke less than Europeans and much less than Asians. It is a practice that is becoming less and less socially acceptable.

Smoking is prohibited in many places. It is not allowed in any public buildings, on any public transportation (including airplane flights within the United State), in shops, in movies theaters, schools, and office buildings. The general rule is if you are indoors, then you probably are not allowed to smoke. The exceptions are bars, nightclubs, and some restaurants. If a restaurant does allow smoking, it will only be in an area that is designated for smokers. If you are with someone, even outdoors, it is polite to ask if they mind before you start smoking. *[designate: select/indicate]*

The legal smoking age in America is 18. If you are buying cigarettes (or another tobacco product) and you look young, the store clerk is required by law to ask you for proof of legal age. You should be prepared to provide identification.

36. The main idea of the passage is _____.

A. Smoking is becoming less and less socially acceptable.

B. Smoking is becoming more and more socially acceptable

C. Smoking is good for your health		D. Smoking is allowed everywhere	
37. The legal smo	oking age in America is		
A. 15	B. 16	C. 17	D . 18
38. It is	to ask before you start smoking.		
A. polite	B. impolite	C. rude	D. unkind

39. You are NOT allowed to smoke in.



	A. bars	B. nightclubs	C. some restaurants	D. public buildings
40.	The people in	are NOT mentioned	in the passage.	
	A. Asia	B. America	C. Africa	D. Europe
ÐÊ	24			
Ch	oose the word whose	underlined part is prono	ounced differently from that	at of the rest.
1.	A. eats	B. dates	C. day <u>s</u>	D. kit <u>s</u>
2.	A. play <u>ed</u>	B. wait <u>ed</u>	C. phon <u>ed</u>	D. involv <u>ed</u>
3.	A. <u>e</u> nd	B. <u>e</u> xpress	C. expensive	D. c <u>e</u> ntral
4.	A. increase	B. po <u>s</u> ition	C. pleasure	D. rea <u>s</u> on
5.	A. lake <u>s</u>	B. houses	C. photographs	D. cake <u>s</u>
Ch	oose the best option:			
6	is a famil	y unit that consists of a fa	ther, a mother, and their chil	ldren.
	A. extended family	B. nuclear family	C. single-parent family	D. big family
7.]	There weren't any	in the company	for secretaries.	
	A. situations	B. spacies	C. vacancies	D. locations
8. V	We can use either verba	al or non- verbal forms of	communication to	someone's
atte	ention.			
	A. get	B. attract	C. pay	D. both A and B
9	where all	children can attend witho	out paying fees.	
	A. Public schools	B. State schools	C. Independent schools	D. both A and C
10.	She's keen	playing with dolls.		
	A. on	B. at	C. of	D. with
11.	Helen asked me	the film called " S	Star Wars".	
	A. have I seen	B. have you seen	C. if I had seen	D. if had I seen
12.	They were too late. The	ne planeoff	ten minutes earlier.	
	A. took	B. has taken	C. had taken	D. was taking
13.	How long ago	Susan?		
	A. did you see	B. you saw	C. have you been seeing	D. would you see
14.	Howsin	ce weschoo	ol?	
	A. are you/left	B. have you been/.have	left C. were you/left	D. have you been/left
15.	If I had had a car, I	you.		
	A. would lend	B. would have lent	C. will lend	D. would have lended
16.	He said that he	his bicycle.		

A. has lost	B. loses	C. had lost	D. lost		
17.How are you? I h	17.How are you? I haven't seen youages.				
A. since	B. for	C. in	D. at		
18. When I came ho	ome, my father	a magazine.			
A. read	B. reads	C. was reading	D. has read		
19. The boy	to the hospital yesterda	ay is my brother.			
A. taken	B. taking	C. was taken	D. take		
20. If I	_a billionaire, I would help t	he disabled.			
A. was	B. be	C. am	D. were		
Which sentence ex	presses the same idea as th	e given one ?			
21. " Don't play vid	eo games all the time!" he sa	aid.			
A. He told the	boy not to play video games	all the time.			
B. He said to the	he boy not play video games	all the time.			
C. He told to the	ne boy not to play video gam	es all the time.			
D. He said the	boy not play video games al	l the time.			
22. "Where are you	going ?" he asked her.				
A. He asked he	er where she is going.	B. He asked her whe	re you were going.		
C. He asked he	er where was she going.	D. He asked her whe	re she was going.		
23. They spent a lot	of money on food and cloth	es.			
A. Money was	spent a lot on food and cloth	nes. B. A lot of money wa	as spent on food and clothes.		
C. A lot of mo	ney were spent on food and o	clothes.	D. A lot of money on		
food and clothes we	re spent.				
24. It has been a lon	g time since they met.				
A. They haven	't met since a long time.	B. They haven't met	for a long time.		
C. They didn't	meet for a long time.	D. They didn't meet	for a long time ago.		
25. "They will build	25. "They will build a new school in our town."				
A. A new scho	ol will be build.	B. A new school is b	uilt in our town.		
C. A new school will be built in our town. D. A new school will be build in our town.					
Read the passages below and choose the correct answer among A, B, C, D.					
Ever since h	umans have inhabited the	e earth, they have mad	le us of various forms of		
communication. Ge	communication. Generally, this expression of thoughts and feelings has been in the form of oral speech.				

When there is a language barrier, communication accomplished through sign language in which motions stand for letters, words, and ideas. Tourists, the deaf, and the mute have had to resort to this form of

expression. Many of these symbols of whole words are very picturesque and exact and can be used internationally; spelling, however, cannot.

Body language transmits ideas or thoughts by certain actions, either intentionally or unintentionally. A wink can be a way of flirting or indicating that the party is only joking. A nod signifies approval, while shaking the head indicates a negative reaction. Other forms of nonlinguistic language can be found in Braille (a system of raised dots read with the fingertips), signal flags, Morse code, and smoke signals. Road maps and picture signs also guide, warn, and instruct people.

While verbalization is the most common form of language, other systems and techniques also express human thoughts and feelings.

26. Which of the following best summarizes this passage ?

A. When language is a barrier, people will find other forms of communication.

B. Everybody uses only one form of communication.

C. Nonlinguistic language is invaluable to foreigners.

D. Although other forms of communication exist, verbalization is the fastest.

27. Which of the following statements is not true?

A. There are many forms of communication in existence today.

B. Verbalization is the most common form of communication.

C. The deaf and mute use an oral form of communication.

D. Ideas and thoughts can be transmitted by body language.

28. Which form other thanoral speech would be most commonly used among blind people ?

A. picture signs B. Braille C. body language D. signal flags

29. How many different forms of communication are mentioned here ?

A. 5 B. 7 C. 9 D. 11

30. Sign language is said to be very picturesque and exact and can be used internationally except for_____.

A. spelling B. ideas C. whole words D. expressions ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE SINCE "DOI MOI"

The "Doi Moi" policy has produced remarkable economic success. Macroeconomic and structural reforms initiated in the late 1980s (31) ______ stabilized the economy and yielded high levels of income growth. Not only has the economic decline of the 1980s been halted, but Vietnam has also become one of the fastest growing economies in the world with widespread and visible improvements in living (32) _____ for the large portion of the country's population. HIGH AND STABLE ECONOMIC GROWTH

Despite the adverse impacts of the regional economic crisis that (33) _____ out in 1997, the country's GDP increased by an average of 7% per year during the 1994-2004 period. The growth (34) was 8,4 % in 2005.

The share of GDP by economic sectors has been changing (35) _____. As a proportion of the economy, agriculture has (36) ______to 21.8% in 2004 from 40.8% in 1990. Industry (including construction) (37) _____up 40.1% of the economy, up from 22.8% in 1990 while the share of services increased slightly from 36.4% (38) ______ the same period. New services are (39) _____and expanding rapidly, such as insurance, auditing, consultancy, business development services (40) _____technology transfer.

31	A. has	B. have	C. become	D. get
32.	A. costs	B. levels	C. standard	D. scales
33.	A. broke	B. took	C. acted	D. came
34.	A. rank	B. amount	C. number	D. rate
35.	A. well	B. positively	C. better	D. brightly
36.	A. climbed	B. moved	C. dropped	D. been
37.	A. took	B. made	C. put	D. look
38.	A. during	B. between	C. at	D. while
39.	A. existing	B. coming	C. emerging	D. showing
40.	A. too	B. as well	C. also	D. and

ĐÊ 25

Choose the word whose underlined part pronounced differently from that of the rest:

1.	A. worked	B. missed	C. realized	D. watched
2.	A. walk <u>s</u>	B. help <u>s</u>	C. cut <u>s</u>	D. begins
Cho	oose the word whic	ch is stressed differently	y from the rest	
3.	A. apology	B. communicative	C. attention	D. appropriate
4.	A. verbal	B. polite	C. common	D. social
Cho	oose the underline	d part among A, B, C o	r D that needs correcting	
5.	Jane <u>asked</u> Brian <u>if</u>	had he ever been to Sou	th-east Asia.	
	A B	C D		
6.	Hung <u>used</u> to <u>livin</u>	g in Ha Noi <u>when</u> she <u>wa</u>	as a child.	
	A B	C E)	

7. Many couples <u>who</u> work must hire <u>someone</u> to take care of their children for <u>they</u>.

В

С

D

А

8.	Fortunate, he met an	old man on the street and as	sked him <u>the way to</u> the p	ost office.
	A B	С	D	
Ch	oose the best option.			
9.	Whenever problems	<u>come up</u> , we discuss frankly	y and find solutions quick	ly.
	A. happen	B. encounter	C. clean	D. arrive
10.	Ten pounds	too much to pay.		
	A. are	B. is	C. were	D. being
11.	In most social situati	ons where some	is allowed, a brief raise	e of the hand and a small
way	ve is fine.			
	A. informal	B. informally	C. inform	D. informality
12.	A number of student	svolunteered	to the job.	
	A. has	B. having	C. have	D. to have
13.	"Don't forget to post	my letter, will you, Sue?" D	DianaSue	to post her letter
	A. remembered	B. reminded	C. ordered	D. advised
14.	I knew I	_well in my exams even bef	ore Ithe off	icial results.
	A. have done/rece	ivedB. had done/received	C. did/had received	D. was doing/received
15.	She said she	·		
	A. was very tired	the night before	B. had been very tired	last night
	C. had been very	ired the night before	D. was very tired last r	night
16.	Tom: "I passed my	exam"Jerry: "	··	
	A. Good luck	B. Thanks	C. Congratulations!	D. Oh. I don't think so
17.	"How beautiful is the	e dress you have just bought	"!" Peter said to Mary.	
	A. Peter promised	to buy Mary a beautiful dre	ess.	
	B. Peter said than	ks to Mary for her beautiful	dress.	
	C. Peter asked Ma	ry how she had bought her	beautiful dress.	
	D. Peter complime	ented Mary on her beautiful	dress.	
18.	She started working	three months ago.		
	A. She had been w	vorking for three months.	B. It is three months si	nce she started her work.
	C. It's three month	ns that she worked for.	D. She is working here	e for three months now.
19.	Tom: "What a beauti	ful shirt you have!" - Jerry:	""	
	A. No, thank you		B. No, it's not beautifu	l at all.
	C. I'm happy you	like it	D. You're very happy t	oday
20.	I don't have my own	room. I have to share my be	edroommy e	elder brother.

	A. upon	B. for	C. on	D. with
21.	Would someone	the responsibilit	y for bringing Paul home?	
	A. give	B. put	C. take	D. make
22.	By the end of next year	r, Mr. Park	for this company for 35 ye	ears.
	A. will work	B. will have worked	C. has worked	D. will be working
23.	All flights were cancelle	ed because of fog.		
	A. All flights were be	ecause of fog cancelled.		
	B. All flights because	e of fog were cancelled.		
	C. All flights were ca	incelled by them because	of fog	
	D. They cancelled all	flights because of fog.		
24.	Sunday is the day	I go to Water park	with my kids.	
	A. when	B. where	C. which	D. why
25.	Most doctors and nurses	s have to work on a	once or twice a week.	
	A. solution	B. special dishes	C. household chores	D. night shift
26.	Jim, why don't you take	some time off? You	too hard lately. Tak	e a short vacation.
	A. were working	B. have been working	C. are working	D. worked
27.	He works hard	help his family.		
	A. in order that	B. in order to	C. so as to	D. B&C
28.	The teacher told Joe	·		
	A. stop talking	B. stopped talking	C. to stop talking	D. stops talking
29.	A new hospital	next year.		
	A. will be built	B. will build	C. is built	D. has been built
30.	When I7	Fom tomorrow, I	him of that.	
	A. will see / will rem	ind	B. see/ will remind	
	C. will see / remind		D. see/ remind	
31.	I haven't seen my aunt f	or years.		
	A. The last time I me	t my aunt since years ago.	B. I haven't met my aunt	for long ago.
	C. I didn't see my au	nt years ago.	D. I last saw my aunt yea	ars ago.
32.	A large number of Indi	an men agreed that it was	unwise to confide	their wives.
	A. of	B. in	C. on	D. with
33.	Tom: "How do you do?	" - Jerry: ""		
	A. No, thanks	B. How do you do?	C. I'm well	D. Yes, OK
34.	ink in n	ny pen is red.		



A. Ø
B. a
C. an
D. the

35. 'No, it's not true, I didn't steal the money!'. Jane ______ stealing the money.

A. refused
B. suggested
C. denied
D. promised not

Read the following passage and choose the best word of phrase to complete each blank : VOLUNTEERS ABROAD

More and more young people are (36)______ voluntary work abroad. The wide variety of jobs and destinations available is making it an increasingly attractive option for those who have just left school and have a year free before university. Many choose to spend these twelve months (37)______ in poor countries. There they will earn little (38)______ no money. But they will be doing something useful - and enjoying the experience.

The work may (39)______ of helping the local communities, for example by helping to build new road or provide water supplies to isolated rural villages. Other projects may concentrate more on (40)______ or environmental protection. Whatever kind of job it is, it is certain to be challenging and worthwhile and an experience that will never be forgotten.

36.	A. doing	B. getting	C. making	D. taking	
37.	A. worked	B. work	C. to work	D. working	
38.	A. or	B. with	C. and	D. but	
39.	A. involve	B. contain	C. consist	D. include	
40.	A. conserving	B. to conserve	C. conservation	D. conserve	
ÐÈ	21				
Cho	ose the word which is	stressed differently from	n the rest.		
1.	A. attendance	B. eruption	C. company	D. promotion	
2.	A. disappoint	B. tolerate	C. satisfy	D. occupy	
Cho	ose the word whose u	nderlined part is pronou	nced differently from tha	t of the rest.	
3.	A. gr <u>ea</u> t	B. m <u>ea</u> t	C. s <u>ea</u> t	D. h <u>ea</u> t	
4.	A. s <u>ch</u> olarship	B. <u>ch</u> ips	C. <u>ch</u> ief	D. <u>ch</u> ill	
Cho	ose the word, phrase	or sentence a, b, c or d tl	hat best completes each ui	nfinished sentence.	
5. 8	he has become very	for her novels.			
	A. useful	B. late	C. available	D. famous	
6. \	6. Water is colourless and				
	A. careless	B. useless	C. hopeless	D. ordourless	
7. I	Do you know the reason	n the English di	rive on the left?		
	A. which	B. why	C. when	D. where	

8. Preserving	_ resources is very impor			
A. internal	B. underground	C. central	D. natural	
9. The air has become n	more and more <u>polluted</u> b	because of exhaust fumes fro	om vehicles.	
A. preserved	B. wasted	C. contaminated	D. conserved	
10. Thank you. It was ve	ery kind you to	help me.		
A. with	B. for	C. to	D. of	
11. English is spoken as	the language i	in Australia.		
A. second	B. international	C. first	D. foreign	
12. We need more sugar	There is suga	ar in the pot.		
A. little	B. many	C. any	D. Much	
13. I remember	you about this before.			
A. to tell	B. told	C. telling	D. tell	
14. Mary always takes g	ood care her c	hildren.		
A. to	B. with	C. of	D. for	
15. Farmers can protect their land by different crops on the same land.				
A. grew	B. growing	C. grow	D. grown	
16. Some species of rare	e animals are in	_ of extinction.		
A. dangerous	B. danger	C. endanger	D. dangerously	
17. Some large cities have	ve had measures to minin	nize air pollution.		
A. recover	B. replace	C. reduce	D. restore	
Choose the underlined	part that needs correct	ion.		
18. <u>A few</u> (A) of English	n <u>learners</u> (B) have real <u>cl</u>	hances (C) using (D) it ever	y day.	
19. Many (A) factories <u>r</u>	ecycle (B) old newspape	rs by <u>de-inking</u> (C) and pulp	oing <u>it</u> .(D)	
20. I regret (A) informin	g (B) you that we <u>cannot</u>	(C) accept your application	<u>ı</u> . (D)	
21. My friend's (A) son	is (B) very <u>quick about</u> (C) learning <u>foreign languag</u>	<u>es</u> . (D)	
Choose the sentence w	hose meaning is closed t	to the root one.		
22. There is no point in persuading him to take part in the game.				
A. It is impossible to persuade him to take part in the game.				
B. He is able to tak	ke part in the game althou	igh he doesn't want to.		
C. I enjoy persuading him to take part in the game				
D. It would be use	ful to persuade him to tak	ke part in the game.		
23. you/serious/learn/be/	/architect?.			
A Are you serious about learning to be an architect?				

A. Are you serious about learning to be an architect?

B. Are you serious to learn to be an architect?

C. Are you serious for learning to be an architect?

D. Are you serious with learning to be an architect?

24. My daughter/spend/ two hours/study/mathematics/ every day.

A. My daughter spends two hours to study mathematics every day.

B. My daughter spends two hours studying mathematics every day.

C. My daughter spent two hours studying mathematics every day.

D. My daughter spent two hours to study mathematics every day.

25. The bus was so full that we couldn't get on.

A. The bus was too full so that we couldn't get on.

B. The bus was too full that we can't get on.

C. The bus was too full for us to get on. D. The bus was such full that we couldn't get on.

Fill in each numbered blank with one word or phrase.

English is spoken in every corner of the (26)_____. About more than one thousand million people speak English in the world. It is the first language of 400 million people, and the second or (27)_____ language of about 600 million people. Four fifths of the world's computers, which are the most useful (28)_____ in almost every aspect of life in the modern world, use programs (29)_____ in English. Three quarters of all international (30)_____ is in English. It is the language used in (31)_____, aviation, sports, sciences and (32)_____ field you can (33)_____ But, does English have the most speakers? No, it doesn't surprisingly. (34)_____ as many people speak Chinese as their first language, but English is spoken internationally. This (35)_____ why more people are learning English all over the world.

26.	A. circle	B. globe	C. sphere	D. round
27.	A. foreign	B. third	C. overseas	D. alien
28.	A. tools	B. gadgets	C. devices	D. machines
29.	A. spoken	B. written	C. talked	D. translated
30.	A. posting	B. letters	C. letter	D. correspondence
31.	A. sightseeing	B. tourism	C. traveling	D. excursions
32.	A. whenever	B. wherever	C. however	D. whatever
33.	A. talk	B. take notice	C. pay attention	D. mention
34.	A. Second	B. Twice	C. Two	D. Doubled
35.	A. explains	B. accounts	C. points	D. expresses

Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer.

Students at the age of 18 always have to face a difficult decision to make. Some want to go on with their study at college or university, others prefer to start work immediately. Many school leavers are eager to go to work in order to make money to live independently and help their parents. They always do their best to overcome any obstacles they may encounter. Unfortunately, owing to the guidance which is poor and biased from their parents and teachers, most boys and girls are ill-prepared for employment. Therefore, they often feel worried and build up all sorts of fearsome prospects in their mind as the time to start work gets nearer. It is the **duty** of the school and family to prepare these young people for their future jobs.

36. The main idea of the passage is _____.

		1 0			
	A. Learning at university		B. Making an import	B. Making an important decision at 16	
	C. Starting to work	after leaving school	D. Getting to know a	D. Getting to know about new jobs	
37.	Why do some young	g people want to find a job	after they leave school?		
	A. They are badly	in need of money	B. They want to get r	id of schooling	
	C. Their parents do	o not help them	D. They want to lead	an independent life	
38.	What attitude do sor	ne young people have whe	en they are faced with dif	ficulty?	
	A. They just let thi	ngs go	B. They make good e	fforts	
	C. They become di	scouraged	D. They complain ab	out their parents and teachers	
39.	The word " duty " in	line 7 is nearest in meanin	g to		
	A. responsibility	B. work	C. job	D. activity	
40.	40. Which of these following is NOT mentioned concerning young people starting work?				
	A. Anxiety	B. Encouragement	C. Fear	D. Poor preparation	
ÐÈ	2 22				
Ch	oose the word whose	e underlined part is pron	ounced differently from	n that of the rest.	
1.	A. confided	B. obliged	C. determined	D. agre <u>ed</u>	
2.	A. unwi <u>s</u> e	B. develops	C. values	D. equals	
3.	A. excited	B. <u>ex</u> cuse	C. <u>ex</u> change	D. <u>ex</u> ample	
Ch	oose the word which	n is stressed differently fr	om the rest.		
4.	A. apology	B. communicative	C. attention	D. appropriate	
5.	A. verbal	B. polite	C. common	D. social	
Ch	oose the word, phra	se or sentence a, b, c or d	that best completes ea	ch unfinished sentence.	
6.	I feel like	a letter to the authorities a	about the need for public	transportation.	
	A. to write	B. writing	C. to writing	D. written	
7.	Ann hopes		She could make importa	nt business contacts there.	

A. to invite	B. inviting	C. to be invited	D. being invited
8. No sooner	_ the news she	fainted.	
A. she had heard	than B. had she heard/wh	nen C. did she hear/when	D. had she heard/than
9. I feel very tired. I _	in the garden for	the last two hours.	
A. have been wor	rking B. worked	C. have worked	D. had been working
10. Could you wait for	a few minutes until the m	anager back?	
A. will get	B. gets	C. is getting	D. had got
11. We should participation	te in the movements	to conserve the natural	environment.
A. organized	B. which organize	C. are organized	D. organizing
12. It isn't very	to leave the lights on v	when you are not in the room	
A. economy	B. economic	C. economical	D. economized
13. The goods were new	ver delivered th	e promise we had received.	
A. although	B. because	C. because of	D. in spite of
14. September 2^{nd} is the	e day when Vietnamese co	elebrate their from	France.
A. dependence	B. dependent	C. independence	D. independent
15. The princess	her secret to her husb	and, who dies of a broken he	art.
A. confides	B. trusts	C. depends	D. believes
16. Today a lot of impo	rtant inventions are carrie	ed by scientists.	
A. in	B. with	C. for	D. out
17. The little girl divide	ed the cake three	ee parts.	
A. to	B. into	C. from	D. with
18. If only my mother _	here with me at	the moment.	
A. are being	B. would be	C. had been	D. were
19. Tan apologized	the teacher	rude to him the day befor	e.
A. to/for being	B. to/for to be	C. for/for being	D. x/for being
20. Two people are repo	orted in the acc	eident.	
A. to injure serio	usly	B. to seriously be injur	ed
C. to have been set	riously injured	D. being injured	
21. So many	people applied for the po	sition that we won't be able t	o make a decision for
weeks.			
A. well-qualified	B. well-behaved	C. well-known	D. well-mannered
22. you work	t harder, you won't be adı	mitted to that university.	
A. If	B. When	C. Unless	D. Because

- **23.** We have lived in this district for eight years.
 - A. We moved to this district eight years ago.
 - B. We have moved to this district for eight years.
 - C. We have lived in this district eight years ago.
 - D. It's eight years ago since we lived to this district.
- 24. Tom ______ Helen the next day.
 - A. warned to help B. promised to help C. accused me to help D. reminded helping
- **25.** "I left my umbrella here last night", said Jane
 - A. Jane said me that she had left her umbrella there the previous night.
 - B. I told Jane I had left my umbrella there the night before.
 - C. Jane told me she had left her umbrella there the night before.
 - D. Jane asked me to leave the umbrella there the previous day.

Choose the phrase or sentence a, b, c, or d that best completes the conversation

- 26. "_____, children nowadays watch too much TV. " " Absolutely!"
 - A. In my conclusionB. In my opinionC. As you seeD. As a matter of fact
- 27. "Shall we have a drink when you finish your class ?" "_____"
 A. No, we can't. B. All right. C. You're welcome. D. You needn't do that.
- 28. "_____" " Oh, thank you. I just got it yesterday."
 - A. When have you got this beautiful dress?
 - B. You've just bought this beautiful dress, haven't you?
 - C. How a beautiful dress you're wearing!
 - D. That's a beautiful dress you have on!

29. "_____" - "Oh, it's great!"

- A. How is the English competition like? B. Would you like the English competition?
- C. What do you like about the English competition?
- D. What do you think of the English competition?
- **30.** "Oh, I'm really sorry !" "_____"
 - A. It was a pleasure D. That's all right C. Thanks. D. Yes, why?

Choose the underlined part that needs correction.

31. This morning, they <u>asked</u> (A) me <u>what</u> (B) <u>was happening</u> (C) the previous night, but I was <u>unable to tell</u>(D) them.

- **32.** <u>Though</u> (A) <u>her severe</u> (B) pain, she tried <u>to walk</u> (C) to the auditorium <u>to attend</u> (D) the lecture.
- **33.** Joyce thanked us to invite (A) them to dinner (B) and said that they wanted (C) to have us over

for dinner (D) the next week.

34. I decided (A) to stay (B) at home last night. I would have gone (C) out if I weren't (D) so tired.

35. A new bridge is <u>being built</u> (A) <u>across</u> (B) the river and it <u>says</u> (C) that it will <u>be called</u> (D) New Gate.

Fill in each numbered blank with one word or phrase.

The industrial Revolution in Britain was built on the use of machines in factories. Since the 1950's Britain (36)______industries have replaced the machine operators with computers and this automation had led to a decline in the number of (37)_____The manufactured goods are bought and used more than ever before but a lot of these goods are imported. By the beginning of the 20th century, other (38)_____ countries, like the USA, were competing with Britain's exports and countries in the Far East have been able to provide cheaper (39)_____ since the 1970s. Areas where heavy manufacturing industries are located suffered high (40)_____.

36.	A. manufacture	B. manufacturing	C. manufacturer	D. manufactured
37.	A. employees	B. employers	C. employment	D. unemployment
38.	A. cultural	B. commercial	C. industrial	D. agricultural
39.	A. works	B. serving	C. production	D. products
40.	A. jobless	B. working	C. occupation	D. unemployment

Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer.

Today, in many parts of the world, it is customary for people to shake hands upon meeting as gesture of good will. Originally, however, the practice of shaking hands had a more practical purpose.

Shaking hands originated in medieval times. In those days, when a man *came on* a stranger, he would often automatically reach for his sword with his right hand, in case he had to use the weapon to defend himself. Sometimes, both parties found themselves circling around each other, weapons in hand, until it was mutually agreed that the weapons could be laid aside. Then, the two parties extended their right hands to show they had no weapons, and clasped them. This was the beginning of the handshake.*[clasp: xiết chặt]*

The custom of shaking hands is not a universal one. In the Orient, people have, for centuries, clasped their own hands in front of them upon meeting to show that they held no weapons. In France, a custom developed in which people who met would kiss each other on both cheeks. The natives of some South-sea islands greet by rubbing noses..

41. At first the purpose of shaking hands was ______.

A. to show a good relationship with each other B. to show that there were no weapons in hands.

C. to show that both parties were ready for a fight.

D. a gesture of good will **42.** To show that one has no intention to fight, _____ A. shaking hands has been practiced all over the world B. the oriental people kiss each other's hand. C. people laid aside their weapons. D. there have been various ways depending on different cultures **43.** According to the passage, the practice of shaking hands ______. A. was used to extend greetings B. used to be popular, but now it is out of date. C. is replaced by other customs in some countries. D. is considered not to be very polite. 44. The word "came on" in the second paragraph can best be replaced by _____ B. visited A. waited for C. attacked D. happened to meet **45.** Which of the following is NOT true about the handshake ? A. It happened for the first time very long times ago B. It is a gesture of good will. C. It is very popular all over the world. D. It is one of the social customs. Choose the sentense whose meaning is closed to the root one. **46.** Turn off all the switches before leaving the room. A. All the switches must be turned off before leaving the room. B. All the switches must be turned off before you leave the room. C. You must leave the room before turning off all the switches. D. You must leave the room as soon as you turn off all the switches. **47.** He didn't do his homework. He gets bad marks now.--If he had done his homework, _____. A. he wouldn't have gotten bad marks. B. he would get bad marks now. C. he would have gotten good marks. D. he wouldn't get bad marks now. **48.** Jane refused to attend his birthday party, which made him feel sad. A. Jane made him sad despite her refusal to attend his birthday party. B. Jane refused to attend his birthday party because it made him sad. C. Jane's refusal to attend his birthday party made him feel sad. D. Jane, whom made him feel sad, refused to attend his birthday party. **49.** John wishes he had remembered to send Mary a Christmas card. A. John regrets to send Mary a Christmas card.

B. John regrets forgetting not to send Mary a Christmas card.

C. John regrets not remembering sending Mary a Christmas card.

D. John regrets forgetting to send Mary a Christmas card.

- **50.** "If I were you, I would take a break.", Tom said to Daisy.
 - A. Tom told Daisy he would have taken a break if he had been her.
 - B. Tom advised Daisy he would take a break if he were her.
 - C. Tom advised Daisy to take a break.
 - D. Tom advised Daisy to take a break if he were her.

ĐÈ 23

I. Choose the word with different pronunciation of the underlined part:

1.	A. applica <u>tion</u>	B education	C. addition	D. ques <u>tion</u>
2.	A. allow <u>ed</u>	B. passed	C. argu <u>ed</u>	D. rais <u>ed</u>
3.	A. <u>ch</u> oice	B. a <u>ch</u> ieve	C. ea <u>ch</u>	D. <u>ch</u> emistry
II. (Choose the word whic	ch is stressed differently fr	om the rest.	
4.	A. advertise	B. qualify	C. recommend	D. interview
5.	A. verbal	B. polite	C. common	D. social
III.	Choose the best optic	n		
6. If	we had known your n	ew address, we	to see you.	
	A. came	B. would come	C. would have come	D. will come
7. T	he children	to the zoo.		
	A. were enjoyed take	nB. enjoyed being taken	C. were enjoyed taking	D. enjoyed taking
8. T	he person	_ prepared this report has a	real talent for writing.	
	A. which	B. who	C. whose	D. she
9. Y	ou should mo	ore attention to what your te	acher explains.	
	A. make	B. get	C. set	D. pay
10.	Body language is a pot	tent form of comm	unication.	
	A. verbal	B. non-verbal	C. tongue	D. oral
11.	A: I'm not sure about	t this soup. It tastes like so	omething's missingB: _	It tastes
fine	to me.			
	A. You're right.	B. Oh, I don't know,	C. I couldn't agree mor	e. D. I don't think so.
12.	While girls lack of	, boys often overe	estimate their abilities.	
	A. confidence	B. confident	C. confidently	D. confidences

13. _____, he walked to the station.

A. Despite being tired B. Although to be tired C. In spite being tired D. Despite tired 14. My father phoned me to say that he would come _____ home late. C. the A.a B. an D.Ø 15. A ______ is a spacecraft that is designed to travel into space and back to earth several times. B. corporation C. telecommunication A. plane D. shuttle 16. An economic _____is a time when there is very little economic activity, which causes a lot of unemployment and poverty. A. improvement B. depression C. development D. mission 17. In the future many large <u>corporations</u> will be wiped out and millions of jobs will be lost. A. companies B. services C. supermarkets D. farms 18. Gold______ in California in the 19th century. A. was discovered B. has been discovered C. was discover D. they discovered 19. Ms Young, to _____ many of her students are writing, is living happily and peacefully in Canada. A. who **B**. whom C. that D. whose 20. A: You're a great dancer. I wish I could do half as well as you.-B: I'm an awful dancer!

A. You're too kind. B. That's a nice compliment! C. You've got to be kidding! D. Oh, thank you very much.

IV. Identify one underlined word or phrase that needs correcting

- 21. Anyone (A)where (B) works is regarded (C)as a useful member of our society. (D)
- 22. He never (A)tells me the reason (B)which (C)he left that job. (D)
- 23. You have to (A)study hard(B) to keep pace in (C)your classmates(D)
- 24. If she had eaten (A)fewer (B)sweets, she (C)would lose weight. (D)
- 25. <u>Suppose(A)</u> you <u>haven't found</u> (B)your car keys, <u>what would(C)</u> you <u>have done?</u> (D)

VI. Choose the best sentence that can be arranged from the words given

- 26. most British universities/ academic year/ divide/ three terms//
 - A. At most British universities the academic year is divided into three terms.
 - B. The academic year of most British universities divides into three terms.
 - C. In most British universities the academic year is divided up to three terms.
 - D. Most British universities divide the academic year up to three terms.

VII. Choose the sentence which has the closest meaning to the original one

27. I came to live here three months ago.

A. It was three months since I lived here. B. I've been living here for three months

C. I lived here for three months. D. I didn't live here for three months.

28. I didn't go to bed early, so I didn't wake up at 7.00

A. If I went to bed early, I would wake up at 7.00 B. If I had gone to bed early, I'd not have woken up at 7.00

C. If I went to bed early, I would have woken up at 7.00

early, I'd have woken up at 7.00

29. My brother regretted having bought the second-hand laptop.

- A. My brother wished he had bought the second-hand laptop.
- B. My brother wished he didn't buy the second-hand laptop.
- C. My brother wished he hadn't bought the second-hand laptop.
- D. If only my brother had bought the second-hand laptop.
- 30. Peter said if he were me he would stop smoking.

A. I wanted Peter to stop smoking and he promised to do.

B. Peter said he would stop smoking as I wanted him to.

C. Peter promised to stop smoking. D. Peter advised me to stop smoking.

VIII. Read the passage and choose the part (A, B, C or D) that best fits each numbered blank.

What do you do well? What do you enjoy doing? Your answers to these two questions will help you identify your (31) _____. An employer will consider you seriously for a (32____ when you can show them that you know who you are, what you can offer and which you have studied. Sometimes it is difficult to know what your weaknesses are. Clearly not everyone is equally good (33) _____ everything. You may need to improve yourself and so (34) _____ courses in that field could turn a weakness into strength.

You will need to (35) _____some time on your self-assessment. Your honesty and the desire for self-improvement will lead to success in getting the right job. Explore the following seven areas to start to get to know yourself: your aptitude, your skills, your personality, the level of responsibility you feel comfortable with, your interests and your needs.

31. A. strong	B. strength	C. strengthen	D. strengthened
32. A. position	B. location	C. spot	D. room
33. A. upon	B. in	C. at	D. for
34. A. meeting	B. taking	C. choosing	D. interviewing
35. A. use	B. make	C. lose	D. spend

IX. Reading comprehension: Read the passage and choose the best answer

D. If I had gone to bed

Vietnam is a densely-populated, developing country that in the last 30 years has had to recover from the ravages of war. Substantial progress was achieved from 1986 to 1997 in moving forward from an extremely low level of development and significantly reducing poverty.

Since 2001, Vietnamese authorities have reaffirmed their commitment to economic liberalization and international integration. They have moved to implement the structural reforms needed to modernize the economy and to produce more competitive, export-driven industries..

Vietnam's membership in the ASEAN Free Trade Area (AFTA) and entry into force of the US-Vietnam Bilateral Trade Agreement in December 2001 have led to even more rapid changes in Vietnam's trade and economic regime. Vietnam's exports to the US doubled in 2002 and again in 2003.

Vietnam joined the WTO (World Trade Organization) in January 2007, following over a decade long negotiation process. *This* should provide ail important boost to the economy and should help to ensure the continuation of liberalizing reforms.

Vietnam is working to create jobs to meet the challenge of a labor force that is growing by more than one million people every year. Vietnamese authorities have tightened monetary and fiscal policies to *stem* high inflation. Hanoi is targeting an economic growth rate of 7.5-8% during the next five years.

36. Vietnam's economy is _____.

	A. decreasing	B. facing crisis	C. developing	D. backward	
37.	According to the text,	Vietnam			
	A. used to be well-de	eveloped before 1986	B. Vietnam is still in ex	treme poverty	
	C. could recover from	the consequences of the war s	oon	D. has been	
mo	dernizing the economy	7			
38.	Vietnam				
	A. does not export any	ything to the US			
	B. exported to the US in 2003 twice as much goods as in 2002				
C. did not export goods to the US in 2002 D. did not export goods to the US in 2003					
39.	39. The word <i>This</i> refers to				
	A. Vietnam's joining t	he WTO	B. the WTO		
C. the negotiating process			D. the Vietnamese economy		
40. The word <i>stem</i> has a close meaning to					
	A. succeed	B. stop	C. originate	D. Increase	
ÐÊ	24				
Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from that of the others.					
1.	A. apply	B. moment	C. nation	D. comfort	

2.	A. reasonable	B. volcanic	C. unpleasant	D. throughout		
3.	A. begin	B. ashamed	C. position	D. enemy		
4.	A. majority	B. ceremony	C. maintain	D. engage		
Cho	oose the word whose u	nderlined part in bold	in pronounced different	ly from the rest.		
5.	A. sh <u>ow</u> n	B. kn <u>ow</u> n	C. sn <u>ow</u>	D. t <u>ow</u> n		
6.	A. book <u>s</u>	B. map <u>s</u>	C. cat <u>s</u>	D. dogs		
7.	A. stopp <u>ed</u>	B. worked	C. watched	D. need <u>ed</u>		
8.	A. accidents	B. airplanes	C. newspapers	D. call <u>s</u>		
Cho	oose the best answer to	o complete each of the	following sentences.			
9.	My sister, ha	as just got a job in a com	puter company, is very keer	on playing computer games.		
	A. who	B. that	C. whom	D. all are correct		
10.	"I'll speak calmly, I re	ally will!" he said.				
	A. He begged me to	speak calmly.	B. He told me to speak	calmly		
	C. He promised to sp	peak calmly	D. He agreed to speak	D. He agreed to speak calmly		
11.	In addition to a compet	titive salary, the compar	ny offers attractive	benefit.		
	A. employee	B. employment	C. employer	D. employing		
12.	Tomorrow I	an old friend who has j	ust come back from Africa	a.		
	A. will be meeting	B. will meet	C. meet	D. am meeting		
13.	He was offered the job	despite his poor				
	A. preparations	B. achievements	C. expressions	D. qualifications		
14.	On our trip to Spain, w	e crossed At	lantic Ocean.			
	A. a	B. an	C. the	D. ø		
15.	Ha Noi,, i	s the capital of Vietnam	l.			
	A. which is my hom	etown	B. where I was born			
	C. in which I was be	orn	D. All is correct			
16. I didn't meet him yesterday so I couldn't tell him about that.						
A. I met him yesterday so that I could tell him about that.						
B. If I hadn't met him yesterday, I couldn't have told him about that.						
C. If I had met him yesterday, I could have told him about that.						
D. I could tell him about that because I met him yesterday.						
17. "Let me help you carry that suitcase," John said to the old lady.						
A. John told the old lady to carry that suitcase.						
	B. John offered to carry that suitcase for the old lady.					

C. John told me to carry that suitcase for the old lady. D. John suggested carrying that suitcase for the old lady. 18. "The last time I wrote to him was in 1996". A. I haven't written to him was in 1996. B. I haven't written to him was since 1996. C. I haven't written to him in 1996. D. I haven't written to him since 1996. **19.** My car still runs surprisingly well ______ it is over ten years old. C. though A. but B. in spite of D. Despite **20.** Everyone was surprised ______ his early arrival. B. to C. in A. at D. on **21.** By the time you received her letter, she ______ in Paris. B. would have arrived C. had arrived A. has arrived D. arrived **22.** Last night there was ______bird singing outside my house. B.ø C. an A. a D. the 23. Being aware ______ the importance of economic reforms, the Vietnamese Communist Party initiated an overall economic reform policy. A. in C. for B. at D. of 24. The introduction of appropriate farming practices to Vietnam farmers can help them achieve a higher output. B. productivity C. achievement D. renovation A. guideline Indicate an error in each of the following sentences. 25. I have warned you on the difficulties you have to face when applying for the job. Α R С D 26. My ideal world would be a peaceful one which there are no wars or conflicts. Α B C D 27. Nowadays if people look after them, they can live to be at the age of 90. Α В С D 28. The old man <u>managed</u> to get to sleep <u>because</u> there <u>was</u> a lot of noise. В C D А 29. When they came home, they didn't buy nothing from the supermarket. Α B С D **30.** Without <u>Huong River</u>, Hue City <u>wouldn't</u> be <u>so</u> romantic as <u>it is</u>. В С Α D Choose the correct words to fill in the following passage.

It is difficult to write rules that tell exactly when we should apologize, (1)______ it is not difficult to learn how. If we have done something to hurt someone's feelings, or if we have been (2)______ or rude, we should apologize. An apology indicates that we realize we have (3)______ a mistake, and we are sorry (4)______ it. It is a way of expressing our regret for something. When we (5)_____, we admit our wrongdoing, usually offer a reason for it and (6)______ regret

31.	A. and	B. for	C. but	D. so
32.	A. friendly	B. kind	C. polite	D. impolite
33.	A. produced	B. made	C. done	D. created
34.	A. for	B. about	C. at	D. in
35.	A. accept	B. admitted	C. laughed	D. apologize
36.	A. apologize	B. express	C. give	D. report

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions, from question 30 to question 33

Students working for their first degree at a university are called undergraduates. When they take their degree we say they graduate, and then they are called graduates. If they continue studying at university after they have graduated, they are called post- graduates.

Full time university students spend all their free time studying. They have no other employment. Their course usually lasts for three or four years. Medical students have to follow a course lasting for six or seven years. Then they graduate as doctors. In Britain, full–time university students have three terms of about ten weeks in each year. During these terms they go to lectures or they study **by themselves**. Many students become members of academic societies ands sports clubs and take part in their activities. Between the university terms they have vacations (or holiday periods). Their vacations are long, but of course they can use them to study at home.

37. Students who continue studying at university after having graduated are called ______.
A. undergraduates B. postgraduates C. graduates D. pre – graduates
38. Between the university terms, students have their ______.
A. tests B. vacations C. practice time D. employment
39. The phrase "by themselves" means ______.
A. on their own B. lonely C. alone D. A&C
40. Which of the following is NOT correct ?

A. Full time university students don't have other employment.

B. Medical students spend six or seven years studying at university.

C. A university course usually lasts for three or four years.

D. Students in Britain have no holiday periods.

ÐÈ 25

Choose the word whose main stress syllable is different from that of the rest.

1.	A. university	B. calendar	C. problem	D. hospital
2.	A. attitude	B. profession	C. disaster	D. competitor
<u> </u>	A. attraction	B. argument	C. decision	D. employment
		-	inced differently from th	
4.	A. conflict	B. str <u>i</u> ke	C. think	D. single
5.	-	B. photograph <u>s</u>	_	D. details
		B, C or D to complete th		
	The teacher told his stud	_		
	A. stop	B. to stop	C. stopping	D. stopped
7. \	Ĩ	ot only through words bu		II
	A. behaviour	B. spoken language	-	D. body language
8. I		in oil prices for the big ir	-	
	A. asked	B. said	C. wondered	D. blame
9. I		signify their agreement		
	A. nodding	B. turning		D. raising
10. I	e	-	" -Ann : "	-
			C. Yes, I'd love to	
11. 7	The wedding day was	chosen by the par	ents of the groom.	
	A. careless	B. carefully	C. careful	D. carelessly
12. I	had a road accident wh	en Ia phone cal	l in the car.	
	A. was making	B. have made	C. made	D. am making
13	he gets here soc	on, we will have to start t	he meeting without him.	
	A. Because	B. In case	C. If	D. Unless
14. I don't suppose you like pineapples,?				
	A. did you	B. don't you	C. do you	D. will you
15. Ais an official document that you receive when you have completed a course of study or training.				
			C contificate	D. grade
	A. subject	B. level	C. certificate	D. grade
	5	B. level		D. grade
	5			C .
16. I	f I had studied harder at A. have been	school, Isucces B. would be	ssful in my life.	D. will have been



A. barriers	B. diversity	C. levels	D. contacts	
18. This roomsinc	,			
A. has been painted		C. was pained	D. has painted	
19. Up to now, we		-	Ĩ	
A. will have learnt		C. have learnt	D. would learn	
20. All bottlesbefo	ore transportation.			
A. have frozen	_	C. were frozen	D. will freeze	
21. The academic year in V	ietnam is overt	he endMay.		
A. in/in	B. at/in	C. at/of	D. in/by	
22. They took her to the hos	spital,is only a	mile away.	·	
A. that	B. in that	C. which	D. where	
23. It rained heavily,	I couldn't come to see	e you yesterday.		
A. so	B. and	C. if	D. but	
24. In the past the trip	very rough and often	dangerous, but things	a great deal in the	
last hundred and fifty years.				
A. is/changed	B. would be/had change	ed C. has been/ changed	D. was/have changed	
25. You are old enough. I think it's high time you for a job				
A. apply	B. applied	C. will apply	D. are applying	
26. Jim: "This dictionary is for you. I hope you will find it useful." Mai : ""				
A. Thanks. I'll do it B. Thanks. It's very kind of you				
C. Yes, please		D. No problem!		
27. In Britain women usually retirethe age of 60.				
A. at	B. on	C. by	D. in	
28. Sometimes she does not agreeher husband about child rearing but they soon find the solutions.				
A. with	B. by	C. on	D. at	
29. I regretyou that your application form has been denied.				
A. informing	B. to inform	C. inform	D. to have informed	
30. John isonly ch	ild in his family, so his p	parents love him a lot.		
A. no article	B. the	C. a	D. an	
Read the passage carefully and choose the best option A, B, C or D to answer.				

Read the passage carefully and choose the best option A, B, C or D to answer.

The American education system requires that students complete 12 years of primary and secondary education prior to attending university or college. This may be accomplished either at public or *government-operated* schools, or at private schools. These 12 years of schooling or their equivalent may

also be completed outside the USA, thus giving foreign students the opportunity to pursue the benefits of the American education system and obtain a quality American education. Perhaps one of the most impressive facts is that a large number of presidents, prime ministers and leaders from other countries have experienced the American education system and graduated from a university or school in the USA. In many fields and industries, the American education system offers the most cutting-edge, sought-after programs at the world's best schools. That is why graduating from an accredited American school and being exposed to the rigors of the American education system is an investment in your future.

Whether you want to study at a top USA university, a top USA college, a vocational or high school, a thorough understanding of how the American education system works is essential. Without a clear grasp of the American education system, an international student will find it difficult to make the right academic choices. It is no surprise that the American education system and the American school system host more international students than any other country in the world!

31. The expression *government-operated* could best be replaced by _____.

A. state	B. independent	C. boarding	D. vocational
32. According to the tex	t, students in the USA		

A. are not necessarily take primary and secondary education in the country

B. are made to take primary and secondary education in the country

C. spend less than 12 years for primary and secondary education

D. needn't take primary and secondary education

33. What is the writer's advice?

A. International students should have a thorough understanding of how the American education system works before going there to study.

B. International students should not study at a top USA university, a top USA college, a vocational or high school.

C. International students should not invest their future education in the US.

D. Without a clear grasp of the American education system, an international student can make the right academic choices.

34. The writer ______the US education.

A. appreciates B. overstates C. underestimates D. dislikes

35. Which sentence is true?

A. There are not many foreign students in the US.

B. Many leaders all over the world have studied in the US.

C. Foreign students are not offered opportunities in the US.

D. The US education is not good enough for foreign students.

Choose the sentence that has the same meaning as the original one.

36. I regret not paying much attention to the lecture.

A. I wish I had paid less attention to the lecture.

B. I wish I had been more attentive to the lecture.

C. I wish I had not paid more attention to the lecture.

D. I wish I had paid more attentive to the lecture.

37. I'll let you borrow the book but you must promise to return it next week.

A. If you promise to return the book, I let you borrow it.

B. If you promise to return the book next week, I'll let you borrow it.

C. If you promise to return the book next week, I won't let you borrow it.

D. If you promised to return the book, I'll let you borrow it.

38. I didn't know you were coming, so I didn't wait for you.

A. Had I know you were coming, I would have waited for you.

B. I would have waited for you if I knew you were coming.

C. If I had known you were coming, I would wait for you.

D. If I had known you were coming, I would have waited for you.

39. "Do you watch television every evening, Jane?", said Peter.

A. Peter asked Jane if she'd watched TV every evening.

B. Peter asks Jane if does she watch TV every evening.

C. Peter asked Jane if she watched TV every evening.

D. Peter asked Jane did she watch TV every evening.

40. My parents made me study hard when I was young.

A. My parents made me study hard when they were young.

B. My parents wanted me to study hard when I was young.

C. I was made me to study hard by my parents when I was young.

D. My parents always forced me to study hard.

Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correcting.

D

D

41. It is <u>difficult telling</u> you <u>all of</u> these <u>discoveries</u>.

A B C

42. I spend many money to buy musical instruments

A B C

43. My uncle <u>lived</u> in Hanoi <u>since</u> 1990 to 1998, but he <u>is now living in Hue</u>.



С

D

44. Mai often arrives at the office at nine o'clock, but because the storm, she was late this morning.

C

A B

Δ

D

45. If you drank <u>less</u>, you <u>will</u> feel <u>much</u> <u>better</u>.

A B C D

B

Read the passage and choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete the passage.

Many people think that we can learn a lot about the culture of a foreign country simply by living in that culture. (46)_____, this is not necessarily true. Often the longer we stay in a foreign country, the more we realize how little we actually know (47)_____the culture of that country. Books and talks about other's people culture can even be dangerous because they concentrate on cultural (48)_____and exaggerate national characteristics; sometimes there is a lot of information (49)_____ content is untrue.

In a survey recently carried out in Britain, people were asked (50)_____a list of anything which they thought was typical of Britain and would interest foreign visitors there. Most of them mentioned Shakespeare, the queen, village inns, English folk dancing,football hooligans, umbrellas, English castles, cricket, and fish and chips.

46.	A. So	B. Although	C. Unless	D. However
47.	A. about	B. with	C. of	D. for
48.	A. conflicts	B. differences	C. benefits	D. advantages
49.	A. whose	B. which	C. where	D. that
50.	A. to make	B. to do	C. to create	D. to write