

ĐỀ KHẢO SÁT CHẤT LƯỢNG ĐẦU NĂM LỚP 12

A.	PHONETICS			
I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from			om the others:	
	1. A. pr <u>i</u> ze	B. princess	C. f <u>i</u> tness	D. k <u>i</u> tten
	2. A. landscape	B. sand	C. adv <u>a</u> ntage	D. <u>a</u> dvertise
	3. A. spectators	B. contributes	C. observer <u>s</u>	D. color <u>s</u>
	4. A. endanger <u>ed</u>	B. notified	C. nak <u>ed</u>	D. pleased
	5. A. pea <u>ch</u>	B. enri <u>ch</u>	C. <u>ch</u> ocolate	D. architect
	6. A. common	B. coin	C. cotton	D. comma
	7. A. wonder	B. tomb	C. money	D. monkey
	8. A. colleges	B. languages	C. oranges	D. participates
	9. A. <u>th</u> ough	B. through	C. heal <u>th</u> y	D. <u>th</u> inking
	10.A. s <u>ea</u> t	B. treatment	C. meaningful	D. tr <u>ea</u> sure
II.	Choose the word which has stress pattern different from the others:			
	1. A. memorize	B. recycle	C. official	D. secondary
	2. A. decorate	B. dangerous	C. photographic	D. champion
	3. A. economically	B. appearance	C. pollution	D. creation
	4. A. supply	B. behave	C. nutritious	D. vitamin
	5. A. efficient	B. harmful	C. meaningful	D. astronaut
	6. A. improvement	B. examine	C. explode	D. contest
	7. A. communication	B. urbanization	C. congratulation	D. self-confident
	8. A. association	B. seriousness	C. minimize	D. placement
	9. A. compulsory	B. comprise	C. convenience	D. primary
	10. A. machine	B. mature	C. Brazil	D. alien
В.	GRAMMAR			
III	. Choose the best answ	er A, B, C or D to complet	e each of the followi	ng sentences:
1.	The 14 th Asian Games v	vere held Busan,	Korea 2002	



A. in/ in	B. at/ in	C. on/ in	D. at/ for
2. If you had told me	e about the problem, I	you.	
A. would have helpe	d B. would help	C. will help	D. helped
3. At first, I found it	difficult on the	other side of the roa	d.
A. to get used to driv	C. be	eing used to drive	
B. to get used to driv	ring D. ir	getting used to driv	ing
4. It took me a very	long time to recover from	the shock of her dea	th.
A. turn off	B. take on	C. get over	D. keep up with
5. She tried to protect	et herselfthe stre	ong wind.	
A. for	B. in	C. from	D. off
6. "I'll lend you this	book, Jane."		
A.I promised to lend	Jane that book.		
B. I said Jane I woul	d lend her that book.		
C. I reminded Jane to	o lend me that book.		
D. I regretted that Ja	ne hadn't lend me that bo	ok.	
7. Computer models	help to determine whether	r a particular area is	likely to flood.
A. take off	B. find out	C. put on	D. pass away
8. The chemical	from cars and fact	ories make the air, v	water and soil dangerously
dirty.			
A. pollutants	B. pollution	C. pollute	D. polluted
9 animals	for fur, skin and food sho	ıld be banned.	
A. Dangerous	B. Endangering	C. Endangered	D. Danger
10. They decided to	postpone their journey till	the end of the mont	h because of the epidemic
A. take up	B. do with	C. turn round	D. put off
11. Hockey players v	wear lots of protective clo	thing so that they do	n't get hurt,?
A. don't they	B. do they C. di	dn't they D. d	id they
12. You can use m	y phone if yours	·	
A. won't be worked	d B. isn't worked	C. doesn't work	D. won't work



13. Water is one of the m	ost important reso	ources for	our life.	
A. we depend on which	E	B. on which we depend		
C. on that we depend		D. which we depend		
14. Thousands are going	starving because	of the failure of this	year's harvest.	
A. hungry	B. full	C. rich	D. poor	
15. She's disappointed be	ecause her son's lo	ow test scores prever	ted to the university.	
A. to admit him		C. him to admit		
B. him from being admitt	ed E	D. him from admitting		
16. She <u>harboured her ho</u>	pe of being a teac	her.		
A. had her hope of being	a teacher C	C. built her hope of be	eing a teacher	
B. kept her hope of being	a teacher in her r	mind D. loved to be	a teacher	
17. The teacher suggested	d that all of us	do something	for the school fair.	
A. might	B. will	C. had better	D. should	
18. I didn't know his add	ress I wo	ould have written to h	im.	
A. Because	B. Therefore	C. Consequent	ly D. Otherwise	
19. "If I were you, I would	d work hard to pa	ay for the debt." - sai	d Tony.	
A. Tony told that he wou	ld pay for the deb	t for his friend.		
B. Tony said to his friend	if he were him, h	ne would work hard t	o pay for the debt.	
C. Tony told to his friend	he would pay for	r the debt.		
D. Tony said to his frien	nd if he had been	him, he would hav	e worked hard to pay for the	
debt.				
20. We are contented wit	<u>h</u> what we do.			
A. satisfied with	B. happy with	C. proud of	D. tired of	
IV. Complete the senten	ces with the suita	ble words:		
1. Seriously, I'm really _	in	joining the English	club. (interest)	
2. We've decided to inter	We've decided to interview only ten for the job. (apply)			
3. Boys and girls may be	have	in this situation.	(differ)	



4. You have to be aware of the	e damage humans are doing	to quicken the	of wildlife
(extinct)			
5. He was finally	in his final attempt.	(succeed)	
6. The was a success; the patient will fully recover in a month's time.			
	(operate)		
7. That teacher is a(n)	_ one. His pupils like his ser	ise of humor.	(amuse)
8. There are many interesting _	events included in	this book.	(history)
9. The will judge	you on your quality and perfo	ormance.	(examine)
10. We should be responsible f	for the humans	are doing to th	e environment.
(destroy)			

C. COMPREHENSION READING

The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), a special program of the United Nations, is devoted to aiding national efforts to improve the health, nutrition, education, and general welfare of children. UNICEF was created in 1946 to provide relief to children in countries devastated by World War II. After 1950, the fund directed its efforts toward general programs for the improvement of children's welfare, particularly in less-developed countries and in various emergency situations. The organization's broader mission was reflected in the name it adopted in 1953, the United Nations Children's Fund. UNICEF was awarded the Nobel Prize for Peace in 1965. It is headquartered in New York City. UNICEF has concentrated much of its effort in areas in which relatively small expenditures can have a significant impact on the lives of the most disadvantaged children such as the prevention and treatment of diseases. In keeping with this strategy, UNICEF supports immunization programs for childhood diseases and programs to prevent the spread of HIV/AIDS; it also provides funding for health services, educational facilities, and other welfare services. Since 1996, UNICEF programs have been guided by the Convention on the Rights of the Child (1989), which affirms the right of all children to "the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of health and to facilities for the treatment of illness and rehabilitation of health". UNICEF's activities are financed by both government and private contributions.



1. What was the objectiv	ve of UNICEF when it was cre	cated in 1946?		
A. To win the Nobel Pri	ze for Peace.			
B. To improve the health	B. To improve the health, nutrition, education of nations.			
C. To devote to the gene	C. To devote to the general welfare of children all over the world.			
D. To help children in co	ountries devastated by World	War II.		
2. When did UNICEF w	in the Nobel Prize for Peace?			
A. In 1953	B. In 1946	C. In 1950	D. In 1965	
3. The word "It" in line	7 refers to:			
A. New York	B. the Nobel Peace Prize	C. UNICEF	D. the United Nations	
4. Which of the following	g is NOT true according to the	e passage?		
A. The headquarters of	UNICEF is in New York City.			
B. UNICEF stands for the	ne United Nations Children's	Fund.		
C. UNICEF provides funding for health services and educational facilities.				
D. UNICEF has guided the Convention on the Rights of the Child.				
5. UNICEF receives money from:				
A. the United Nations organizations.				
B. international corporations.				
C. national and international businesses.				
D. governments and ind	ividuals.			
Nowadays, environmen	talists are so worried (6)	environm	ental problems that can	
directly affect people's	lives. Among the problems m	entioned every	day on mass media, air	
(7) and water	pollution are considered the	most serious	ones. There are many	
factors that cause the p	ollution of the air: chemicals	s from burned	fuels, (8) from	
automobiles, and acid i	rain from chemical transporta	ntion. Smoke c	an cause serious health	
problems while acid rais	n is (9) for the destru	action of many	forest ecosystems. Raw	
sewage, garbage and o	il contribute to the pollution	of water. Wh	en water is polluted, it	
(10) a lot of w	aterhorne diseases and threat	ens marine wil	ldlife About 1.5 billion	



people around the worlds lack safe drinking water, and energy year 5 million people die from diseases.

6. A. about

B. on

C. with

D. for

7. A. polluted

B. pollute

C. pollution

D. polluting

8. A. smoking

B. smoke

C. to smoke

D. to smoking

9. A. responsibility

B. response

C. responsible

D. responsibly

10. A. causes

B. cause

C. makes

D. make

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A. PHONETICS

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others:

1 - A; 2 - C; 3 - B: 4 - C; 5 - D;

6 - B; 7 - B; 8 - D; 9 - A; 10 - D;

II. Choose the word which has stress pattern different from the others:

1 - B; 2 - C; 3 - A; 4 - D; 5 - A;

6 - D; 7 - D; 8 - A; 9 - D; 10 - D;

B. GRAMMAR

III. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete each of the following sentences:

1 - A; 2 - A; 3 - B; 4 - C; 5 - C;

6 - A; 7 - B; 8 - A; 9 - C; 10 - D;

11 - A; 12 - C: 13 - B; 14 - A; 15 - B;

16 - B; 17 - D; 18 - D; 19 - B; 20 - A;

IV. Complete the sentences with the suitable words:

1 - INTERESTED; 2 - APPLICANTS; 3 - DIFFERENTLY; 4 - EXTINCTION;

5 - SUCCESSFUL; 6 - OPERATION; 7 - AMUSING; 8 - HISTORICAL;

9 - EXAMINER(S); 10 - DESTRUCTION;

C. COMPREHENSION READING

1 - D; 2 - D; 3 - C; 4 - D; 5 - D;

6 - A; 7 - C; 8 - B; 9 - C; 10 - A