

Đề tiếng Anh lớp 9 học kì 1 có đáp án - Đề số 3

A. PRONUNCIATION.

A. before

Choose	one	word	whose	underlined	part is	pronounced	differently	from
the othe	rs.							

the others.							
1.A. blankets	B. prepositions	C. weekends	D. partner <u>s</u>				
2.A. gather	B. entrance	C. family	D. Saturday				
3.A. well-qualified	B. invited	C. moderniz <u>ed</u>	D. learned				
4.A. al <u>ou</u> d	B. found	C. council	D. c <u>ou</u> rse				
B.LANGUAGE F	ocus.						
Question I. Write	e the correct fo	rm of the verb in	each bracket.				
1.Look! A girl (ride) a water buffalo.							
2.Loan (not finish) her homework yet.							
3. They used (write) to each other every month when they were at school.							
4.We wish we (know) his decision now.							
5they (practice) their music lesson last night?							
Question II. Circle the best option A, B, C or D to complete each sentence.							
1 lunch, everyone leaves the room.							



B. after	
C. since	
D. for	
2. Would you like to go to the cinema with me	_ Sunday evening?
A. in	
B. at	
C. to	
D. on	
3.He's lazy, his parents are very worried.	
A. so	
B. because	
C. for	
D. as	
4.She asked me if I a driving licence.	
A. have	
B. having	
C. had	



questions bellow.

D. to have
5.People did everything without the help of modern equipment,?
A. did they
B. didn't they
C. did it
D. did they
Question III. Give the correct form of the words given in brackets.
1. They are having a(WONDER) time in Da Lat.
2.Mr and Mrs.John were very impressed by the (FRIEND) of Vietnamese people.
3.My brothers are(COLLECT). They have collected a lot of foreign stamps.
4.Getting to the village is a very(INTEREST) journey.
Question IV.Find and correct the mistake in each sentence.
1. <u>I wish (A)</u> I can (B) travel to (C) the countryside next week (D).
2. <u>In (A)</u> Saturday afternoon, Minh <u>invited (B)</u> <u>his (C)</u> friends <u>to (D)</u> have dinner.
3. The letter (A) should been (B) delivered (C) in the afternoon (D).
C.READING.
Complete the passage with the words in the box, then answer the



Broken; invented; shortage; is; papermaking; exported;

Paper was	(1) by the Chinese in the first century A.D. The art of
papermaking too	k 700 years to reach the Muslim world and another 700 years to get to
Britain.	
Most paper	(2) made from wood. When the trees are cut down, they are
carried by land or	water to paper mills. Here they are cut up and the wood is
(3) up into fibers	mixed with water and chemicals. This wood pulp is then dried up on a
machine and mac	le into paper.
Papermaking is a	n important British industry, and paper from Britain is(4)
to South Africa,	Australia and many other countries. Some of the wood used in British
(5) i	ndustry comes from trees grown in Britain, but wood is also imported
from other country	ries such as Norway. One tree is needed for every 400 copies of a forty-
page newspaper.	If half the adults in Britain each day buy one daily paper, this uses up
over 40,000 trees	a day. Trees are cut down faster than they can be replaced, so there may
be a paper	(6) before the year 2020.
Answer the qu	estions:
1.Who was paper	invented by?
->	
2.What is paper r	made from?
->	
3. Where is paper	from Britain exported to?



->
4. What is the passage about?
->
D.WRITING.
Question I. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar
meaning to the first one.
1.Lan cannot visit her pen pal in Malaysia.
->Lan wishes
she
2."Don't stay up so late", my father said.
-> My father told me
3.We repainted the house last week.
-> The house
4. Karen plays the piano very well, doesn't she?
-> Does Karen
?
5. You must do this exercise carefully.



-> This exercis	se	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••
Question II.	Complete the s	entences, usin	g the words giv	ven.
1. My cousin /	is / used to / wear	/ casual clothes.		
->				
2.The compute	er / not / work, / he	e / took / it back /	the shop.	
->				
3. He asked / i	f / I / be / free / tha	at night.		
->				
4. In Vietnam,	water puppets / m	nake / of wood.		
->				
ĐÁP ÁN				
A. PRONUN	NCIATION.			
1.A	2.B	3.B		4.D
B.LANGUA	GE FOCUS.			
Question I.	Write the corr	ect form of the	e verb in each	bracket.
1.is riding	2.has not finished	3.to write	4.knew/ could know	5.Did - practice



4.It/ The passage is about paper/ papermaking.

Question	II.Circle	the best	option	A , B ,	C or l	D to	complete	each
sentence.								

1.B	2.D	3.A	4.0	\mathbb{C}	5.B			
Question III. Write the correct form of the words given in brackets.								
1.wonderful	2.frie	endliness	3.collectors	4.ii	nteresting			
Question IV. Find and correct the mistake in each sentence.								
1. B -> could								
2. A -> On								
3. B -> be								
C.READING	. .							
Complete th	e passage	with the wo	rds in the b	0X.				
1. invented	2.is	3.broken	4.exported	5.papermaki	ng 6.shortage			
Answer the questions:								
1.It/ Paper was invented by the Chinese.								
2.It/ Paper is made from wood.								
3.It/ Paper from Britain is exported to South Africa, Australia and many other countries.								



D.WRITING.

Question I.Complete the second sentence so that it has the similar meaning to the first one.

- 1.Lan wishes she could visit her pen pal in Malaysia.
- 2.My father told me not to stay up so late.
- 3. The house was repainted last week.
- 4.Does Karen play the piano very well?
- 5. This exercise must be done carefully.

Question II. Complete the sentences, using the words given.

- 1.My cousin is used to wearing casual clothes.
- 2. The computer did not work, so he took it back to the shop.
- 3.He asked me if I was free that night.
- 4.In Vietnam, water puppets are made of wood.