

UNIT 8. FILMS

Các tính từ thường gặp

- Interested (in) - interesting(in) : thích, thú vị

- tired (of) - tiring (of) : mệt mỏi

- frightened (of) - frightening (of) : so/ đáng so

- surprised (at) - surprising (at) : ngạc nhiên

- amused (at) - amusing (at) : làm cho ai vui, vui

- excited (about/at) - exciting (about/at) : thích thú

- amazed (at) - amazing (at) : kinh ngạc

- exhausted (at) - exhausting (at) : kiệt sức, mệt mỏi

- pleased (with) - pleasing (with) : hài lòng

- bored (with) - boring (with) : chán nản/ buồn chán

Question I. Find the word which has different sound in the part underlined.

C. worked 1. A. want**ed** B. washed D. stopped D. played 2. A. cycled B. stayed C. decided 3. A. **wh**o B. **wh**en C. where D. **wh**at 4. A. watched B. danced C. walked D. bored 5. A. neede $\overline{\mathbf{d}}$ B. decided C. played D. wanted 6. A. provided B. started C. work**ed** D. decided 7. A. closed B. played C. stopped D. stayed 8. A. **wh**ole B. why C. what D. **wh**en D. loved 9. A. call**ed** B. waited C. played C. laughed 10. A. look**ed** B. liv**ed** D. watched 11. A. start**ed** C. work**ed** D. waited B. decided C. watched D. lik**ed** 12. A. play**ed** B. stopped 13. A. **wh**om B. when C. where D. what C. walked 14. A. watched B. missed D. played 15. A. collected B. decided C. played D. wanted D. stopped B. watched C. worked 16. A. nak**ed** 17. A. liv**ed** C. stayed D. dogged B. played 18. A. look**ed** B. worked D. lik**ed** C. nak**ed** C. played D. beloved 19. A. want**ed** B. waited

C. wanted

D. watched

Question II. Choose the correct adjectives.

20. A. miss**ed**

1. Are you (interesting/interested) in football?

B. stopp<u>ed</u>



2. The football match was quite (exciting/ excited). I enjoyed it.



- 3. It's sometimes (embarrassing/embarrassed) when you have to ask people for money
- 4. Do you usually get (embarrassing/embarrassed)?
- 5. I had never expected to get the job. I was really (amazing/ amazed) when I was offer it.
- 6. She has really very fast. She has made (astonishing/ astonished) progress
- 7. I didn't find the situation funny. I was not (amusing/ amused)
- 8. It was a really (**terrifying/ terrified**) experience. Afterwards everybody was very (**shocking/ shocked**)
- 9. Why do you always look so (**boring/ bored**)? Is your life really so (boring/ bored)?
- 10.He's one of the most (**boring/ bored**) people I've ever met. He never stops talking and he never say anything (**interesting/ interested**).
- 11. At first I thought Jake was an <u>interesting/interested</u> guy, but tonight I felt somewhat <u>boring/bored</u> with his company.
- 12. She has really learnt very fast. She has made astonishing/ astonished progress.
- 13. It was very **disappointing/ disappointed** not to get the job.
- 14. Philip was exceptionally **annoying/ annoyed** at Joanne's behaviour.
- 15. I thought the program on wildlife was **fascinating/ fascinated**. I was absolutely **fascinated**.
- 16. We were **thrilling/thrilled** to hear your good news.
- 17. It was really terrified experience. Afterwards, everybody was very shocking/shocked.
- 18. The journey took all day and night. They found it very **tiring/ tired.**
- 19. Did Tim feel **frightening/ frightened** when he saw the snake at his feet?
- 20. Why do you always look so **boring/ bored.** Is your life really

Question III. Complete the sentences with present participle or past participle form of the verb in brackets.

1. The film wasn't as good as we had expected. (disappoint)	
a. The film was _	
b. We were	with the film.

2. Diana teaches young children. It's a very hard job but she enjoys it.(exhaust)



a. She enjoys her job but it is often ______.



b. At the end of a day's work, she is often
3. It's been raining all day. I hate this weather. (depress)
a. This weather is
b. This weather makes me
c. It's silly to get because of the weather.
4. Clare is going to the United States next month. She has never been there before. (excit
a. It will be an experience for her.
b. Going to new places is always
c. She is really about going to the United States .
Question IV. Choose the correct answer.
1. I always feel before examinations. (nervous/ nervously)
2. He speaks English (fluent/ fluently)
3. It is an book. (interesting/ interestingly)
4. He drove and he had an accident (careless/ carelessly)
5. We didn't go out because it was raining (heavy/heavily)
6. The football match was very I enjoyed it. (exciting/ excitingly)
7. She tried on the dress and it fitted her (good/ well)
8. He never has accidents because he always drives (careful/ carefully)
9. He behaved towards his children. (strict/ strictly)
10. It's too dark to see (clear/ clearly)
Question V : Complete the sentences with although/in spite of/because/because of
1 Although it rained a lot, we enjoyed our holiday.
2 a, all our careful plans, a lot of things went wrong.
b, we'd phoned everything carefully, a lot of things went wrong.
3 a, I went home early I was feeling unwell.
b, I went to work the next day I was still feeling unwell.
4 a, She only accepted the job the salary, which was very high.
b, She accepted the job the salary, which was rather low.
5 a, I managed to get to sleep there was a lot of noise.



b, I couldn't get to sleep the noise.



Question VI: Make one sentence from two. Use the word(s) in brackets in your sentences.

1 I couldn't sleep. I was very tired.
Despite I couldn't sleep despite being vey tired.
2. They have very little money. They are happy.
In spite of
3. My foot was injured. I managed to walk to the nearest village.
Although
4. I enjoyed the film. The story was silly.
In spite of
5. We live in the same street. We hardly ever see each other.
Despite
6. I got very wet in the rain. I was only out for five minutes.
Even though
Question VII. Rewrite sentences with In spite of / Despite /because / because of
1. Although Tom was a poor student, he studied very well.
In spite of
2. Mary could not go to school because she was sick.
Because of
3. Although the weather was bad, she went to school on time.
Despite
4. Because there was a big storm, I stayed at home.
→Because of
5. In spite of his good salary, Tom gave up his job.
Although
6. He is so young. His acting is excellent.
→Although
In spite of
8. Although our plan is careful, we made some mistakes. Despite



THE END