

UNIT 9. NATURAL DISASTERS

Bài tập tự luyện

Exercise 1. Choose the word which has different stress pattern.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1. A. ecology | B. environment | C. autography | D. residential |
| 2. A. temporary | B. geology | C. emergency | D. biology |
| 3. A. astrology | B. unnatural | C. medication | D. demography |
| 4. A. voluntary | B. apology | C. television | D. nationalize |
| 5. A. tropical | B. natural | C. terrible | D. destructive |

Exercise 2. Give the correct form of the verbs.

- All the people (go) down into the cellar for protection by the time the tornado (sweep) through the town yesterday.
- I (not see) a more horrible flood than this since I (live) in this area.
- When the volcano (erupt), people living nearby already (move) to safe places.
- Last week the landslide (occur) after it (rain) heavily for three days in several villages in the mountainous district of Xin Man, Ha Giang Province.
- By the time the storm hit the fishing village, all of the boats (return) to the port.

Exercise 3. Rewrite the sentences, using passive voice.

- The brave firefighter rescued him out of the fire.
.....
- The earthquake has destroyed a big number of buildings in the city.
.....
- Why didn't they send an ambulance to us?
.....
- People donated a lot of clothes, food and drinks to support the victims of the flood.
.....
- Someone took him to the hospital for an immediate surgery.
.....

Exercise 4. Give the correct forms of the given words.

1. Tsunami is a Japanese term for an unusually large ocean wave caused by undersea earthquake, landslide, or volcanic _____ (**erupt**)
2. Thunderstorms can be _____, while tornadoes, and lightning can be life threatening. (**destroy**)
3. _____ of the deadly Nepal earthquake have told the horror of the moment when it struck, leaving more than 3,000 dead. (**survive**)
4. The tents will be used for medical camps and temporary _____ after the earthquake in Nepal. (**accommodate**)
5. A website in Pakistan is helping coordinate the _____ of aid in the flood disaster. (**provide**)
6. After the flood, many people were made _____ (**home**)

Exercise 5. Choose the best answer to complete the sentences.

1. The Pacific Ring of Fire is an area of frequent _____ and volcanic _____, encircling the basin of the Pacific Ocean.
A. floods - eruptions
B. earthquake - flood
C. flood - eruption
D. earthquakes - eruptions
2. Monsoon rains across Thailand _____ millions of people in 61 of its provinces.
A. has affected
B. have affected
C. have effect
D. have influenced
3. During the next 24 hours, the storm will be moving north, around 10 km per hour and is expected to _____ the southeastern part of China's Guangdong Province.
A. strike
B. scatter
C. bury
D. struck
4. Dozens of buildings _____ when an earthquake measuring 7.2 on the Richter scale hit the city.
A. destroyed
B. collapsed
C. buried
D. damaged
5. 'No one was killed in the forest fire two days ago.' – ' _____ '.
A. Oh dear!
B. That's shocking!
C. That's a relief!
D. How terrible!
6. The roof of the building _____ in a storm a few days ago.
A. damaged
B. was damaged
C. has damaged
D. has been damaged
7. All the villages _____ to safe areas before midnight last night.
A. evacuated
B. were evacuated
C. had evacuated
D. had been evacuated
8. As soon as the floodwaters _____ down, people _____ their houses.
A. went-cleaned
B. had gone-cleaned
C. went-had cleaned
D. had gone- had cleaned

9. Some tents _____ so that children and old people could sleep in.
A. was set up B. were set up C. set up D. setted up
10. An earthquake is the _____ a sudden release of energy in the Earth's crust.
A. cause by B. consequence C. result from D. result of

Exercise 6. Read the passage then choose the correct answers.

Hurricanes, cyclones and typhoons are all the same weather phenomenon; we just use different names for these storms in different places. In the Atlantic and Northeast Pacific, the term 'hurricane' is used. The same type of disturbance in the Northwest Pacific is called a 'typhoon' and 'cyclones' occur in the South Pacific and Indian Ocean. The ingredients for these storms include a pre-existing weather disturbance, warm tropical oceans, moisture, and relatively light winds. If the right conditions persist long enough, they can combine to produce the violent winds, incredible waves, torrential rains, and floods we associate with this phenomenon. In the Atlantic, hurricane season officially runs June 1 to November 30. However, while 97 percent of tropical activity occurs during this time period, there is nothing magical in these dates, and hurricanes have occurred outside of these six months.

1. Which name is used for very big storms in Northwest Pacific?
.....
2. Where is the name 'cyclones' used?
.....
3. What are the features of the severe storms which occur within a long time?
.....
4. When do hurricanes often occur?
.....
5. Is it possible that hurricanes can occur even when it is not hurricane season?
.....